

# ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT 2023-24



**ST & SC Development, Minorities  
& Backward Classes Welfare Department  
Government of Odisha**

# ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT 2023-24



**ST & SC DEVELOPMENT,  
MINORITIES & BACKWARD CLASSES WELFARE  
DEPARTMENT**



## CONTENTS

Chapter No.	Subject	Page No.
1.	Highlights of Activities for year 2023-24	1-3
2.	Introduction	4-7
3.	Flow of Funds	8
4.	Welfare Programmes of Scheduled Tribes (STs)	9-12
5.	Welfare Programmes of Scheduled Castes (SCs)	13
6.	Welfare Programmes for Other Backward Classes (OBCs) and Socially & Educationally Backward Classes (SEBCs)	14-18
7.	Welfare Programmes for Socio-economic Development of Minorities	19-23
8.	Programmes for promotion of Education	24-36
9.	Odisha Model Tribal Education Society (OMTES)	37-41
10.	Odisha Tribal Empowerment and Livelihood Programme Plus (OTELP Plus)	42-54
11.	Odisha PVTG Empowerment and Livelihoods Improvement Programme (OPELIP)	55-66
12.	Odisha Tribal Development Co-operative Corporation Ltd (TDCC)	67-68
13.	Odisha Tribal Development Society (OTDS)	69-91
14.	Academy of Tribal Languages & Culture (ATLC)	92-93
15.	Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI)	94-124
16.	Special Development Council (SDC)	125-129
17.	Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeevika Mission (MMJJM)	130-138
18.	STs & Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006	139-141
19.	Odisha Scheduled Caste & Scheduled Tribe Development Finance Co-operative Corporation (OSFDC)	142-147
20.	Protective legislation	148-153
21.	Odisha State Commission For Backward Classes (OSCBC)	154-160

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## Chapter-I

### Highlights of activities for the Year 2023-24

#### Mission Jeevika Plus:

The ST & SC Development Department has upscaled the "Livelihoods Cluster Development Programme", originally launched in 2019 across all 22 ITDAs, to ensure access to improved and sustainable livelihoods for tribal people in the Tribal Sub Plan Blocks. During the FY 2022-23, the programme successfully covered 24,804 beneficiaries, bringing the total number of beneficiaries to 2,44,106 including 1 time, 2 times and 3 times support.

Mission Jeevika, a Livelihood Cluster Programme, has been recognized as a best practice by NITI Aayog and was documented in their Best Practices Compendium (January 2021). A Rapid Assessment conducted during FY 2022-23 highlighted its success and alignment with national and state-level initiatives, emphasizing its community-oriented approach.

Building on this achievement, the state government has launched Mission Jeevika Plus - Mukhya Mantri Janjati Jeevika Mission (MMJJM), aimed at further enhancing livelihoods and fostering sustainable development among tribal communities under the state plan.

#### Zero Budget Natural Farming:

The ST & SC Development Department has formulated a natural farming programme under OMBADC funding during the FY 2022-23. Department in collaboration with Mission Shakti will take up a mission on expanding



Natural Farming practices to all the Tribal Blocks in the state in a phased manner from the FY 2022-23. In the first phase, the Natural Farming transition program will be initiated in three districts viz., Keonjhar, Mayurbhanj, and Sundargarh in 36 Blocks covering 216 Gram Panchayats. Odisha has already built up tremendous social capital through Mission Shakti / Odisha Livelihoods Mission work across the state. The program is expected to cover 10827 SHGs with 216 Cluster Level Federations of SHGs acting as the implementing agencies.

#### Mission Shakti Collaboration:

With an intent to relieve the teachers and provide the much-needed space to focus on quality education and subsequently improve the learning outcomes of the boarder students,

and also to facilitate economic empowerment of the women SHGs joint guidelines with detailed modalities were issued for SHGs to supply vegetables, groceries & toiletries and poultry items essential for personal & general boarding of the inmates of SSD hostels (both attached to SSD & S & ME Department schools) as well as school uniform for classes IX and X students studying in SSD schools thus creating a win-win situation for all the stakeholders.



### **Medical Expenses towards Health and Wellness of SSD Boarder students:**

Grants of funds of Rs. 200/- per boarder per annum towards Health and Wellness of boarder students studying in the residential schools and hostels of the Department is provided. The amount is being spent towards provision of First Aid kit including cotton, bandage, band aid, scissors, thermometer, distilled water, Dettol, pain balm/spray, ORS sachets, antiseptic solution/cream, gloves etc. Further, Medicines which are not available in health centers free of cost shall be purchased out of this grant. Travel expenses of the sick boarders from hostel to the nearest health center and to referred hospitals.

### **Smart Class Room in SSD Schools :**

With the aim of imparting technology driven education, ST & SC Development Department has taken an initiative to establish smart classrooms in 496 Schools in 29 districts (except Kendrapara) of the State through the technical support of Odisha Computer Application Centre (OCAC). This includes 421 High schools, 47 Higher secondary schools, 19 EMRS, 4 KMRS, 4 Educational Complexes and 1 in the Biju Patnaik Adarsh Vidyalay.

## Enhancement of Scholarship:

Government of Odisha has enhanced the monthly Prematric Scholarship from Rs.950/- to Rs.1050/- for boys and from Rs.1000/- to Rs.1100/- for girls. The monthly rate of PMS of ST & SC boarder students was last enhanced in the year 2023. The scheme is benefitting more than five lakh ST & SC boarders. An expenditure amounting to nearly 640.00 crore is incurred annually towards prematric scholarship.

## SAACAR (Single Window Application for Atrocity Compensation Assistance and Relief) :

To simplify and increase efficiency in delivery mechanism of investigation of SC/ST atrocity cases and payment of compensation thereof, one



SAACAR (Single Window Application for Atrocity Compensation Assistance and Relief) portal for monitoring SC/ST Atrocity Cases have been launched by this Department on 12.10.2022. In SAACAR, a requisition goes to the Tehsildar from the CCTNS (Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems) portal to the e-District portal, and caste particulars submitted back to IO through online mode. System Generated JER issued online on the same day which is as per the predetermined fixed template of the SC ST PoA capturing all the recommendations as per the provision. Intimation of all relevant details such as bank details and recommended compensation amount intimated to the welfare department electronically. Seamless integration of different departments like Police, Tehsil, SC/ST Welfare, Health, FSL and IFMS to capture all workflow related to investigation and payment of compensation to the victims is possible electronically. This is huge solace to the victims of the atrocities.

## Chapter-II

# Introduction



Odisha State occupies a distinct place in our country as it represents a unique blend of unity amidst diversity. There are 62 Scheduled Tribe communities, each one different from the other and 93 Scheduled Caste communities in the State. The State has the privilege of having highest number (13) of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs).

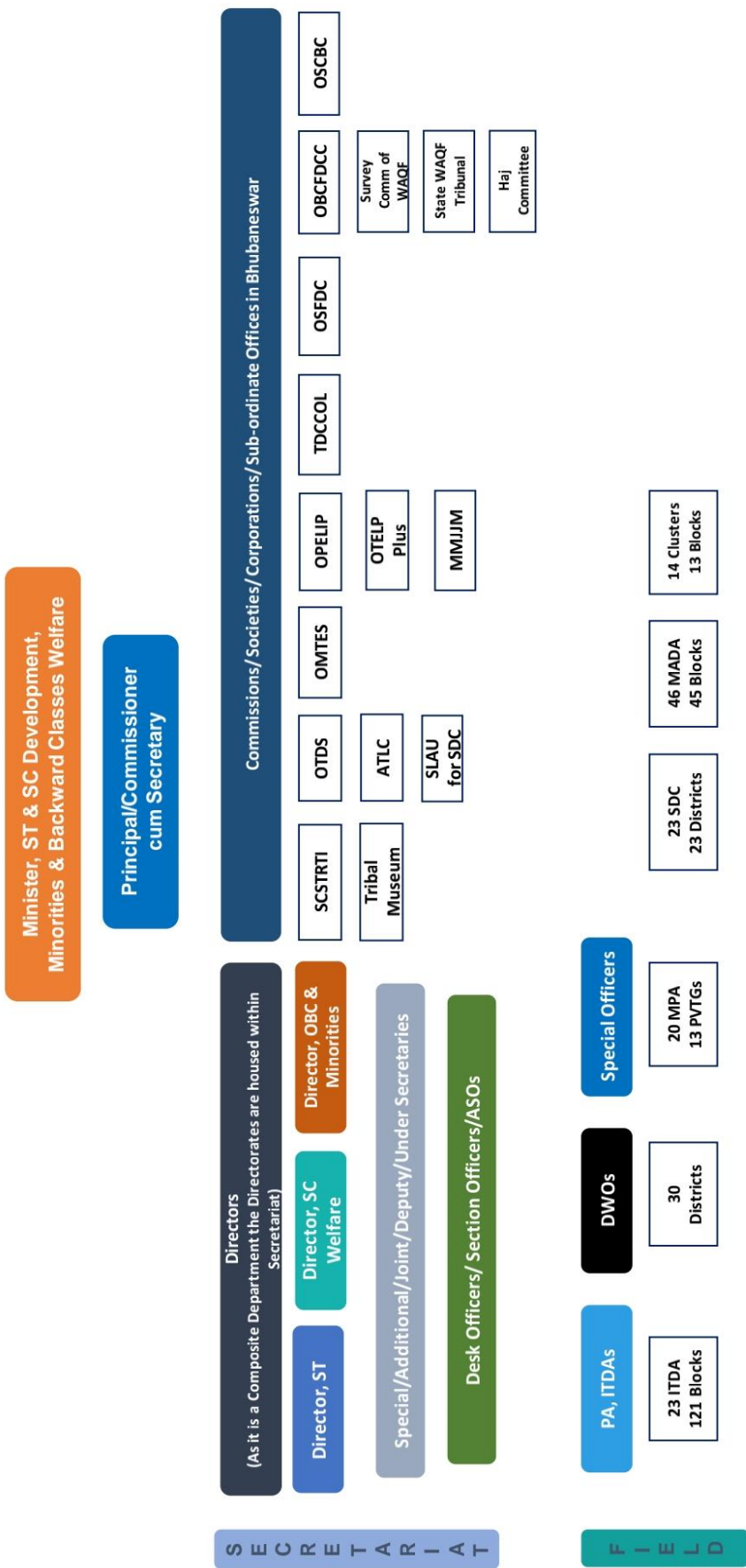
ST& SC Development and Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare Department functions as the nodal Department for the welfare and all-round development of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Minorities and Other Backward Classes.

### **Mission and Vision :**

The mission and vision of the ST & SC Development and Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare Department is all-round development of the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes and Minority communities vis a vis other sections of the society. The policies, programmes and schemes have been designed in consonance with the overall goals and objectives as enshrined in Articles 46 (Part IV), 16, 17, 19, 164, 244, 275, 330, 332, 335, 338, 339, 341, 342 and 366 of the Constitution of India for which a four-pronged strategy has been evolved and implemented: These are: -

- Programmes for economic development;
- Programmes for social empowerment;
- Programmes aimed at elimination of all forms of exploitation & for protective legislation;
- Nodal agency for monitoring flow to TSS (Tribal Sub Scheme) & SCSP (Scheduled Caste Sub Scheme) respectively.

# Administrative Structure



# Administrative Structure- Glossary

- **SCSTRTI** - Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Research and Training Institute
- **OTDS** - Odisha Tribal Development Society
- **ATLC** - Academy for Tribal Language and Culture
- **SLAU for SDC** - State Level Administrative Unit for Special Development Council
- **OMTES** - Odisha Model Tribal Education Society
- **OPELIP** - Odisha PVTG Empowerment and Livelihoods Improvement Programme
- **OTELP Plus** - Odisha Tribal Empowerment & Livelihoods Programme Plus
- **MMJMJM** - Mukhya Mantri Janajati Jeevika Mission
- **TDCCOL** - Tribal Development Co-operative Corporation of Odisha Limited
- **OSFDC** - Odisha Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Development Finance Co-operative Corporation Limited
- **OBCFDCC** - Odisha Backward Classes Finance and Development Co operative Corporation Limited
- **OSCBC** - Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes
- **PA, ITDA** - Project Administrator, Integrated Tribal Development Agency
- **DWO** - District Welfare Officer
- **SO** - Special Officer
- **WEO** - Welfare Extension Officer
- **MPA** - Micro Project Agency
- **MADA** - Modified Area Development Approach

## Institutional Mechanism



The Department has an elaborate arrangement at the field level with a District Welfare Officer in every district, Additional District Welfare Officers (ADWOs) in the District/ Sub-divisions and Welfare Extension Officer (WEO) in every Block. There are 22 Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (I.T.D.As) covering 119

blocks, 2066 GPs and 19,631 villages for implementing tribal development programmes. Outside the TSP area, there are 45 MADA Pockets covering parts of 46 Blocks and 14 Clusters where the programme implementation is done through Blocks. To ensure focused programme implementation for 13 Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs), 20 Micro Projects in 1679 villages have been established in 14 tribal districts of the State. The Tribal Development Co-operative Corporation Ltd (TDCCOL), is an apex organization that looks after marketing of minor forest produce (M.F.P) and surplus agricultural produce (S.A.P.) for the benefit of the tribals. The Odisha Minorities and Backward Classes Finance & Development Cooperative Corporation (OBCFDCC) channelizes loans targeted for the development of backward classes and minorities. The Department runs a number of residential educational institutions and hostels for the benefit of the Scheduled Tribe and Scheduled Caste students. The Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI) provides in-house facility for research and training and documentation related to the development of Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes of the State. For promotion of the State's tribal languages and culture, the Department has established a separate institution, named Academy of Tribal Languages and Culture (ATLC).

## Chapter - III

### FLOW OF FUNDS

The Department of ST & SC Development and Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare receives funds from various sources under State Sector Schemes, Central Sector Schemes, Centrally Sponsored Schemes and funds under Establishment, Operations and Maintenance Expenditure. Government of India also provides funds through Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA), Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment (MoSJE), Ministry of Minority Affairs and Externally Aided Projects. In Budget Estimate 2023-24, the total Programme Expenditure outlay is TRs.3601,77,69 (State Sector Schemes + Central Sector Schemes + Centrally Sponsored Schemes). Establishment, Operations and Maintenance Expenditure is TRs.1050,00,00. The Programme Expenditure and Administrative Expenditure budget is aggregated to TRs.4651,77,69. In the supplementary budget, the revised estimate of programme expenditure provision is TRs.4738,02,90 and the revised Establishment, Operation and maintenance provision is TRs.1268,84,06. The revised estimate of both Programme and Administrative Expenditure budget is aggregated to TRs.6006,86,96. The abstract of budget in different Sectoral Schemes during 2023-24 in respect of ST & SC Dev. Deptt is indicated below:

(Rs in TRs)

Schemes	Budget Estimate for 2023-24	Revised Estimate for 2023-24	Budget Estimate for 2024-25
1	2	3	4
State Sector Schemes	2245,97,45	3243,82,55	3055,77,51
Central Sector Schemes	140,00,00	140,00,00	200,00,00
Centrally Sponsored Schemes	1215,80,24	1354,20,35	1301,55,50
<b>Total Programme Expenditure</b>	<b>3601,77,69</b>	<b>4738,02,90</b>	<b>4557,33,01</b>
Establishment, Operations and Maintenance Expenditure	1049,98,00	1268,82,06	1192,44,90
Charged	2,00	2,00	2,00
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>4651,77,69</b>	<b>6006,86,96</b>	<b>5749,79,91</b>

## Chapter-IV

# WELFARE PROGRAMMES FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES (STs)

1. This Department implements the following welfare schemes for the development of Tribal People in the State.

1. Article- 275(I) of the Constitution of India (Central Sector Scheme)
2. Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Grama Yojana (PMAAGY) (Centrally Sponsored Scheme, 100%)
3. Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeebika Mission (MMJMJ) (State Sector Scheme)

### 2. Scheme objectives

SI No	Name of the scheme	Type of Scheme	Objectives/Key features
1	<u>Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana(PMAAGY)</u>	Centrally Sponsored Scheme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Scheme is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme with 100% Grant from the Government of India.</li> <li>• Developing model village approach where the target villages with at least 50% Scheduled Tribe (ST) population for holistic development.</li> <li>• It is a Gap-filling funds, where each village receives a sum of ₹20.38 lakh as "gap-filling" for approved activities.</li> <li>• It focuses on Village Development Plan (VDP) which is based on needs, potential, and aspirations of the community.</li> <li>• It focuses on Infrastructure Improvement related to Enhancing health, education, connectivity, and livelihood sectors.</li> </ul>
2	Grants-in-aid under Provision to Article 275(1) of Constitution of India	Central Sector Scheme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Article 275(1) provides for 100% annual grants-in-aid from the Government of India to states.</li> <li>• These grants are charged to the Consolidated Fund of India and are additive to state initiatives for tribal development.</li> <li>• The purpose of Article 275(1) grants is to promote the welfare of Scheduled Tribes (STs) in the respective states.</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Funds are allocated to meet the costs of development schemes specifically aimed at tribal communities.</li> </ul>
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### 3. Major actions/activities taken up in the last 5 years

In the past five years, significant initiatives have been undertaken under Article 275(I) and the Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAAGY) to uplift and empower tribal communities across various sectors.

Under Article 275(I), a range of infrastructure projects have been sanctioned and executed, including the construction of Anganwadi Centers and dormitories with toilets, as well as the development of approach roads to Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) and the construction of roads and bridges. These projects aim to improve accessibility, provide essential facilities, and enhance the overall infrastructure in tribal areas.

Under both SCA to TSS and Article 275(1), livelihood cluster programme under the “Mission Jeevika” was initiated which benefits more than 2 lakhs tribal households. Additionally, efforts have been made to enhance livelihood opportunities through initiatives such as the Productivity Enhancement of Forest Rights Act (FRA) land. These endeavors focus on sustainable development and economic empowerment by leveraging the potential of tribal land resources.

Moreover, educational infrastructure has been bolstered through the construction of additional classrooms, facilitating better learning environments for tribal students. These endeavors align with the broader objective of improving educational outcomes and promoting holistic development among tribal communities.

### 4. Funds received and utilized in the last five years (Rs in Crores)

SI No	Year	Article 275(1)		SCA to TSS/PMAAGY	
		Funds received	Utilized	Funds received	Utilized
1	2019-20	151.1	148.96	86.91	86.30
2	2020-21	63.04	61.96	90.12	83.16
3	2021-22	113.82	92.36	27.72	27.72
4	2022-23	101.5	74.63	10.01	3.33
5	2023-24	68.71	0.68	30.44	0.10

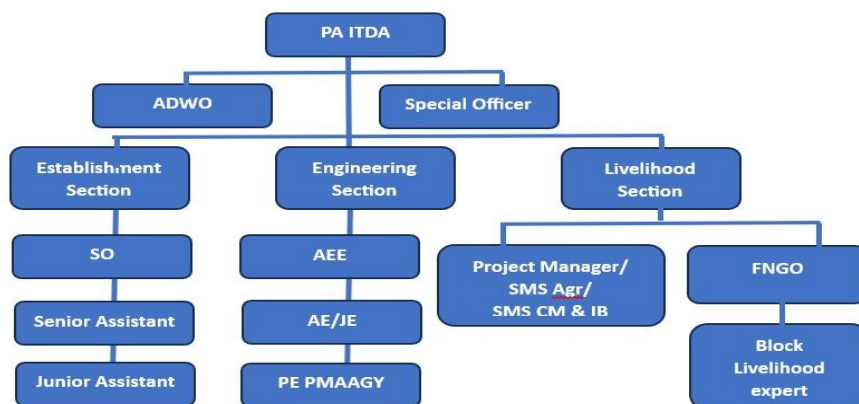
**5. Approved Action Plan for the year 2023-24:**

<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>Name of the component</b>	<b>Funds Sanctioned</b>
1	Additional Classrooms @18.44,Units-74	1364.50
2	Additional Hostels @66.89,Units-54	936.46
3	Connecting un-connected villages, @5.59,Units178	994.65
4	Approach roads to EMRS ,Units -19	1046.95
5	Creation of different infrastructures(13 Nos. of Additional Classrooms in SS Mandir) approved in 2018-19 for Sundergarh, Bonai & Panposh	1104.00
<b>Total amount</b>		<b>5446.56</b>

**6. Budget provision for the year 2024-25**

<b>SI No</b>	<b>Name of the scheme</b>	<b>BE for 2024-25 (Rupees in lakhs)</b>
1	Article 275(I) of the Constitution of India	15868.00
2	Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsha Gramya Yojana (PMAAGY)	12000.00
3	Administrative Costs to State-Odisha	317.95
4	MukhyamantriJanajati Jeevika Mission (MMJJM)	20000.00
5	Ramakrishna Mission Ashrama School Educational Complex, Hatamuniguda	520.70
6	Support to OTDS	339.00

## 7. ITDA structure:



## 9. Activity Report of last two years

In the last two years i.e 2021-22 to 2022-23 years, substantial achievements have been realized under the Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAAGY) and Article 275(I) scheme, focusing on the development and empowerment of tribal communities.

The Mission Jeevika, a livelihood cluster development program under the Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme (SCA to TSS) and Article 275(I), has aimed to ensure sustainable livelihoods for Scheduled Tribe families. From FY 2019-20 to 2022-23, this program established 1,444 livelihood clusters, benefiting 2.40 lakh tribal farmers through various scalable and replicable activities.

Under Article 275(I), the Ministry of Tribal Affairs approved the construction of 379 Anganwadi Centers in Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP) areas for FY 2023-24, with 100 centers already completed. Each Anganwadi Center costs ₹7 lakhs, playing a pivotal role in providing early childhood care and education to tribal children.

The provision of 100 dormitories with toilets has been another significant development under Article 275(I), with 40 already completed. Each dormitory costs ₹35 lakhs, enhancing the living conditions for tribal students.

Additionally, 37 approach roads to Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) were provisioned for FY 2022-23, with 17 projects completed. For 2023-24, 24 more EMRS approach roads have been provisioned under Article 275(I).

Infrastructure development also included the approval of 17 road and bridge projects, with 14 works already completed. Furthermore, ₹500 lakhs have been approved for productivity enhancement of Forest Rights Act (FRA) land, promoting sustainable agricultural practices and livelihoods.

In the educational sector, 86 additional classrooms have been approved, with 50 completed under Article 275(I) during FY 2021-22.

## Chapter-V

### WELFARE PROGRAMMES FOR SCHEDULED CASTES (SCs)



For development of Scheduled Castes (SCs), which constitute **17.13%** population in our State as per 2011 Census, Govt has made special provisions to remove any kind of social disabilities imposed on them to ensure equality of opportunity in every sphere, the measures of positive discrimination to bring them at par with rest of the population.

The scheme implemented by the State for development of Scheduled Castes is as follows:

#### **PRADHAN MANTRI ANUSUCHIT JAATI ABHYUDAY YOJANA (PM-AJAY)**

A Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) under Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment Govt of India is being implemented in the State. Pradhan Mantri Anusuchit Jaati Abhyuday Yojana (PM-AJAY) is a merger version of following three existing schemes from 2022-23.

1. Adarsh Gram Component-Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY).
2. Special Central Assistance to Schedule Caste Sub-plan (SCA to SCSP) renamed as Grants-in-Aid for District/ State level Projects for Socio-economic betterment of Schedule Castes.
3. Construction/Repair of Educational Hostels for SC students (Boys & Girls).

For implementation of this scheme Odisha Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Development Finance Co-operative Corporation has been declared as State Nodal Agency.

## Chapter-VI

# WELFARE PROGRAMMES FOR OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES (OBCs) AND SOCIALLY & EDUCATIONALLY BACKWARD CLASSES (SEBCs)

### SOCIALLY & EDUCATIONALLY BACKWARD CLASSES (SEBCs)

Government of Odisha in ST & SC Dev., M& BCW Department have notified 216 original Castes/Communities along with synonyms in different notifications as Socially and Educationally Backward Classes. Similarly, Government of India in Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment have notified 200 Original Castes/ Communities along with synonyms on the basis of recommendation of the National Commission for Backward Classes as OBC.

### STATE SECTOR SCHEME

The Odisha Backward Classes Finance & Development Co-operative Corporation was established in the year 1994-95, being registered under the Odisha co-operative Societies act-1962 with the aim to provide economic assistance to the people belonging to Socially and Educationally Backward Classes (SEBC) under various income generating schemes. OBCFDCC is a co-operative institution under administrative control of ST & SC Development, M&BCW Deptt., Govt. of Odisha, which is engaged in promoting economic development of OBC & Minority people of the State.

#### 1. Mukhyamantri Chatra Protsahan Yojana for Post & Pre-Matric Scholarship (MMCPY)

This scheme is a State Sector Scheme with 100% funded by State Government. Since the fund provided by Government of India is not sufficient to cover all eligible students of State, the scheme Mukhyamantri Chatra Protsahan Yojana is providing the scholarship to the remaining eligible Post-matric and Pre-matric student who are not covered under Centrally Sponsored Scheme of PM YASASVI. The guidelines and the rate of scholarship are as per the PM YASASVI Scheme of Government of India. In the year 2022-23, total expenditure of Rs.123.81 crore has been made towards Post-Matric Scholarship for disbursement to 147821 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students. Similarly during the year 2023-24, (up to March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024) Rs.148.64 crore has been disbursed to 186339 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC Post-Matric students.

Under the Pre-matric scholarship of MMCPY during the year 2022-23, total expenditure of Rs.3.55 crore has been made towards Pre-Matric Scholarship for disbursement to 7953 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students. Similarly during the year 2023-24, (up to March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024) Rs.65.34 lakh has been disbursed to 610 nos. of OBC/SEBC students.

#### 2. Construction of 100 nos. of 100 seated OBC/SEBC Hostel

This is a State Sector Scheme with 100% assistance from State Govt in which there is programme for construction of 100 nos. of 100 seated hostel for OBC/SEBC boys and girls at Post-Matric level at 14 educational hubs in the State having the unit cost @ 1.5 crores per

hostel. As of now construction of 66nos. of hostel building has been completed and construction of 34 nos. of hostel building are going under progress.

**200 seated OBC/SEBC Girls Hostel, Baripada**



**500 seated OBC/SEBC Boys Hostel, Rourkela**



**500 seated OBC/SEBC Girls Hostel, Rourkela**



### 3. Funds received from NBCFDC/NMDFC, New Delhi:

During the year 2023-2024 (up to March, 2024) no funds have been received from NBCFDC/NMDFC, New Delhi towards implementation of income generating scheme for OBC/ SEBC & Minority people of the state. Hence no finance has given during the year.

#### Recovery of outstanding loan dues:

During the year 2023-2024 (up to March, 2024) Rs. 0.43 lakhs has been recovered from the loanees of different districts towards outstanding loan against the demand of Rs. 2645.08 lakhs from OBC loanees. Similarly recovery of Rs. 2325.60 is pending from minority loanees of the districts.

### 4. Skill Development Training Programme for OBC & Minority youths during 2023-24:

OBCFDCC has planned for imparting Skill Development Training Programme to 18 Nos of minority youths out of the state Govt. funds. The said programme has been conducted by World Skill Centre Bhubaneswar for implementation of the programme. Steps are being taken by World Skill Centre Bhubaneswar for implement the programme of the State. The details are given below.

Sl. No	Skill Development Training Programme	No. of Trainees	Amount	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Minority youths	18	1,80,000/-	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>1,80,000/-</b>	

OBCFDCC has planned for imparting Skill Development Training Programme to 700 Nos of OBC / S&EBC youths out of the state Govt. funds. The said programme has been conducted by World Skill Centre Bhubaneswar for implementation of the programme. Steps are being taken by World Skill Centre Bhubaneswar for implement the programme of the State. The details are given below.

Sl. No	Skill Development Training Programme	No. of Trainees	Amount	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	OBC/S&EBC Youths	700	70,00,000/-	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>700</b>	<b>70,00,000/-</b>	

## **CENTRALLY SPONSORED SCHEME**

### **POST-MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP TO OBC, EBC& DNT STUDENTS (PM YASASVI)**

The objective is to provide financial assistance to the OBC/SEBC/EBC students studying at post matriculation or post-secondary stage to enable them to complete their education. This scheme is Centrally Sponsored Scheme implemented in the fund sharing basis of 60:40 ratio between Central and State government. In the year 2022-23, total expenditure of Rs.67.44 crore has been made towards Post-Matric Scholarship for disbursement to 82919 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students. Similarly during the year 2023-24, (up to March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024) Rs.41.49 crore has been disbursed to 49836 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students.

### **PRE-MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP TO OBC, EBC & DNTSTUDENTS(PM YASASVI)**

The objective is to spread education amongst OBC/SEBC/EBC children especially the girl child of weaker sections for education of their wards studying in classes IX & X to minimize the incidence of dropout and for a better chance of progressing to the Post- matric stage of education. This scheme is being implemented in the fund sharing basis of 60:40 ratio between Central and State government. In the year 2022-23, total expenditure of Rs.16.41 crore has been made towards Pre-Matric Scholarship for disbursement to 41033 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students. Similarly during the year 2023-24, (up to March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024) Rs.7.99 crore has been disbursed to 19997 nos. OBC/SEBC/EBC students.

### **CONSTRUCTION OF HOSTELS FOR OBC BOYS AND GIRLS (PM YASASVI)**

The scheme is being implemented in the State on cost sharing basis. Under the Scheme, Hostel facilities are provided for OBC students pursuing their higher studies. The funding pattern of the scheme between Centre & State for the Boys Hostel is in the ratio of 60:40 and for the Girls Hostel is in ratio 90:10.

9 nos. of OBC hostels (950 Seated) with a cost of Rs.30.01 Cr was approved under the scheme during the Financial Year 2022-23. Rs.3.56 crore of Central Assistance has been received during the year 2022-23.

### **STATUS OF OBC HOSTELS IN THE STATE ODISHA.**

Sl No.	Location	Year	Status
1	G.M College, Sambalpur	2002-03	Completed
2	Govt. College, Angul	2002-03	Completed
3	MPC College, Baripada	2002-03	Completed
4	Utkal University Vanivihar	2003-04	Completed

5	College of Engineering & Technology (CET) (2 Nos.)	2003-04	Completed
6	U.N College of Science & Technology, Adaspur, Cuttack	2006-07	Completed
7	BJB Autonomous College, Bhubaneswar	2010-11	Completed
8	Pattamundai College, Kendrapara	2011-12	Completed
9	Panchayat College, Bargarh	2011-12	Completed
10	Ravenshaw University, Cuttack	2014-15	Completed

**Ravenshaw University Cuttack (100 seated Boys hostel)**



**Pattamundai College Kendrapara(100 seated Boys hostel)**



## Chapter-VII

# WELFARE PROGRAMMES FOR SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF MINORITIES

### Activities of Minority Section

Minority Section deals with the welfare of Minority Communities of the State. All the State Sector Schemes, Centrally Sponsored Schemes, Central Sector Schemes, Rules and Acts meant for the Minorities are dealt in this Section.

### Schemes and Programs

#### i. Construction of Multi-Purpose Community cum Cultural Centers (State Sectors)

The basic objective of the scheme is to endorse a sense of well-being safety and security among the Minorities and to create opportunity for strengthening influence on the overall development of minority communities. Multipurpose Community cum cultural centers for minorities will generally perform the following functions in its community, such as:

- a) For all-community celebrations at various occasions and traditions can be held.
  - b) For public meetings of the citizens can be held on various issues.
  - c) As a place where community members can meet each other for social, cultural, religion purpose etc.
  - d) Where housing local clubs and volunteer activities can be held.
  - e) Community members (and sometimes others), can rent with nominal price when a private family function or party is too big for them to celebrate at their own home.
  - f) As a place where local non-government activities can be organized.
- During the year 2023-24, Rs. 52.80Crores have been released to the DWOs towards construction of 175nos of MPCCs@30Lakhs per unit.

<b>District wise allotment of Multi Purpose Community-cum-Cultural Centres (MPCC) for the welfare of Minority Communities during 2023-24</b>		
<b>SI No</b>	<b>Name of the District</b>	<b>Number of MPCCs allotted</b>
1	BALESWAR	5
2	BARAGARH	1
3	BHADRAK	16
4	BOLANGIR	1
5	BOUDH	1
6	CUTTACK	6
7	DHENKANAL	1
8	GAJAPATI	18
9	GANJAM	3
10	JAJPUR	28
11	JHARASUGUDA	1

12	KALAHANDI	1
13	KANDHAMAL	12
14	KENDRAPARA	1
15	KEONJHAR	2
16	KHURDHA	13
17	KORAPUT	2
18	MAYURBHANJ	2
19	NAWARANGAPUR	1
20	PURI	6
21	RAYAGADA	17
22	SAMBALPUR	5
23	SUBARNAPUR	1
24	SUNDERGARH	31
<b>Total</b>		<b>175</b>

#### ii. Construction of Minority Hostels: (State Sectors)

An amount of Rs. 22.60 Crores was released for construction of 16nos hostels (2nos Pre-matric & 14nos Post-Matric) during the year 2018-19 with the unit cost of Rs.80.00Lakhs for Pre-Matric and Rs.150.00 Lakhs for Post-matric respectively by the Building Section.

#### iii. Functionalisation of Minority hostel : (State Sectors)

- Rs. 16,94,44,000/- (Sixteen Crore Ninety Four Lakh Forty Four Thousand Only./-) have been released in the year 2023-24 towards functionalisation of 21nos of Minority hostels constructed under PMJVK (Pradhan Mantri Jana Vikash Karyakram towards One time assets procurement for the hostels.

#### iv. Grant-in-Aid to the Wakf Institutions :

Funds have been released to Odisha Board of Waqf as Grant-in-Aid for Repair and Renovation of the Wakf Institutions of the State. During the Financial Year 2023-24, Rs.18.50Crores have been released as Grant-in-Aid for Repair and Renovation of the Wakf Institutions of the State.

#### v. Skill Development Training :-

In 2023-24, OBCFDCC has been made a MoU with World Skill Centre to sponsor 100% of the course fee i.e. Rs. 20,000/- for each student, who join the Skill Development training in the WSC. Rs.65.00Lakhs have been allotted for the FY 2024-25.

#### Government of India Schemes under implementation with funds received:

##### i. Scholarships for Minority Students :- (Centrally Sponsored Scheme)

- Pre-Matric, Post-Matric & Merit-Cum-Means based scholarships are three Centrally Sponsored Schemes with 100% funding from Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India for meritorious students of Minority communities.
- The applicant must belong to the Minority Communities and should have secured 50% marks in the last annual Board/Class examination.

- All the applications are processed through the National Scholarship Portal (NSP).
- After getting necessary intimation from the Ministry of Minority Affairs(MoMA), Govt. of India, State Government invite online applications, process the applications, validate and forward it to the MoMA for disbursement of scholarships to the Bank Accounts of minority students through DBT mode from Ministry level.
- For the year 2023-24, Minority scholarship Schemes are not started by the Ministry of Minority Affairs(MoMA), Govt. of India

#### **Pre-matric Scholarships**

- For class IX & X Students.
- Annual income of parents/guardians from all sources does not exceed Rs.1.00 Lakhs.
- Entitlement: Rs.1000/- to RS.9500/- depending on course, day-scholar/Hosteller, Admission fee or Tuition fees

#### **Post-matric Scholarships**

- For all Higher Educational courses.
- Annual income of parents/guardians from all sources does not exceed Rs.2.00 lakh.
- Entitlement: Rs.2300/- to Rs.15,000/- depending on course, day-scholar/Hosteller, Admission fee or Tuition fees

#### **Merit-cum-Means based Scholarships**

- For selected technical and professional courses at undergraduate and post graduate level approved by the Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India. Example: MBBS, Post Graduation courses, MBA, B-tech etc.
- Annual income of parents/guardians from all sources does not exceed Rs.2.50 lakh
- There is a list of 85 Reputed Premier Institutes like IIT, NIT, AIIMS, IIMs, NISER etc which are covered under this scheme. A Minority student is eligible for full Course Fee reimbursement as scholarship under this Scheme.
- Entitlement: Rs.25,000/- to Rs.30,000/- depending on course, day-scholar/Hosteller, Admission fee or Tuition fees

#### ii. **Pradhan Mantri Jana Vikash Karyakram (PMJVK):- (Centrally Sponsored Scheme)**

- “Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram (PMJVK)” is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme and is implemented by the State on 60:40 sharing basis. The PMJVK aims at improving socio-economic conditions of the minorities and providing basic amenities to them for improving quality of life of the people and reducing imbalances in the identified minority concentration areas.

### **Construction of 2 nos of Common Service Centres under PMJVK:-**

- Under this Scheme, construction of 2 Nos of Common Service Centre each at Sundergarh & Gajapati have been going on with the total Project Cost : 2.80 Crores @ 1.40Crores per Unit
- Central Share : State Share ::1.68 Crores (60%): 1.12 Crores (40%)
- For the above two projects, Rs.84.00 Lakhs @ Rs. 42.00Lakhs per Unit has been released to the concerned Implementating Agency i.e. PA,ITDA, Sundergarh & PA,ITDA, Paralakhemundi .

### **Activities on Wakf Administration**

1. **Survey Commissioner of Wakf-** To survey the land and properties of the Wakf Institutions like Masjid, Madrasa, Kabarstan and Pir etc. and keep their records. There are 4106 nos. of registered Wakf Institutions in our State.
2. **Odisha Board of Wakf-** Overall supervision, proper maintenance and control of all the Waqf Institution in the State.
  - i. To ensure that the income and other property of Wakfs are utilised to the objectives and for the purposes for which such Wakfs have intended or created.
  - ii. Safeguarding properties of Waqf from encroachment, alienation.
  - iii. Taking steps to remove encroachment.
  - iv. To take timely measures for the recovery of lost properties of Waqf Institutions.
  - v. Ensuring accountability and collecting contribution from annual income of the Waqf Institutions of the State.
  - vi. To appoint and remove Mutawallis in accordance with the provisions of the Waqf Act.
  - vii. Registration of newly created Waqf Institutions.
  - viii. To provide Talaki Pension to the Muslim Divorce Women as per Act.

### **3. State Haj Committee-**

As per Haj Committee Act, 2002, the State Haj Committee, Odisha, Cuttack functions in the state for the welfare of the Haj pilgrims. The committee is an advisory body which acts connecting link between the Haj Committee of India and intending pilgrims of the State.

The State Haj Committee shall look into implementation of the policy and direction of the committee in the interest of the Haj pilgrims.

The State Haj Committee shall provide assistance to the Haj pilgrims including the matter of their transport between their home state and the point of embarkation from India and their transit accommodation at point of exit.

In the last five years, number of haj pilgrims were sponsored through the State Government with the pilgrims of the State in cooperation with Central Haj Committee of India have performed their Haj at Saudi Arabia are given below.

2019.	644 haj pilgrims (641 + 3 KuH)
2020.	No pilgrimage performs their Haj due to Covid-19 Pandemic.
2021.	No pilgrimage performs their Haj due to Covid-19 Pandemic.
2022.	382 haj pilgrims (379 + 3 KuH)
2023.	886 haj pilgrims (883 + 3 KuH)
2024.	526 haj pilgrims (523 + 3 KuH)

4. **Wakf Tribunal-** Wakf Tribunal has been established at Cuttack for the determination of any dispute, question or other matter relating to the Wakf or Wakf property under Waqf Act 1995.

It is a judicial body headed by a Presiding Officer, who is disposing all disputes relating to the Wakf or Wakf properties.

5. **Appointment of (Mohammedan Marriages and Divorces Registrars) MMDR:-** Appointment of Mohammedan marriages and Divorces Registrars in the different districts of the State to solemnize and Register marriages and Divorces of Mohammedan people under the MMDR Rules-1976.

## Chapter-VIII

# PROGRAMME FOR PROMOTION OF EDUCATION

Odisha is a leading state in providing residential schooling facility to tribal students. SSD Department is managing 1737 residential educational institutions across the state to provide education to 4.34 lakh ST & SC students from primary to secondary level. Presently, 5841 hostels are providing accommodation facility to around 5.40 lakh ST/SC boarders studying in residential schools of both S & ME & SSD



Departments. The residential mode of schooling has helped in ensuring continuity and completion of education of ST/SC students. There has been a phenomenal improvement in the educational status of Scheduled Tribe and Scheduled Caste communities in Odisha due to concerted efforts of the State Government over last few decades. One of the largest residential schooling programmes for tribal students coupled with wide coverage under scholarship programme has led to progress of tribal education, especially among girls.



The Government gives importance for setting up residential schools ST/SC Girls and Boys with an aim and objective:-

- to increase enrolment rate of the ST/SC girls children in schools.
- to reduce dropout rate among the ST/SC girls children.
- to register substantial increase in the female literacy among the ST/SC population.
- to empower the ST/SC women by educating them.

### Educational institutions under the administrative control of SSD Department

Sl. No.	Type of School	Classes up to	Number
1	Sevashrams	1 <sup>st</sup> to 5 <sup>th</sup>	467
2	Residential Sevashrams	1 <sup>st</sup> to 5 <sup>th</sup>	4
3	Ashram School	1 <sup>st</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup>	739
4	High School (includes 188 exclusive Girls' High Schools)	9 <sup>th</sup> to 10 <sup>th</sup>	422
5	Higher Secondary Schools (upgraded from High Schools)	11 <sup>th</sup> - 12 <sup>th</sup>	62
6	Educational Complexes (EC) for PVTGs	1 <sup>st</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup>	4
7	Kalinga Model Residential School (KMRS)	6 <sup>th</sup> to 12 <sup>th</sup>	5
8	Biju Pattnaik Adarsh Vidyalaya (BPAV)	6 <sup>th</sup> to 12 <sup>th</sup>	1
9	Ekalavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS)	6 <sup>th</sup> to 12 <sup>th</sup>	32
10	Teachers' Training Institutes		1
	<b>Total</b>		<b>1737</b>

<p>Entitlements and facilities for SSD boarders</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Text books.</li> <li>2) Writing materials.</li> <li>3) School uniforms with shoes, socks and I-card etc.</li> <li>4) Exemption of High School Certificate Exam. Fees.</li> <li>5) Smart Class rooms.</li> <li>6) Libraries.</li> <li>7) Reading corners.</li> <li>8) Pre-Matric Scholarship @ Rs.1050/- per boarder per month (boys) and Rs.1100/- per boarder per month (girls).</li> <li>9) Principal meals two times and Mid Day Meal once a day.</li> <li>10) Eating utensils-Trays, glasses.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11) Health, wellness and medical expenses.</li> <li>12) Toiletries.</li> <li>13) Beds, Bed sheet, mattresses.</li> <li>14) Save drinking water through Aqua guards, RO-plants.</li> <li>15) Blankets.</li> <li>16) Sports equipment and facilities.</li> <li>17) Inverters in Hostels.</li> <li>18) LED TVs in Hostels.</li> <li>19) CC TV</li> <li>20) Toll free Helpline Phone Facilities</li> </ol>
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### **Promotion of Sports & Games :**

Department promotes sports and games activities in all residential schools of the state by sanctioning funds with the following facilities:-

- Provision of Sports & games equipment for school
- Organisation of Annual sports at School level
- Conduct of District level Sports meet

During this year, Department has sanctioned @Rs 60,000/- for each High school & Higher secondary schools for procurement of sports material in four selected sports / games as per the interest of the students. Similarly @ Rs 40,000/- has been released to each SS/ RS/ AS/ EC. For organizing Annual sports at school level @ Rs10000/- and Rs 15000/- for “Sevashram / Residential sevashram/ Ashram schools/ Educationl complex” & “High School / Higher Secondary Schools/KMRS/BPAV” respectively.

### **NCC / Red Cross/ Scout, Guide & School Band :**

Department has introduced NCC / Red Cross/ Scout, Guide & School Band in one selected High School of 29 districts except Kendrapara. Rs 2,62,758/- has been sanctioned to each school for procurement of uniform, musical band, trainers fee and other accessories. It is proud moment for the Department that for the first time schools have Exhibited Parade on 15<sup>th</sup> August, 2023, District level Independence Day celebration and 26<sup>th</sup> January, 2024 on Republic Day.

### **Amenities**

In order to ensure smooth functioning of Hostels, quality living condition and for providing better teaching learning environment, Department is provisioning recurring funds under Amenities for each hostel. The amenities like Cots, Blankets, utensils have been prioritized @20 lakh selected schools amounting total Rs 148, 00,00,000 /- has been sanctioned and released to schools for 2023-24.

### **Payment of Ex-gratia**

Financial assistance is provided to the next of kins of deceased boarders / day Scholars as per Govt. norms from time to time. An amount of Rs 7.00/- lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Special Merit Scholarship to ST/SC Students of Odisha studying in Sainik School**

Special Merit Scholarship is being provided to SC/ST students studying in Sainik Schools those have been identified to be socially and economically weaker section of the society. An amount of Rs.6.00 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Block level, Zonal Level Science Exhibition & State Level Competition**

In order to imbibe scientific temper among ST/SC students in the field of Science in SSD High Schools an amount of Rs.54.00 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Scouts, Red Cross and NCC in High Schools**

For implementation of NCC in High Schools an amount of Rs.84.00 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Supply of free uniform to ST/SC Students**

To provide free uniforms to ST / SC Students from Class-IX to XII an amount of Rs.786.00 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Parent-Teacher Meeting**

For conduct of parent-teacher meeting in the SSD School premises an amount of Rs.499.64 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **Supply of writing materials and HSC Examination Fees and Text Book to the ST/SC students of Class IX & X**

This privileges are being extended to the ST/SC Students reading under SSD Deptt. Schools, S & ME Deptt.Schools and also Odisha Adarsha Vidyalaya.

### **Provision of text book to ST/SC students of Class-XI & XII (both Commerce & Science).**

For provision of text book to ST/SC students of Class-XI & XII (both Commerce & Science) studying in Higher Secondary Schools, an amount of Rs.367.86 lakh has been spent in the Financial Year 2023-24.

### **SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMME**

Department is providing Pre-matric and Post-Matric Scholarships to under-privileged ST&SC students. Every year close to 19 lakh ST & SC students are covered under different scholarship schemes implemented by the department.

While Pre-Matric Scholarships provided to ST/SC boarders from Std. I to X take care



of their mess expenses in the hostels, the Day-scholars from class VI to X are provided Scholarships to meet basic educational related expenses. Scholarship rates are revised from time to time to address inflation and cost-rise. The rates for pre-matric scholarship to boarder ST and SC students has been recently enhanced. Presently, a girl boarder is provided Rs. 11000/- per annum while a boy boarder receives Rs.10500/- per annum exclusively from the State Fund.

Similarly, at post-matric stage, scholarships are provided to facilitate ST/SC students to pursue +2, ITI, +3, post-graduation and professional & technical course like MBA, MBBS, MCA, Law, M.Tech etc. Scholarship amount covers the admission & tuition fees and also includes reimbursement of other non-refundable compulsory fee charged by Educational Institutions thereby reducing the financial burden of higher education to a great extent. Students also receive Maintenance Allowance as per the prescribed rates to meet the day-to-day expenses related to education. About 4 lakh students at Post-matric level are provided Scholarships by the State Government every year.

### **Pre-matric Scholarship**

#### **1. Pre-Matric Scholarship for ST/ SC from class I-X boarders and class VI-VIII Day Scholars under Mukhyamantri Medhabi Chatra Protshana Yojana from State Budget (SS) –**

The ST/ SC students of class I-X studying in Govt./Govt. recognized schools receive Pre-Matric Scholarship fully funded by the State Government. The SC/ST students whose parents are not Income-Tax Payee are eligible for getting Pre-Matric Scholarship. Pre-Matric Scholarships are provided to ST/SC boarders from Std. I to X to take care of their mess expenses in the hostels, the Day-scholars from class VI to VIII are provided Scholarships to meet basic educational related expenses.

The Pre-Matric scholarship rates has been enhanced to Rs.1050/- and Rs.1100/- per month in case of ST/SC boys and girls boarders respectively and for Day-scholar ST/SC students to Rs.500/- per annum from the year 2023-24.

#### **2. Centrally Assisted Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme for ST & SC students (Component-I) of class IX & X and children of those engaged in occupations involving cleaning and prone to health hazards of class I to X (Component-II) –**

This scholarship is provided to ST & SC students of class IX & X and also children of those engaged in occupations involving cleaning and prone to health hazards of class I to X. For ST students, the scheme is being implemented in the funding sharing ratio of 75:25 between Central Govt. in Ministry of Tribal Affairs(MOTA) and State Government and in case of SC students (both Component-I and Component-II) funding share ratio of 60:40 between Central Govt. in Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment (MOSJ&E) and State

Government. The eligibility criteria for the scheme is that the parent/ guardian's annual income should not exceed Rs.2.50 Lakh except Component-II. The Pre-Matric Scholarship for class IX and X students are disbursed directly to the Aadhaar seeded bank account of the students through PFMS with SNA based payment system.

**3. Odisha Girls Incentive Programme for ST & SC girl students of Class IX & X under Mukhyamantri Medhabi Chatra Protshana Yojana. –**

Odisha Girls Incentive Programme is an add-on cash incentive programme by the State Government aimed at facilitating increased participation of ST & SC girl students in the Secondary Education. Under this programme, ST & SC girl students studying in classes 9 & 10 are provided with an additional top-up amount of Rs.950/- per annum, over and above their usual scholarship entitlement, to encourage their participation and completion of Secondary Education by them.

The rate of Pre-Matric Scholarship given to SC/ST Boarder & Day scholar Students reading in ST & SC Development Department and School & Mass Education Department Schools is given below-

**Rate of Pre-Matric Scholarship to Day Scholars- (Class-VI - VIII)**

- (a) Boy: Rs.500/-per annum.
- (b) Girl: Rs.500/- per annum

**Rate of Pre-Matric Scholarship of Boarders ( Class I to X)**

- (a) Boy: Rs.1050/- pm (For 10 months).
- (b) Girl: Rs.1100/-pm (For 10 months).

This provision is extended to boarders reading in class I to X for 10 months excluding the 2 months' vacation period in a year.

**Rate of Pre-Matric Scholarship to ST/SC students of class IX-X under Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS)**

Category	Class range	Particulars	Amount of scholarship (per annum - 10 months in a year)				Eligibility Criteria
			Day Scholars		Boarders		
			Monthly	Annually	Monthly	Annually	
ST	IX-X	Amount of scholarship (per annum - 10 months in a year)	225	2250	525	5250	The parent/ guardian's annual income should not exceed Rs. 2.5 lakh w.e.f. 01-12-2019
		Adhoc Grant (once in a year)		750		1000	

GRAND TOTAL				3000		6250	
SC	IX-X	Amount of scholarship (per annum - 10 months in a year)		3500		7000	The parent/ guardian's annual income should not exceed Rs. 2.5 lakh  w.e.f.19-09-2017
GRAND TOTAL				3500		7000	

**The physical and financial achievement for 2022-23 and 2023-24 are given below:-**

Year	Scheme	Budget Provision (Rs. In Lakh)		Release (Rs. In Lakh)		Beneficiaries (In No.)	
		ST	SC	ST	SC	ST	SC
2022-23	Pre-MS( State Sector)	58707.54	6082.63	58116.58	5841.60	764915	337685
	GOI(CSS)	12529.42	6877.10	7557.20	5153.32	162533	152029
	OGIP	1119.92	1015.17	557.82	359.94	58718	37888
	Unclean occupation		17.28 (16.26+ 1.02)		1.05 (0.42+0.6 3)		30
2023-24 (up to 31st March, 2024)	Pre-MS ( State Sector)	59549.01	6470.59	57158.30	6342.37	778284	348284
	GOI (CSS)	8856.51	6422.85	5228.08	1824.69	113788	48429
	OGIP	1009.60	846.94	351.32	252.25	36981	26553

### **Post-matric Scholarship**

#### **1. Post-Matric Scholarship for ST/ SC under Mukhyamantri Medhabi Chatra Protshana Yojana from State Budget –**

##### **A. Financial Assistance for meritorious ST and SC students for Higher Education” in National Level Institutes/ State Government run Medical & Engineering Institutes.**

Under this component, State Govt. of Odisha will provide financial assistance to poor ST and SC students who have secured admission/ are continuing their higher studies in

National Level Institutes/ State Government run Medical & Engineering Institutes in order to enable them to complete their higher education.

For eligible ST/SC students under this component, full tuition fee and non-refundable charges, including hostel admission charges, mess charges etc. for securing admission into the course will be covered under Financial Assistance Scheme. The expenses towards books and other expenses incidental to studies along with living expenses will be covered on case to case basis under due approval of the Head of the Department.

***B. One time Financial Assistance for ST and SC students from economically deprived backgrounds for pursuing general (+3) degree course in any Government Institution.***

Under this component, State Govt. of Odisha will provide a one-time financial assistance to the maximum extent of Rs.50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand Only) to eligible ST and SC students, on case to case basis, for pursuing general (+3) degree course in any stream in any Government College within the State. Application for extending financial assistance under the scheme will be recommended by the District Collector considering the financial hardship/ distress condition of the family. District Welfare Officer will ascertain the quantum of one-time assistance required to facilitate the student to complete the full course in the given institution. The DWO will forward the sanctioned amount to the Department for disbursement to the applicant.

**C.** To provide an additional Top-up amount of Rs.1000/- and Rs.500/- annually towards maintenance allowance to Hostellers & Day Scholars respectively from the year 2023-24 onwards.

**2. Post-Matric Scholarship for ST/ SC under Centrally Sponsored Schemes-**

**A.** Post Matric Scholarship Scheme is being implemented by the State Govt. in ST & SC Dev. Deptt. with 75:25% sharing basis between Central Govt. in Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MOTA) and State Government for ST students under Umbrella Scheme.

In case of SC students, the Post Matric Scholarship under Centrally Sponsored Schemes has been revised with a 60:40% sharing pattern between Central Govt. in Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment (MOSJ&E) and State Government from the Year 2021-22 onwards. As per the revised guidelines both the Central Govt. and State Govt. is required to be paid directly into the account of Students only through DBT.

The Ministry of MOTA/ MOSJ&E have prescribed guidelines for implementation of the Scheme. The objective of the Scheme is to provide Financial Assistance to the ST & SC Students studying at Post Matriculation/ Post-Secondary Stage to enable them to complete their higher Education without financial hardship.

Now the entire process starting from registration of application to sanction of Post Matric Scholarship is being made online through the Odisha State Scholarship Portal from the

year 2020-21. The sanctioned Post Matric Scholarship to ST/SC students under MukhyamantriMedhabiChatraProtshanayojan are disbursed directly to the Bank Account of the students on-line through IFMS. The Post Matric Scholarship for ST/SC students under Centrally Sponsored Scheme are disbursed directly to the Aadhaar seeded bank account of the beneficiary through PFMS with SNA based payment system.

**B. Post-Matric Scholarship rates:**

**Post-Matric Scholarship rates for ST students applicable for different courses as per the Govt. of India is indicated below:**

Group-wise course particulars	Rate (Monthly)		
	Group	Hosteller	Day-Scholar
(i) Degree and Post Graduate level courses in Medicine (Allopathic, Indian and other recognized systems of medicines), Engineering, Technology, Planning, Architecture, Design, Fashion Technology, Agriculture, Veterinary & Allied Sciences, Management, Business Finance/ Administration, Computer Science/ Applications. (ii) Commercial Pilot License (including helicopter pilot and multiengine rating) course. (iii) Post Graduate Diploma courses in various branches of management & medicine. (iv) C.A./I.C.W.A./C.S./I.C.F.A. etc. (v) M. Phil., Ph.D. and Post-Doctoral Programmes (D. Litt., D.Sc. etc.), Group I, Group II and Group III courses (vi) L.L.M.	I	1200	550
(i) Professional Courses leading to Degree, Diploma, Certificate in areas like Pharmacy (B Pharma), Nursing(B Nursing), LLB, BFS, other para-medical branches like rehabilitation, diagnostics etc., Mass Communication, Hotel Management & Catering, Travel/Tourism/Hospitality Management, Interior Decoration, Nutrition & Dietetics, Commercial Art, Financial Services (e.g. Banking, Insurance, Taxation etc.) for which entrance qualification is minimum Sr. Secondary (10+2).	II	820	530

(ii) Post Graduate courses not covered under Group I eg. MA/M Sc/M.Com/M Ed./M. Pharma etc.			
All other courses leading to a graduate degree not covered under Group I & II eg. BA/B Sc/B Com etc.	III	570	300
All post-matriculation level non-degree courses for which entrance qualification is High- School (Class X), e.g. senior secondary certificate (class XI and XII); both general and vocational stream, ITI courses, 3 year diploma courses in Polytechnics, etc.	IV	380	230

**Post-Matric Scholarship rates for SC students applicable for different courses as per the Govt. of India is indicated below:**

Group-wise course particulars	Rate (Yearly)		
	Group	Hosteller	Day-Scholar
(i) Degree and Post Graduate level courses in Medicine (Allopathic, Indian and other recognized systems of medicines), Engineering, Technology, Planning, Architecture, Design, Fashion Technology, Agriculture, Veterinary & Allied Sciences, Management, Business Finance/ Administration, Computer Science/ Applications. (ii) Commercial Pilot License (including helicopter pilot and multiengine rating) course. (iii) Post Graduate Diploma courses in various branches of management & medicine. (iv) C.A./I.C.W.A./C.S./I.C.F.A. etc. (v) M. Phil., Ph.D. and Post-Doctoral Programmes (D. Litt., D.Sc. etc.), Group I, Group II and Group III courses (vi) L.L.M.	I	13500	7000
(i) Professional Courses leading to Degree, Diploma, Certificate in areas like Pharmacy (B Pharma), Nursing(B Nursing), LLB, BFS, other para-medical branches like rehabilitation, diagnostics etc., Mass Communication, Hotel Management & Catering, Travel/Tourism/Hospitality Management,	II	9500	6500

Interior Decoration, Nutrition & Dietetics, Commercial Art, Financial Services (e.g. Banking, Insurance, Taxation etc.) for which entrance qualification is minimum Sr. Secondary (10+2). (ii) Post Graduate courses not covered under Group I eg. MA/M Sc/M.Com/M Ed./M. Pharma etc.			
All other courses leading to a graduate degree not covered under Group I & II eg. BA/B Sc/B Com etc.	III	6000	3000
All post-matriculation level non-degree courses for which entrance qualification is High- School (Class X), e.g. senior secondary certificate (class XI and XII); both general and vocational stream, ITI courses, 3 year diploma courses in Polytechnics, etc.	IV	4000	2500

In addition to the above stipend amount the student is entitled for reimbursement of Course fees and ancillary expenditure directly towards his/her higher education.

The physical and financial achievements made under Post-Matric Scholarship scheme for ST/SC students during the year 2022-23 and 2023-24 (upto 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024) is given in the following table:

<b>Status of Post Matric Scholarship Disbursement</b>						
<b>Year</b>	<b>Budget Provision (Rs.in lakh)</b>		<b>Beneficiaries</b>		<b>Disbursement (Rs.in lakh)</b>	
	<b>ST</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>ST</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>ST</b>	<b>SC</b>
2022-23	39899.89	19168.24	216895	179219	31468.10	15900.60
2023-24	41493.14	19728.25	215153	169282	30289.12	12528.51

**1. Providing Quality Education to ST&SC students in partnership with Urban Educational Institutions (ANWESHA)** - The State Government has collaborated with private, aided and other Central Govt. managed schools located in Urban Centres / District Headquarters in 17 districts to provide quality education to ST and SC children under the scheme ANWESHA. At present approximately 22,340 students have been admitted in 163 public schools in 17 districts under the said Scheme. The Scheme has been extended for next five years i.e. 2021-2025 having financial implication of appx. Rs.569 crore covering 25000 ST/SC students. A sum of Rs.123.63 crore has been provisioned under the scheme for the year 2023-24. Out of which Rs.123.56 crore has been released in favor of 17 DWOs towards for implementation of the scheme during the year 2023-24.

2. **Operationalization of Urban Hostel Complexes (AKANKSHYA):-** To provide free residential facilities to ST/SC students perusing post-matric courses or preparing for various competitive examinations in urban areas. A total eight numbers of Urban hostels are constructed in four districts (Khurda, Sundargarh, Ganjam and Sambalpur) for accommodation of 3900 students. Out of eight, four hostels are being operationalised at present and two will be operationalized during the year 2024-25. Another two hostels to be used for the ANWESHA hostel. A sum of Rs.3.68 crore has been provisioned for implementation of the said scheme during the year 2023-24.
3. **Supply of writing materials and HSC Examination Fees and Text Book to the ST/SC students of Class IX & X reading under S&ME Dept.:-** This privileges were being extended to the ST/SC students of Class-IX & X reading under SSD Department Schools & S & ME Department schools. A sum of Rs.56 crore has been provisioned for the scheme during the year 2023-24.

**Other Educational Achievement :**

**Performance in the Annual High School Certificate Examination (AHSCE), 2023**

The percentage of pass among the High Schools managed by the Deptt in the **AHSCE** is **%**. Out of students who appeared at the Exam, passed successfully. The category wise details are given below:

Particulars	ST			SC			OTHERS			TOTAL		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Students on Roll	9394	15555	<b>24949</b>	1231	2049	<b>3280</b>	973	1240	<b>2216</b>	<b>11598</b>	<b>18847</b>	<b>30445</b>
Students Appeared	9080	15465	<b>24545</b>	1206	2024	<b>3230</b>	950	1226	<b>2176</b>	<b>11236</b>	<b>18715</b>	<b>29951</b>
Students Passed	9027	15440	<b>24467</b>	1191	2017	<b>3208</b>	938	1217	<b>2155</b>	<b>11156</b>	<b>18674</b>	<b>29830</b>
Percentage of Pass (%)	99.42	99.84	<b>99.68</b>	98.76	99.65	<b>99.32</b>	98.74	99.27	<b>99.03</b>	<b>99.29</b>	<b>99.78</b>	<b>99.60</b>

**Comparison with State Average Results:**

Comparison between the State Average and ST & SC Dev Deptt Average in the AHSC Exam for the last 10 years is stated below:

Year	State Average (%)	ST & SC Dev. Deptt Average (%)
(1)	(2)	(3)
<b>2023</b>	<b>97.99</b>	<b>99.60</b>
2022	87.11	98.94
2021	97.93	99.75

2020	78.76	85.99
2019	72.35	79.10
2018	77.35	85.63
2017	86.21	95.91
2016	84.99	95.61
2015	82.27	95.27
2014	84.21	96.37

The performance of ST & SC Dev. Deptt High Schools continues to be higher than the State Average.

### Results of Higher Secondary Examination, 2023:

**4577** students from Deptt managed Higher Secondary Schools (HSS) appeared in the +2 Science Exam out of which **3809** were successful, thereby registering a pass percentage of **83.20%**. **715** students passed in 1<sup>st</sup> Division, **1547** in 2<sup>nd</sup> Division and **1547** in 3<sup>rd</sup> Division.

In Commerce stream, **805** students appeared, out of which **660** were successful, the pass percentage being **82%**. **172** students were placed in the 1<sup>st</sup> Division, **219** in 2<sup>nd</sup> Division and **269** in 3<sup>rd</sup> Division.

A comparative data of ST & SC Deptt's Higher Secondary Schools Average with that of State Average for Science & Commerce Stream from the year 2013 to 2022 is given below:

Year	Percentage of Pass			
	<u>+2 Science</u>		<u>+2 Commerce</u>	
	State Avg.	SSD Deptt Avg.	State Avg.	SSD Deptt Avg.
<i>(1)</i>	<i>(2)</i>	<i>(3)</i>	<i>(4)</i>	<i>(5)</i>
<b>2023</b>	<b>84.93</b>	<b>83.20</b>	<b>81.12</b>	<b>82.00</b>
2022	94.12	96.40	89.20	96.58
2021	95.15	99.91	94.96	98.39
2020	70.21	60.48	74.95	79.44
2019	72.33	58.04	70.26	66.79
2018	76.98	71.51	74.79	81.43
2017	81.11	84.38	71.43	74.60
2016	80.80	81.72	70.39	72.54
2015	76.75	83.58	69.48	81.34
2014	70.13	83.44	64.14	86.70

## Chapter-IX

### **Odisha Model Tribal Education Society (OMTES)**

The Odisha Model Tribal Education Society (OMTES) is a registered Society under the ST & SC Development, Minority & Backward Classes Welfare Department, Government of Odisha. The society is in charge of establishment, maintenance, control and management of the Eklavya Model Residential Schools in the State. It has been instrumental in setting up Ekalavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) in different parts of the State with assistance under Article-275 (1) from Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Government of India. Ekalavya Model Tribal Residential Schools (EMRS) were started functioning since 2000-2001 in the state of Odisha. 32 EMRS have been established across the State covering total of 17 Districts. At present more than 8495 tribal students are studying in these EMRS availing all residential facilities. At present there are 252 no. of contractual teachers working in various EMRSs and around 130 no. of Guest faculties are working in various EMRSs in Odisha. Similarly, around 152 no. of Non-teaching staff working to cater to the day to day needs of the tribal students of EMRS.

The students of EMRS in Odisha have fared well in class X Board Examination held in the month of March, 2022. Around 10 nos. of school i.e. EMRS Bhawanipur, EMRS Chandragiri, EMRS Hirli, EMRS Lahunipara, EMRS Laing, EMRS Mahasingi, EMRS Malkangiri, EMRS Pungar, EMRS Rampilo and EMRS Siriguda has recorded 100% pass percentage. Similarly 3 nos. of other schools i. e. EMRS Dhanghera, EMRS Nuapad and EMRS Ranki has secured 98% pass percentage.

In case of class XII Board Examination held in March 2022, students of EMRS of Odisha have demonstrated an optimum performance with 3 number of schools i.e EMRS Lahunipara, Malkangiri and Rampilo securing more than 90% Pass Percentage and schools like EMRS Hirli, EMRS Nuapada and EMRS Siriguda securing more than 80% Pass percentage. Only One school that is EMRS Pungar have achieved more than 100 % Pass percentage.

Steps have been taken to introduce English as medium of instruction in all EMRSs. In class VI, CBSE course in English medium has been introduced in the year 2011.

#### **List of 32 functional EMRS in Odisha**

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>District</b>	<b>Name of EMRS</b>		<b>Year of Functioning</b>
1	Keonjhar	1	EMRS, Ranki	2001-02
		2	EMRS, Gidhibasa	2020-21
2	Jajpur	3	EMRS, Rampilo	2007-08
3	Sundargarh	4	EMRS, Lahunipara	2002-03

		5	EMRS, Bhawanipur	2000-01
		6	EMRS, Laing	2002-03
		7	EMRS, Kuarmunda	2018-19
		8	EMRS Lathikata	2022-23
4	Rayagada	9	EMRS, Siriguda	2000-01
		10	EMRS, Bikrapur	2018-19
		11	EMRS Chandrapur	2022-23
5	Gajapati	12	EMRS, Chandragiri	2001-02
		13	EMRS, Gumma	2022-23
6	Mayurbhanj	14	EMRS, Dhanghera	2000-01
		15	EMRS, Bangiriposhi	2018-19
		16	EMRS, Karanjia	2018-19
		17	EMRS, Bahalda	2020-21
7	Kandhamal	18	EMRS, Mahasingi	2001-02
		19	EMRS, Phiringia	2020-21
8	Nabarngapur	20	EMRS, Hirli	2001-02
9	Nuapada	21	EMRS, Nuapada	2011-12
10	Malkangiri	22	EMRS, Malkangiri	2011-12
		23	EMRS Mathili	2022-23
11	Koraput	24	EMRS, Pungar	2000-01
		25	EMRS, Konga	2020-21
		26	EMRS Kotpad	2022-23
12	Sambalpur	27	EMRS, Kuchinda	2018-19
13	Bolangir	28	EMRS, Dumerbahal	2018-19
14	Kalahandi	29	EMRS, Dhaurabhata	2020-21
15	Deogarh	30	EMRS, Kalamati	2020-21
16	Jharsuguda	31	EMRS, Kirmira	2020-21
17	Balasore	32	EMRS, Saldahra	2020-21

Ministry of Tribal Affairs has sanctioned 87 more EMRS taking the total number for Odisha to 114 nos.

**Chhatra Protsahan Yojana (CPY):**

Under Chhatra Protsahan Yojana, a total of 120 students of Class- XI & XII have been selected across all EMRS, who will be provided opportunities to undergo coaching and supported for appearing Joint Entrance Examination for Engineering, Medical and other Professional courses. EMRS Bangiriposi of Mayurbhanj and EMRS Kuarmunda of Sundargarh have been taken as Centre of Excellence (CoE) to roll out the programme for EMRS students.

## Activities Undertaken by OMTES For Academic Year 2022-2023

### National EMRS Sports Meet 2022

The 3<sup>rd</sup> National EMRS Sports Meet 2022 was held in the State of Andhra Pradesh in the month of November and around 212 students from the State participated. Team Odisha by securing 19 medals ( 7 Gold ,08 Silver and 04 Bronze ) was placed 4<sup>th</sup> position in medal tally of states . Team Odisha was the champion in Hockey by bagging gold medal for boys team and silver medals for girls team.



(Team Odisha being felicitated by Hon'ble MoS, MoTA, GoI)

### National EMRS Cultural Meet 2022

The 3<sup>rd</sup> EMRS National Cultural Fest 2022 was held in state of Karnataka and around 110 students from the state participated. The state bagged 1<sup>st</sup> position in two events i.e Popular Creative dance and Solo Folk Dance and 2<sup>nd</sup> Position in two events i.e Solo Classical Dance and Quiz .



(Team Odisha receiving award from Minister of Tribal Welfare Department, Government of Karnataka)

### Participation in 74<sup>th</sup> Republic Day Celebration, 2023 at New Delhi

For the first time, two students and one escort teacher were selected by MoTA, Govt. of India to represent its tableau in 74<sup>th</sup> Republic day celebration held at Kartavya path, New Delhi on 26<sup>th</sup> January, 2023. The two students who were selected to represent MoTA, Govt. of India are Master Lucky Sabar, student of EMRS Dumerbahal, Bolangir and Miss Anjali Naik, students of EMRS Ranki, Keonjhar. These students along with the Escort teacher participated

in 74<sup>th</sup> Republic day parade at Kartavya path and were felicitated by Hon'ble Prime Minister of India as well as by Hon'ble Union Minister, Ministry of Defense after their tableau was adjudged as the best tableau in the 74<sup>th</sup> Republic day parade.



(Students of Odisha being felicitated by Hon'ble MoS, Ministry of Defence)

#### **State level Conference of Principals and Senior Most teachers of EMRS.**

A two days State level workshop of Principals and Senior Most teachers of EMRS, Odisha was held on 26<sup>th</sup> and 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 at Convention Hall of Lok Seva Bhawan, Bhubaneswar. The aim of the workshop was to sensitize the teaching community of the latest pedagogy adopted by various schools across India. This workshop also help in preparing modalities for running of the schools efficiently by negating the teething problems.

#### **Review meeting by Hon'ble Ministry of State, Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Government of India**

A review meeting regarding availability of land for construction of new EMRS in Odisha and functioning of OMTES was Chaired by Hon'ble Minister of State, Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Sri Bishweswar Tudu was



held on 28 June, 2022 at Conference Hall of State Guest House, Bhubaneswar. There was participation from Principal Secretary, ST & SC Development, M & BCW Department, Government of Odisha, Director- ST, ST & SC

Development Department, Government of Odisha, Chief Conservator of Forest, Forest Diversion and Nodal officer, FC Act 1996, Forest, Environment and Climate Change Department, Government of Odisha and the representative of NESTS, Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Government of India.

### **Workshop of Principals and Biology teachers on Mental Health of students**

A 3 day workshop from 03<sup>rd</sup> January, 2023 to 06<sup>th</sup> January, 2023 was organised at Conference Hall of SCSTRTI in collaboration with NEST, MoTA, Government of India and Public Health Foundation of India (PHFI) on Nutrition and mental wellbeing of tribal students



in EMRS. The meeting was Chaired by Hon'ble Minister of State Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Government of India, Smt. Renuka Singh Saruta and Commissioner-cum- Secretary and Director ST, Government of Odisha.



(Meeting presided by Hon'ble MoS, MoTA, GoI)

## Chapter-X

### Odisha Tribal Empowerment and Livelihoods Programme Plus (OTELP Plus)



#### Programme Support Unit

Odisha Tribal Empowerment and Livelihoods Programme Plus  
(OTELP Plus), Bhubaneswar-751022

ST & SC Development, Minorities and Backward Classes Welfare Department,  
Government of Odisha.

#### 1. Introduction

The Odisha Tribal Empowerment and Livelihoods Programme Plus (OTELP Plus) is a replication of OTELP being implemented by the Scheduled Tribe & Scheduled Caste Development Department of Govt. of Odisha with financial aid from State Plan, Govt. of Odisha and other ongoing schemes & programmes of the State & Central Govt. The programme aims ***“to ensure that livelihoods and food security of poor tribal household are sustainably improved through promoting a more efficient, equitable, self managed and sustainable exploitation of the Natural Resources at their disposal and through off-farm/non-farm enterprise development”***.

The core objectives framed to attain the Programme goal are to;

- Build the capacity of marginalized groups as individual and grass root institution.
- Enhance the access of poor tribal people to land, water and forest and increase the productivity of these resources in environmentally sustainable and socially equitable ways;
- Encourage and facilitate off-farm enterprise development focused on the needs of poor tribal households;
- Monitor the basic food entitlements of tribal households and ensure their access to public food supplies;
- Strengthen the institutional capacity of government agencies, Panchayati Raj Institutions, NGOs and civil society to work effectively on a participatory mode for poverty reduction with tribal communities;
- Encourage the development of a pro-tribal enabling environment through ensuring that legislation governing control of and access to, development resources by poor tribal households is implemented effectively and recommending other policy improvements;
- Build on the indigenous knowledge and values of tribal and blend these with technological innovations to ensure a speedier pace of development

The OTELP Plus is being implemented in phased manner. This was piloted in Koraput and Malkanagiri during the year 2011 and subsequent year it was implemented in other OTELP & Non-OTELP ITDAs. This programme was launched by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Odisha on 19<sup>th</sup> April 2011.

The programme adopts strategic participatory approach among all stakeholders. Communities are considered as the primary stakeholders who are facilitated by the FNGOs followed by technical backstopping from ITDA & PSU. The programme basically aims upon GO & NGO partnership mode for adding synergetic effect in order to work jointly for enhancing the capacity of the communities to take up sustainable livelihood activities.

## **2. (I) Programme Coverage Area – 2023-24**

The programme is operational in 18 backward blocks of five districts of South, West & North Odisha namely Malkanagiri, Rayagada, Keonjhar, Sundergarh & Sambalpur. This has been implemented in a phased manner.

The total coverage of the programme is 310 MWSs in 699 villages of 18 blocks in 5 districts. The details of the area targeted under the programme are as follows:

**PROGRAMME COVERAGE DURING 2022-23**

<b>PROGRAMME COVERAGE DURING YEAR 2022-23</b>								
<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>ITDA</b>	<b>No of Bloc ks</b>	<b>Name of the Blocks</b>	<b>No of GPs</b>	<b>No of Village s</b>	<b>No of MWS s</b>	<b>Treatable Areas (Ha.)</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>
1	Gunupur	3	Gudari, Gunpur, Ramnaguda	40	189	50	35473.51	12265
2	Malkangiri	6	Mathili, Khairiput, Korkunda, Chitrokunda, Malkangiri, Kalimela, Podia	29	115	42	25751.27	13140
3	Keonjhar	1	Telkoi	35	84	62	20949	9242
4	Champua	3	Champua, Jhumura, Joda	31	100	51	22500	14285
5	Panposh	2	Nuagaon, Gurundia	24	86	55	35780	12528
6	Kuchinda	3	Bamara, Jamankira, Kuchinda	28	125	50	27511	13858
		<b>18</b>		<b>187</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>167964.78</b>	<b>75318</b>

**PROGRAMME COVERAGE DURING 2023-24**

<b>PROGRAMME COVERAGE DURING YEAR 2023-24</b>								
<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>ITDA</b>	<b>No of Block s</b>	<b>Name of the Blocks</b>	<b>No of GPs</b>	<b>No of Villages</b>	<b>No of MWSs</b>	<b>Treatable Areas (Ha.)</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>
1	Gunupur	3	Gudari, Gunpur, Ramnaguda	40	189	50	35473.51	12265
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		<b>18</b>		<b>187</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>167964.78</b>	<b>75318</b>



Solar Cold Room installed under convergence with horticulture department

### 3. Funding Pattern:

Govt. of Odisha, is providing programme management support and all other components are being implemented through convergence from the ongoing programmes like MGNREGA, DMF, OMBADC, National Horticulture Mission (NHM), SCA to TSS, OAIC, OLIC, etc.

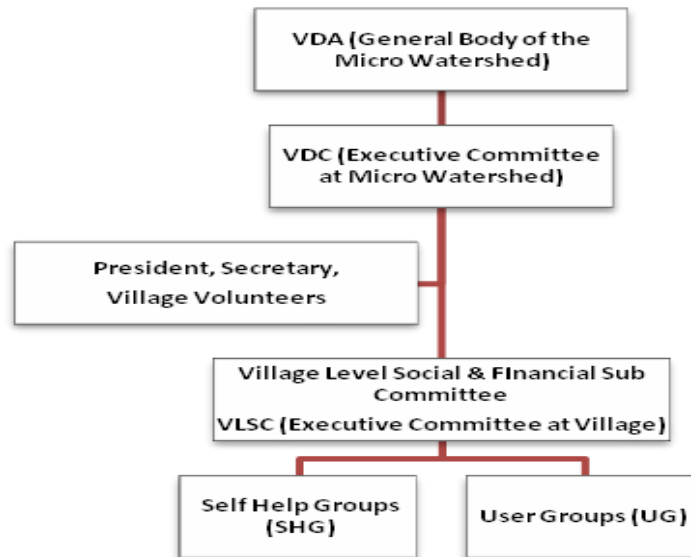
### Project Strategy:

- Go-NGO partnership and programme implementation through CBOs.
- It adopts a Micro-Watershed approach with the objective of holistic tribal development
- Well-structured institutional mechanism and institutional set up.
- The community is at the core of implementation, and awareness & capacity building are given primary importance. All works are executed through the Village Development Committee.
- It addresses the basic issues pertaining to the tribal population, especially related to livelihood and natural resource management.
- Young dedicated team of professionals with relevant subject expertise and performance evaluation measurement.
- Phasing of project with adequate thrust on planning.
- Acceptance level of this model of governance is very high among the tribal population.

### 4. Institution Building And Community Organization

The programme adopts a public private -community partnership approach in implementation of the programme. In this PPCP mode, Government has taken the role of providing technical assistance and support, where the NGOs play the role of facilitator in capacitating the community and their institutions for planning, implementation, monitoring

and governance. Community being the primary stakeholders (beneficiary) of the programme plays the role of implementer. They directly plan, execute and monitor the programme activities through their institutions like Self Help Group (SHG), User Group (UG) and Common Interest Group (CIG). The following table depicts the key roles of each category of stakeholders involved in the process of project implementation.



Micro watershed development approach as the basis for development of livelihood has been adopted as the framework of implementation. The programme adopts the institutional modalities prescribed by the MoRD, GoI, to ensure proper alignment of the programme with mainstream development programme. Thus at the micro watershed level (cluster of two to three villages) Village Development Associations (VDA) are constituted. All the adult members of the villages (more particularly the voters) living in the villages located within the micro watershed are the members of the VDA. This VDA is registered under the society's act 1860. The VDA has further constituted a committee called Village Development Committees (VDC), which is the executive body of the VDA. This committee holds 15 to 20 members comprising of the representatives from all the villages within the micro watershed. These representatives are either selected or elected from existing village based organizations such as Self Help Group (SHG), User Group (UG), and Traditional Institutions. The VDC has 50% women representation and representation of the marginalized groups like landless, disabled, widow etc.

### 5. Component wise major achievements of the Programme:

The major focus on capacity building for empowerment, promotion of farm & non-farm based livelihoods activities, Income Generation Activities, Fruit based Agro-forestry in uplands, Commercial vegetable cultivation with solar based borewell irrigation, cash crops and linked to

vegetable cooperative under convergence, poultry & goat rearing, Infrastructure for community, Irrigation, Drinking water facilities, etc.

**The component wise Target & Achievement is attached as Annexure - I & II;**

**Glimpses of various livelihood activities through photographs**





## 6. Programme Management

### Monitoring & Evaluation

Monitoring & Evaluation system plays important role in impacting on livelihoods in the lives of targeted population. It has been developed means and ways to monitor its activities in regular interval through various agencies at different level. This method also ensures the involvement of community at their disposal. Separate strategies have been made for Monitoring of activities and this has been started from field functionaries to State team which includes Programme Director. The tools and techniques used for it are given below:

#### A. Maintenance of Books of account for Community Based Organization (SHG/VDC/Federation/Cooperative)

- A standardized set of books/registers are developed and maintained to keep each and every record. This includes a set of books meant for accounting purposes and other set is for minute's i.e. the discussion of the organization to be recorded along with decision taken.
- This gives very good transparent records and built the confidence among all stakeholders.
- This helps in tracking success or failure and built upon from there.

#### B. Voucher based Monitoring System

- Any payment or expenditure needs to be supported by payment voucher and in same way any fund received requires receipt slip from the organization.
- The payment made for wage laborer is recorded in muster roll.
- All together to put into a single muster roll format developed for all payments and shared in the meeting
- All the entries are summed up in the report and the final figure along with the related documents (case record) are presented before the Village Social & Financial Audit Committee which is the Palli Sabha of the Village for approval of the expenditures made in each month from 22nd to 25th of each month.

- On approval of the same the original and duplicate copy (generated using carbon paper) sent to the VDC keeping the triplicate for record.
- The VDC receives the reports from each village within the micro watershed and consolidates the expenditures against each programme component and reports to the FNGO and ITDA.
- Accordingly the FNGO and ITDA consolidate the information and add the expenditure incurred at their level and submit the reports.
- All these expenditure reports are being accepted as utilization certificate of the funds spent.

#### C. Physical Progress Reporting (Output & Outcome reporting)

- The FNGOs and ITDAs prepare Half Yearly Progress Reports against the Annual Work Plan & Budget for the year presenting the outputs achieved during the period and cumulative achievement.
- Besides, the ITDAs based on these reports, prepares half yearly and Annual Performance Report which is an output linked outcome report presenting the change in various physical indicators for both RIMS and log frame.

#### D. Concurrent Evaluations

- Multi-Disciplinary Team is constituted at PSU level to review the progress and provide technical backstopping.
- E. Tally ERP 9 has been provided to keep track of the financial accounts, which is further customized to get the MPR reports and the standardized accounting reports and also synchronized by the accounts section to get the data of the ITDA's at PSU level.

#### Component/Scheme wise Financial Progress during 2022-23

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Component	AWPB 2022-23	
		Target	Achievement during 2022-23
1	Capacity Building for Empowerment	103.79	43.82
2	Livelihood Enhancement (Mostly through Convergence –MGNREGA & SCA-TSS)	5011.13	3551.923
3	Development Initiative Fund	1383.28	1338.24
4	Programme Management	742.75	624.12
5	VDC admin. Cost	189.84	174.32
<b>TOTAL:</b>		<b>7430.79</b>	<b>5732.423</b>
<b>Scheme/ Programme</b>			
1	Convergence	5011.13	3551.92
2	State Plan	2419.66	2180.50
	<b>Total</b>	<b>7430.79</b>	<b>5732.423</b>

**Component/Scheme wise Financial Progress during 2023-24**

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Component	AWPB 2023-24	
		Target	Achievement during 2023-24
1	Capacity Building for Empowerment	85.97	75.65
2	Livelihood Enhancement( <b>Mostly through Convergence –MGNREGA&amp; SCA-TSS</b> )	4414.60	3955.98
3	Development Initiative Fund	2213.01	2142.28
4	Programme Management	711.6	606.98
5	VDC admin. Cost	183.72	175.92
	Supplementary Budget	158.40	158.40
<b>TOTAL:</b>		<b>7767.29</b>	<b>7115.21</b>
<b>Scheme/ Programme</b>			
1	Convergence	4414.60	3955.98
2	State Plan ( including supplementary budget)	3352.69	3159.23
	<b>Total</b>	<b>7767.29</b>	<b>7115.21</b>

**ANNEXURE- I**

**Major (Key) Activities undertaken in OTELP Plus for the year 2022-23.**

**Activity wise physical and financial progress, 2022-23**

Sl. No	Component	Activity	Target (Phy)	Target (Fin) Rs. In Lakh	Achievement (Phy)	Achievement (Fin) Rs. in Lakh
1	Capacity Building	Community Empower & management & Skill Up-gradation	872	103.79	632	43.82
2	Development Initiative (Infrastructure)	Entry Point Activity	12	30.00		
		Multi Purpose Community Centre	11	55.00	11	55.00
		Solar Grid	4	16.00	4	14.00
3	Development Initiative (Irrigation)	Irrigation (Solar Based Bore well Irrigation)	27	162	28	165.99
		DBI	15	90.00	15	90.00
		Jalanidhi II (State Share – OTELP Plus)	131	11.79	37	3.33
4	Development	Piped water supply project	25	91.00	27	90.74

	Initiative (Drinking Water facilities)	for domestic use (Both Solar & Gravity)				
		Pump Set (1 HP & 3 HP)	67	14.67	67	14.07
		Pump Set (1 HP & 3 HP) Solar	45	54.00	33	51.85
5	Development Initiative (Agri & Hort)	Mo Badi phala Bagicha (HH)	1500	60.00	1500	59.45
		Intensive Farming for Kharif, Rabi & Summer (Cereals, Pulses, Oil Seeds, Vegetables & Spices)	1270 Ha.	298.07	1270	290.00
		Non-Intensive Farming for Kharif, Rabi & Summer (Cereals, Pulses, Oil Seeds, Vegetables & Spices)	322 Ha.	75.15	322	75.00
		Mushroom	20	6.00	20	6.00
6	Development Initiative (IGA)	Support to Vulnerable HHs	156	60.9	156	60.9
		Support to SHG (Livestock, Processing Units, Small Enterprises, etc)	239	311.4	239	310
7	Development Initiative (New Initiative)	Cold Storage (8 Ton capacity)	6	33.00	4	22
		Solar Lantern (HHs)	250	10.00	250	10.00
		Solar Street Light	53	10.60	53	10.00
8	MGNREGA (Convergence)	Plantation New & Maintenance	1160.64	1440.02	945.7	1362.71
		Land & Water Management (Soil & Moisture Conservation)	10562	2847.97	3177.8	1653.51

**ANNEXURE- II****Major (Key) Activities undertaken in OTELP Plus for the year 2023-24.****Activity wise physical and financial progress, 2023-24**

Sl. No	Component	Activity	Cumulative Achievement			
			Target (Physical)	Target (Fin) Rs. In Lakhs	Achievement (Physical)	Achievement (Fin) (Rs. in Lakhs)
1	Capacity Building	Community Empower & management & Skill Up-gradation	593	54.68	486	46.79
2	Development Initiative (Infrastructure)	Multi Purpose Community Centre	70	210	70	210
		Solar Grid	12	48	12	48
3	Development Initiative (Irrigation)	Irrigation (Solar Based Bore well Irrigation)	46	274.19	46	274.19
		Irrigation (Solar Based Bore well Irrigation- Woodex)	12	96	12	94
		Solar Lift irrigation	20	75	15	75
		DBI	9	54	8	48
		Jalanidhi II (State Share – OTELP Plus)	218	35.5	218	35.5
4	Development Initiative (Provision of Pump Sets)	Pump Set (2 HP)	158	35	158	34.76
		Solar Pump Set (2 HP)	83	133	83	132.8
5	Development Initiative (Agri. & Hort.)	Mo Badi phala Bagicha (HH)	2500	118	2500	117.41

		Mo Badi phala Bagicha (HH) – Gap filling	21496	12	21496	11.97
		Intensive Farming for Kharif, Rabi & Summer (Cereals, Pulses, Oil Seeds, Vegetables & Spices) in Ha.	2786	602.95	2767	591.99
		Non-Intensive Farming for Kharif, Rabi & Summer (Cereals, Pulses, Oil Seeds, Vegetables & Spices) in Ha.	461	94.33	479	91.58
		Mushroom	20	6	20	6
6	Development Initiative (IGA)	Support to Vulnerable HHs	188	94.7	188	94.7
		Support to SHG (Livestock, Processing Units, Small Enterprises, etc)	264	327.45	264	327.45
7	Development Initiative (New Initiative)	Cold Storage (8 Ton capacity)	1	4	1	4
		Solar Street Light	97	19	97	19
		Farm Implements (Weeder) – Farmer’s Contribution	45	7	109	6.75

		Power Weeder (Farmer's Contribution)	15	7	15	6.41
		Battery Sprayer (Farmer's Contribution)	64	2	64	1.61
		Lemon grass oil extraction unit (Top up)	3	11	3	11
8	MGNREGA (Convergence)	Plantation New & Maintenance	807	117.55	1108	1384.97
		Land & Water Management-Soil & Moisture conservation	18234	2627.53	3152	1536.04
		Other Convergence (NHM/OAIC/DMF, etc)	514	669.54	827	416.29
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>48716</b>	<b>5735.42</b>	<b>34198</b>	<b>5626.21</b>

## Chapter-XI

### Odisha PVTG Empowerment and Livelihoods Improvement Programme (OPELIP)

The Scheduled Tribe communities have distinct social, cultural and occupational practices and traits. Scheduled Tribes are concentrated in an area covering 119 Blocks in 13 Districts out of 314 Blocks of 30 Districts in Odisha. Out of 635 tribal communities in India, 62 are found in Odisha. Among the STs 13 are Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs) spread over 12 Districts in the State namely, Kalahandi, Nuapada, Sundargarh, Deogarh, Angul, Mayurbhanj, Keonjhar, Malkangiri, Rayagada, Kandhamal, Gajapati and Ganjam. The PVTG in Odisha include Bonda, Chuktia Bhunjia, Didayi, Dangria Kandha, Juang, Hill-Kharia, Kutia Kandha, Lanjia Saora, Lodha, Mankiridia, Paudi Bhuyan and Saora. The PVTG are distinguished from other tribal communities for their pre-agricultural economy, low levels of literacy, isolated habitations and other characteristics. They reside in some parts of 22 blocks of twelve districts. They are socio-economically very vulnerable and depended on forest-based livelihoods.

To improve livelihoods and reduce poverty among 13 PVTGs, Government of Odisha in partnership with International Fund for Agriculture Development (IFAD) has taken up Odisha PVTG Empowerment & Livelihoods Improvement Programme (OPELIP) in the state covering 96651 households in the year 2016-17. Among the total 96,651 households, 27,308 households are PVTGs, 39,969 are other tribal households, 8616 are Schedules Caste (SC) households and 20,758 other poor households. This programme is being implemented by 16 NGOs, across 17 Micro Project Agencies (MPAs) of Odisha.

#### **I. Goal**

The Odisha PVTGs Empowerment and Livelihoods Improvement Programme's goal is to enhance living conditions and reduce poverty of the PVTGs and other poor communities. The goal will be achieved through realizing the development and enabling improved livelihoods, food and nutrition security of the households.

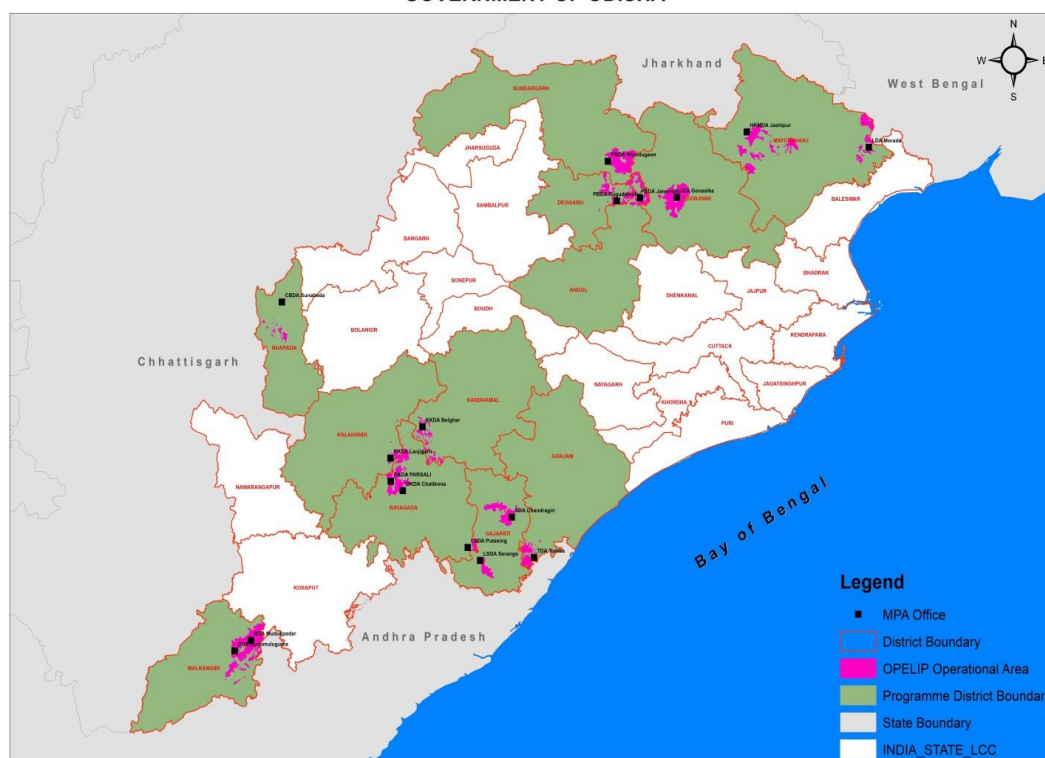
#### **II. Components**

The Project comprises of four major components i.e., Community Empowerment and Rural Finance, Natural Resource Management (NRM) and Livelihoods Enhancement, Community Infrastructure and Drudgery Reduction (CI & DR), and Programme Management. However, the programme has undertaken many diversified activities like health, food and nutrition security, climate change adaptation, migration, etc. in due course of time based on the need of the PVTGs across MPAs in Odisha. Besides there are several interventions through convergence with various line departments for the holistic development of the PVTGs communities.

### III. Coverage

The programme is being implemented in 17 MPAs located in 12 districts, 22 blocks, 89 Gram Panchayats covering 13 PVTGs living in 1125 villages as well as hamlets. Table below provides information on establishment of 17 Micro Projects of Odisha for development of 13 PVTGs.

**OPERATIONAL AREAS OF ODISHA PVTG EMPOWERMENT AND LIVELIHOODS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME  
GOVERNMENT OF ODISHA**



**Table-1: Programme Area**

Sl. No.	Name of MPA	Name of the FNGO	District	Block	I.T.D.A. Covered	Name of PVTG
01	BDA, Mudulipada	VIKASH	Malkangiri	Khairaput	Malkangiri	Bonda
02	CBDA, Sunabeda	IAEET	Nuapada	Komna	Non-I.T.D.A. area	Chuktia Bhunjia
03	DDA, Kudumuluguma	PARIVARTTAN	Malkangiri	Khairput, Korukonda & Chittrakonda	Malkangiri	Didayi
04	DKDA, Kurli, Chatikona	AKSSUS	Rayagada	Bissamcuttack & Muniguda	Gunupur	Dangria Kandha
05	DKDA, Parsali	FARR	Rayagada	Kalyansingpur	Rayagada	Dangria Kandha
06	HK & MDA, Jashipur	Association For Development Initiative	Mayurbhanj	Karanjia & Jashipur	Karanjia	Hill Kharia & Mankirdia
07	JDA, Gonasika	WOSCA	Keonjhar	Banspal	Keonjhar	Juang
08	KKDA, Belghar		Kandhamal	Tumudibandha	Balliguda	Kutia Kandha

				& Kotagarh		
09	KKDA, Lanjigarh	JANASAHAJYA	Kalahandi	Lanjigarh	Th. Rampur	Kutia Kandha
10	LSDA, Puttasing	SHAKTI/ SSCSO	Rayagada	Gunupur	Gunupur	Lanjia Soura
11	LSDA, Seranga	JANAKALYANA PRATISTHANA	Gajapati	Gumma	Parlakhemundi	Lanjia Soura
12	LDA, Moroda	SPAR	Mayurbhanj	Suliapada& Morada	Baripada	Lodha
13	PBDA, Khuntagaon		Sundergarh	Lahunipara	Bonai	Paudi Bhuyan
14	PBDA, Jamardihi	IRDMS	Anugul	Pallahara	Non-I.T.D.A. area	Paudi Bhuyan
15	PBDA, Rugudakudar	IRDMS	Deogarh	Barakote	Non-I.T.D.A. area	Paudi Bhuyan
16	SDA, Chandragiri	SWWS	Gajapati	Mohana	Parlakhemundi	Soura
17	TDA, Tumba	ISARA	Ganjam	Patrapur	Non-I.T.D.A. area	Saora

#### IV. Approaches

The programme is being implemented through a bottom-up planning approach through promotion of community level institutions, i.e., self-help groups (SHGs), Village Development Associations (VDAs) and Gram Panchayat Level Federation (GPLF), producer groups (PGs), Van Dhan Vikash Kendras (VDVKs) etc. The communities are taking ownership on preparing plan, execution and monitoring of the activities with the handholding facilitation of professionals engaged at Micro Project Agencies (MPAs) and Facilitating Non-Government Organization (FNGOs) level. The programme adopts an integrated approach, involving support for improved access to land, natural resources, agricultural technologies, financial services, markets, productive and social infrastructure, essential social services and giving focus on the extremely severe malnutrition situation in PVTG villages. At the same time, OPELIP focuses on the convergence of different line departments for sustainable development of the PVTGs across MPAs area.

#### V. Organisation and Management

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) is the nodal agency at the national level. However, at the state level, the Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes Development (SSD) Department, Government of Odisha is the lead programme agency who is responsible for planning, fund flow, monitoring & evaluation, gender mainstreaming, knowledge management, etc. through the project management unit (PMU). A Programme Management Committee headed by the Principal Secretary of the SSD Department and the Programme Steering committee under the Chairmanship of Development Commissioner provide overall policy guidance. At district level Programme Implementation Committee headed by the Collector and the MPA (the Programme Implementing Agency) along with the FNGO for professional support.

## VI. Plan and Implementation

In the OPELIP Programme, the community is one of the key stakeholders which play an important role with all responsibility in terms of planning, execution and monitoring of the project. As per the objectives of the programme, it prepares a Village Development Plan (VDP) during the programme period. Each year, the community prepares an Annual Work Plan & Budget (AWP&B) based on VDP documents with the support of the experts engaged at FNGO and MPA level. This AWP&B gets approval at Govt. level before implementation. After preparation of AWP&B at the community level, the respective MPAs submit the same to PMU for its approval. The PMU at the state level prepares a draft AW&B by consolidating all micro-plans in consultation with the respective MPAs and partner NGOs in MPA areas.

### **OPELIP Physical Progress FY 2022-23** **Strengthening SHG, SHG Grading, PVTG Empowerment Fund (PEF) and Late Marriage Incentive**

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
	<b>Strengthening SHG</b>		
1	SHG formed/ revived	Nos	74
2	No of SHG Members	Nos	962
3	PVTG Members	Nos	250
4	Non-PVTG Members	Nos	712
5	No of SHG bank linked	Nos	1719
6	Amount of Loan disbursed	Nos	1357.23
7	Amount of Savings	(Rs in akhs)	1722.85
	<b>SHG Grading</b>		
1	Grade-A	Nos	2934
2	Grade-B	Nos	2496
3	Grade-C	Nos	969
4	BoR supplied	Nos	6273
5	<b>PVTG Empowerment Fund (PEF)</b>		
6	No of SHG	Nos	1165
7	Amount of Funds disbursed	(Rs in akhs)	1065.1
8	Loan O/S	(Rs in akhs)	797.29
9	Late Marriage Incentive	Nos	150

### Physical Progress: Income Generation Activity and Processing Units

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
1	No of IGAs for vulnerable HHS	Nos	3479
1	PVTG HHS involved in IGA	Nos	1892
2	Non-PVTG HHS involved in IGA	Nos	1587
3	Male Members involved in IGA	Nos	2277
4	Female Members involved in IGA	Nos	1202
5	No of Processing Units	Nos	131

### Physical Progress of OPNIP

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
1	MSPK-cum-Creche (Cumulative)	No. of Centres	61
2	MSPK-Creche-No of Children enrolled	No. of Children	915
3	Maternal Spot Feeding Centre (MSFC)	No. of Centres	161
4	MSFC -No. of Pregnant & Lactating Mothers enrolled	No. of Children	1610
5	Spot Feeding Centre (SFC)	No. of Centres	111
6	SFC (No. of AWC enrolled Children)	No. of Children	2220

### Physical Progress of Agriculture Activities

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
	<b>FRA</b>		
1	No of HHS received FRA title	HH	
	Amount of land received under FRA	Ha.	
2	No of HHS received Revenue land	Nos	
	Amount of land received under Revenue land	Ha.	
2.1	No of HHS Received Agriculture Land	Nos	
	Amount of land received under Agriculture land	Ha.	
2.2	No of HHS Received Homestead	Nos	
	Amount of land received under Homestead land	Ha.	
	<b>Land Development</b>		
3	Land Development	Ha.	754
	Land Development	HHs	2160
	<b>Water related infrastructure</b>		
4	Water related infrastructure (Nos)	Nos	235
	Water related infrastructure (HHs)	HHs Benefitted	1645
4.1	DBI	Nos	62

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
	DBI	HHs Benefitted	1478
	DBI	Ha. irrigated	567.48
4.2	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	Nos	119
	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	HHs Benefitted	2611
	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	Ha. irrigated	1003.6
4.3	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	Nos	20
	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	HHs Benefitted	365
	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	Ha. irrigated	196.2
5	<b>Plantation (HHs &amp; Ha.)</b>		
	HH Provided fruits crop (plantation)	Ha.	1702
	HH Provided fruits crop (plantation)	HHs	1892
	HH Provided Spice crop	Ha.	343
	HH Provided Spice crop	HHs	2400
	Mixed Plantation (Lemon Grass/Hill brooms/Litchi /Orange/Banana/Pineapple/Amla. etc.)	Ha.	175
	Mixed Plantation (Lemon Grass/Hill brooms/Litchi /Orange/Banana/ Pineapple/Amla.etc.)	HHs	712
6	<b>FFS (Kharif&amp; Rabi separately)</b>		
6.1	No of FFS	Nos	89
6.2	No of Farmers in FFS		1513
7	Cereal /Millets crops development-IFAD	Ha.	2819
7.1	Cereal /Millets Crops Development-IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	11276
8	Pulses, oilseeds, tubers development -IFAD	Ha.	726
8.1	Pulses, oilseeds, tubers development -IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	2904
9	Vegetables-IFAD	Ha.	405
9.1	Vegetables-IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	1620
10	Mushroom	Nos	17
10.1	Mushroom	No of SHGs Supported	17
11	Kitchen Garden/HHs Crop Development	HHs	10133
12	Promotion of high Value Commercial Crop clusters (AgricultureIntensification Cluster)	No	148

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
12.1	Promotion of high Value Commercial Crop clusters (AgricultureIntensification Cluster)	HHs	2960
13	Cold Storage	Nos	12
13.1	Cold Storage	No of farmers benefitted	2290

#### Physical Progress of Livestock

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
1	Community Goatry(30+2)	Nos	384
2	Quality breeding buck	Nos	876
3	Training of Livestock production & management to SHG members / rearer	Nos	289
4	Training of Livestock production & management to SHG members / rearers	No. of Beneficiaries	10728
5	Animal Health Camp	Nos	271

#### Physical Progress of Community Infrastructure and Drudgery Reduction

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2022-23
1	Building/Community Hall	Nos	280
2	Drying yard	Nos	239
3	Road Connectivity	No of Villages connected	57
4	Road Connectivity	In K.M	111
5	Travis	Nos	159
6	SHG work shed for aggregation of NTFP	No	66
7	SHG work shed for aggregation of NTFP	No of Villages covered	66
8	Seed Storage bin	HHs	5241
9	Household drinking water	No of Units	75
10	Household drinking water	No. of HHs Benefitted	5291
11	Community Solar streetlight	No. Installed	66
12	Solar Grid	Nos	20
13	Solar Grid	HHs benefitted	526

## OPELIP Physical Progress FY 2023-24

Strengthening SHG, SHG Grading, PVTG Empowerment Fund (PEF) and Late Marriage Incentive

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
	<b>Strengthening SHG</b>		
1	SHG formed/ revived	Nos	97
2	No of SHG Members	Nos	1261
3	PVTG Members	Nos	328
4	Non-PVTG Members	Nos	933
5	No of SHG bank linked	Nos	1662
6	Amount of Loan disbursed	Nos	1414.64
7	Amount of Savings	(Rs in akhs)	2427.07
	<b>SHG Grading</b>		
1	Grade-A	Nos	2944
2	Grade-B	Nos	2566
3	Grade-C	Nos	1239
4	BoR supplied	Nos	
	<b>PVTG Empowerment Fund (PEF)</b>		
6	No of SHG	Nos	1744
7	Amount of Funds disbursed	(Rs in akhs)	1663.27
8	Loan O/S	(Rs in akhs)	1010.81
9	Late Marriage Incentive	Nos	

### Physical Progress of Producer Group (PG) and Van Dhan Vikas Kendra (VDVK)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
1	Promotion of PGs	Nos	21
2	No of VDVKs	Nos	43
3	No of processing units	Nos	12

### Physical Progress: Income Generation Activity

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
1	No of IGAs for vulnerable HHs	Nos	182
1	PVTG HHs involved in IGA	Nos	151
2	Non-PVTG HHs involved in IGA	Nos	31
3	Male Members involved in IGA	Nos	112
4	Female Members involved in IGA	Nos	70

### Physical Progress of OPNIP

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
1	MSPK-cum-Creche (Cumulative)	No. of Centres	61
2	MSPK-Creche-No of Children enrolled	No. of Children	915
3	Maternal Spot Feeding Centre (MSFC)	No. of Centres	161
4	MSFC -No. of Pregnant & Lactating Mothers enrolled	No. of Children	1610
5	Spot Feeding Centre (SFC)	No. of Centres	111
6	SFC (No. of AWC enrolled Children)	No. of Children	2220

### Physical Progress of Agriculture Activities

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
	<b>FRA</b>		
1	No of HHs received FRA title	HH	14444
	Amount of land received under FRA	Ha.	11202.08
2	No of HHs received Revenue land	Nos	16986
	Amount of land received under Revenue land	Ha.	1796.96
2.1	No of HHs Received Agriculture Land	Nos	7054
	Amount of land received under Agriculture land	Ha.	1605.51
2.2	No of HHs Received Homestead	Nos	9932
	Amount of land received under Homestead land	Ha.	191.44
	<b>Land Development</b>		
3	Land Development	Ha.	107
	Land Development	HHs	485
	<b>Water related infrastructure</b>		
4	Water related infrastructure (Nos)	Nos	101
	Water related infrastructure (HHs)	HHs Benefitted	707
4.1	DBI	Nos	12
	DBI	HHs Benefitted	182
	DBI	Ha. irrigated	84.8
4.2	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	Nos	57
	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	HHs Benefitted	1170
	Solar Based Irrigation (Borewell / open well/Sump)	Ha. irrigated	571.2

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
4.3	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	Nos	2
	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	HHs Benefitted	103
	Lift (Solar/Electric/Deisel Pump)	Ha. irrigated	20
5	<b>Plantation (HHs &amp; Ha.)</b>		
	HH Provided fruits crop (plantation)	Ha.	1020
	HH Provided fruits crop (plantation)	HHs	1324
	HH Provided Spice crop	Ha.	633
	HH Provided Spice crop	HHs	1188
	Mixed Plantation (Lemon Grass/Hill brooms/Litchi /Orange/Banana/Pineapple/Amla. etc.)	Ha.	50
	Mixed Plantation (Lemon Grass/Hill brooms/Litchi /Orange/Banana/ Pineapple/Amla.etc.)	HHs	221
6	<b>FFS (Kharif&amp; Rabi separately)</b>		
6.1	No of FFS	Nos	57
6.2	No of Farmers in FFS		969
7	Cereal /Millets crops development-IFAD	Ha.	2059
7.1	Cereal /Millets Crops Development-IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	8236
8	Pulses, oilseeds, tubers development -IFAD	Ha.	1666
8.1	Pulses, oilseeds, tubers development -IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	6664
9	Vegetables-IFAD	Ha.	261
9.1	Vegetables-IFAD	Nos of Farmers supported	1044
10	Mushroom	Nos	68
10.1	Mushroom	No of SHGs Supported	68
11	Kitchen Garden/HHs Crop Development	HHs	4913
12	Promotion of high Value Commercial Crop clusters (AgricultureIntensification Cluster)	No	124
12.1	Promotion of high Value Commercial Crop clusters (AgricultureIntensification Cluster)	HHs	2480
13	Cold Storage	Nos	3
13.1	Cold Storage	No of farmers benefitted	217

### Physical Progress of Livestock

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
1	Community Goatry(30+2)	Nos	37
2	Quality breeding buck	Nos	
3	Training of Livestock production & management to SHG members / rearer	Nos	111
4	Training of Livestock production & management to SHG members / rearers	No. of Beneficiaries	5221
5	Animal Health Camp	Nos	200

### Physical Progress of Community Infrastructure and Drudgery Reduction

Sl. No.	Particulars	Units	2023-24
1	Drying yard	Nos	97
2	Road Connectivity	No of Villages connected	114
3	Road Connectivity	In K.M	292
4	Household drinking water	No of Units	601
5	Household drinking water	No. of HHs Benefitted	4309
6	Community Solar streetlight	No. Installed	35
7	Solar Grid	Nos	5
8	Solar Grid	HHs benefitted	162

### Financial Progress of FY 2022-23 & 2023-24

#### a. All Schemes (Amount in Cr.)

Sl No.	Year	IFAD + GoO		CCD		MGNREGS		FARD		Beneficiary Contribution		TOTAL	
		Receipts	Expenses	Receipts	Expenses	Receipts	Expenses	Receipts	Expenses	Receipts	Expenses	Receipts	Expenses
1	2022-23	116.28	99.50	17.96	8.66		25.25		9.31		1.58	134.24	119.05
2	2023-24	50.00	58.87				23.18		0.92		0.01	50.00	82.98
	<b>Total</b>	<b>166.28</b>	<b>158.37</b>	<b>17.96</b>	<b>8.66</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>48.43</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>10.23</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>1.59</b>	<b>184.24</b>	<b>202.03</b>

**b. GoO & IFAD (Amount in Cr.)**

<b>Sl No.</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Amount Received</b>	<b>Expenditure incurred</b>	<b>GoO share</b>	<b>IFAD Share</b>
1	<b>2022-23</b>	116.28	99.50	22.42	77.08
2	<b>2023-24</b>	50.00	58.87	16.56	42.31
	<b>Total</b>	<b>166.28</b>	<b>158.37</b>	<b>38.98</b>	<b>119.39</b>

**Chapter-XII**  
**TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATIVE**  
**CORPORATION OF ODISHA LTD**

**1. Implementation of Central and State sector scheme in the state for the promotion of tribal entrepreneurship and livelihood enhancement.**

- PM JVM (PM Janjatiya Vikas Mission)-
  - Out of 170 VDVKCs sanctioned, a total of 166 VDVKCs are being formed with bank accounts 166 van dhan kendras.
  - In total 121 Van Dhan kendras are operational with 341 value addition units has been set up at clusters. 180 value-addition units established directly benefit more than 27,976 beneficiaries.
- PM JANMAN (Pradhan Mantri Janjati Adivasi Nyaya Maha Abhiyan).  
(Exclusive scheme for PVTG – Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group) 43 number of new PVTG VDVKs have been formed.
- MSP for MFP scheme, Under PM JVM – Procurement of Minor Forest Items from Tribal Community of the state.
  - Received 66.54 Crore (Central Govt Rs.49.905 Crore and State Govt. Rs. 16.635 Crore )
  - FY 2023-2024 a total of 75.67 Crore utilized for the procurement of tamarind, sal seed and harida benefitted to 29,900 primary collectors

Sl No.	Name of MFPs	2023-24		Beneficiaries
		Qty in Qtls	Value (Rs.in lakhs)	
1	Seeded Tamarind	127923.80	4605.26	14648
2	Sal Seeds	144353.75	2887.08	15099
3	De Seeded Tamarind	1181.15	74.41	133
4	Harida	17.76	0.27	20
	Total	273476.46	7567.01	29900

**2. LABHA - ('Laghu Bana Jatya Drabya Kraya') Yojana**

- 99.00 Crore has been earned for the procurement of 21 no's of minor forest prodgues.
- Setting Up Tamarind Processing Unit in Rayagada, Rs 24.91 Crore capital outlay

**3. Procurement of ragi:**

TDCCOL as the State Procurement Agency is procuring ragi from all districts under Odisha Millet Mission through the PACS/LAMPCS/FPOs/SHG Federations identified in

different Ragi procurement districts. In last KMS 2023-24 TDCCOL 4.5.00 lakhs quintals of Ragi from 49050 no. of farmers.

#### **4. Promotion & Marketing of Coffee:**

For promotion of Koraput coffee TDCCOL in association with the Coffee Board of India & District Administration has set up one Coffee Curing Centre at Koraput for processing. TDCCOL is marketing the same under the brand name of "Koraput Coffee" which is having very good market demand. Also, the coffee is sold through the different online platforms like amazon.in/ecommerce sites. TDCCOL purchasing cherry coffee from the tribal farmers at remunerative price. In the last season TDCCOL procured 34 MT of Cherry Coffee from 193 no of farmers. The payment was remitted through DBT. TDCCOL is running different Coffee Kiosks at the following locations:

1. Adisha, Rupali Square, Bhubaneswar.
2. Ekamrakanan Park, Bhubaneswar.
3. Ananadavan Park, Bhubaneswar.
4. Mission Shakti Bazar, Bhubaneswar.
5. Niladri Beach, Puri.
6. ITDA Campur, Koraput.
7. Nalco, Damanjodi.

#### **5. Adisha –**

To facilitate the marketing of products of Minor Forest Produces, Surplus Agriculture Produces, handicraft, tribal handlooms, Tribal Art and Paints etc. from the tribal belt, TDCCOL independently is operating 8 exclusive Tribal World Outlets across the State. Outlets being operation in districts namely, Khurda, Puri, Mayurbhanj, Sundergarh, Koraput. Outlets to open in other districts shortly are Rayagada, Kalahandi, Keonjhar etc. Consumer Business (Marketing and Value addition of Tribal Produce )

- An amount of Rs.17.13 Crore has been placed for upgradation of Adisha consumer business in FY 2023-2024.
- In FY 2023-2024 a total of 1.66 Crore and 1.44 Crore of sales was made respectively.

#### **6. Adishlipi scheme-** Received a grant of Rs.1.00 Crore.

- Sabai craft /Kapdaganda Fabric /Dokra craft

The above scheme is in progress.

## Chapter-XIII

# ODISHA TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY (OTDS)

### **Background**

Odisha Tribal Development Society (OTDS), a society promoted by ST & SC Development Department is registered under Societies Registration Act 1860. This autonomous Society was established vide the Government Resolution No.23417/38 of 2012-13 dated 18th October 2012 to act as the Nodal Agency for technical assistance and support in implementation of the Mission Jeevika, Skill Development, and Natural Farming of the Department. The mandate of OTDS is to provide technical support to the Department for conceptualizing, planning, designing various schemes, programme and assist in implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the projects and programmes.

### **Institutional Structure :**

Odisha Tribal Development Society (OTDS) is under administrative control of the Department. The Governing Council of OTDS is the highest decision-making body and has 20 members where the Chief Secretary to Govt. of Odisha is ex-officio "President" of Governing Council, OTDS. The Executive Council is the second highest body of OTDS and has 8 members where Secretary, SSD Deptt. is ex-officio "Chairperson" of Executive Council, OTDS. Director (ST), SSD Deptt. is ex-officio 'Chief Executive Officer (CEO)' of OTDS.

OTDS is playing a crucial role in supporting the department by offering comprehensive technical assistance. This includes aiding in the formulation of proposals, crafting detailed guidelines, and ensuring effective monitoring and evaluation of program activities. Through these efforts, OTDS ensures that the department's initiatives are strategically planned, well-structured, and thoroughly assessed. Their support enhances the overall efficiency and effectiveness of program implementation, leading to improved outcomes and sustained success. By providing these vital services, OTDS contributes significantly to the department's mission and objectives, fostering a collaborative and results-oriented environment. The funds received from TD-I Section under Article 275 (I) and PMAAGY is monitoring by OTDS.

### **Programmes under Article 275 (I)**

#### **Mission Jeevika Cluster Livelihood Programme:**

To promote a scalable and replicable livelihood cluster model suitable for local conditions of tribal communities, the Department launched Mission Jeevika during the Fy 2019-20 by utilising SCA to TSS fund of MoTA. The objective is to ensure sustainable livelihoods for Scheduled Tribe (ST) families through farm, off-farm, and non-farm-based activities, thereby enhancing income through secure livelihood opportunities.

Mission Jeevika supports tribal farmers in livelihood promotion activities based on their needs, assists Self-Help Groups (SHGs) in generating income, and emphasizes creating market infrastructure, supporting livestock, promoting rubber cultivation, enhancing sericulture, and improving productivity on Forest Rights Act (FRA) land. This comprehensive approach aims to boost economic opportunities and improve the living standards of tribal communities.

The Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme (SCA to TSS) supported the state's efforts to bridge the gap between the Scheduled Tribe population and other communities. This fund, additive to State Plan Funds for tribal development, was utilized for the economic development of tribals residing in Tribal Sub Plan (TSP) areas. Since 2021-22, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs decided to close the SCA to TSS, transforming it into the Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAAGY). The Ministry has since supported the Mission Jeevika program under Article 275(I). During the FY 2022-23, Rs. 14.52 crores, for the promotion of the Livelihood Cluster Development Programme under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution.

Mission Jeevika, a Livelihood Cluster Programme, has been acclaimed as a best practice by NITI Aayog and documented in their Best Practices Compendium (January 2021). A Rapid Assessment conducted during FY 2022-23 highlighted its success and alignment with national and state-level initiatives, emphasizing its community-oriented approach. Building on this achievement, the state government launched Mission Jeevika Plus, or Mukhya Mantri Janjati Jeevika Mission (MMJJM), aiming to enhance livelihoods and foster sustainable development among tribal communities under the state plan.

**Financial progress of Mission Jeevika programme in ITDAs under Article 275(I) executed during FY 2022-23**

Sl	ITDA	Livelihood	
		Fund Received	Fund utilised
1	Baliguda	90.00	88.00
2	Baripada	102.00	102.00
3	Bonai	40.00	40.00
4	Champua	56.00	56.00
5	Gunupur	85.00	85.00
6	Jeypore	65.00	65.00
7	Kaptipada	45.00	45.01
8	Karanja	65.00	65.00
9	Keonjhar	116.00	116.00
10	Koraput	185.00	185.00
11	Kuchinda	56.00	56.00
12	Malkangiri	66.00	66.00
13	Nabarangpur	50.00	50.00



SI	ITDA	Livelihood	
		Fund Received	Fund utilised
14	Nilagiri	15.00	15.00
15	Panposh	16.00	16.00
16	Paralakhemundi	65.40	50.00
17	Phulbani	30.00	30.00
18	Rairangpur	60.00	60.00
19	Rayagada	60.00	60.00
20	Sundergarh	140.00	140.00
21	Th Rampur	25.00	25.00
22	Tileibani	20.00	20.00
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1452.39</b>	<b>1435.00</b>

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) granted Rs. 1452.39 lakhs during the FY 2022-23 for various livelihood programs in Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP) areas, converting 22 Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (ITDAs). The department released Rs. 1352.39 lakhs to ITDAs for executing the Mission Jeevika programme. The remaining Rs. 100.00 lakhs was allocated to OTELP Plus for implementing livelihood programs under the cluster mode of Mission Jeevika through Self-Help Groups (SHGs).

#### Construction of Road and bridges

SI	ITDA	No of project approved	Amount released (Rs in lakhs)	Fund utilised (Rs in lakhs)
1	Baripada	4	403.00	109.48
2	Rairangpur	4	221.00	221.00
3	Sundargarh	4	351.00	70.00
4	Kaptipada	2	167.00	53.54
5	Koraput	3	324.00	130.25
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1466.00</b>	<b>584.27</b>



During the FY 2021-22, 17 nos of Road and bridge projects have been approved where 4 projects have been completed and rest are ongoing. The project is being implemented by Baripada, Rairangpur, Sundergarh, Kaptipada, and Koraput ITDAs. These projects are aimed at enhancing the infrastructure and connectivity in these regions, which are crucial for the socio-economic development of the local communities. Improved roads and

bridges will facilitate better access to markets, healthcare, education, and other essential services, significantly impacting the quality of life for residents.

The total sanctioned amount for these projects is Rs. 14.66 crore, out of which Rs. 5.84 crore has already been utilized. This indicates that significant progress has been made, though much work remains to be done. The efficient use of the allocated funds is essential to ensure the timely completion of these projects, maximizing their benefits for the targeted areas.

SI	ITDA	No of project approved	No of project completed	Financial target (Rs in lakhs)	Expenditure (Rs in Lakhs)
1	Baripada	4	0	403.00	109.48
2	Rairangpur	4	4	221.00	221.00
3	Sundargarh	4	0	351.00	70.00
4	Kaptipada	2	0	167.00	53.54
5	Koraput	3	0	324.00	130.25
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1466.00</b>	<b>584.27</b>

### NEP and Additional classroom

The construction of these classrooms aims to enhance educational infrastructure in tribal areas, ensuring that students have access to better learning environments. Improved classroom facilities are crucial for delivering quality education, reducing dropout rates, and encouraging higher attendance among students. The MoTA has approved 88 Nos of additional



classrooms @ Rs. 12.00 lakhs the National Education Policy (NEP) and additional classroom initiatives. These projects are sanctioned under Article 275(I), with provisions made during the 2021-22 financial year. Out of these 88 projects, 36 have been completed, while the remaining are ongoing. These projects are being executed across 15 Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (ITDAs).

The efficient utilization of funds under Article 275(I) demonstrates a strategic approach to addressing the educational needs of tribal students. By completing a significant number of classrooms, the initiative has already positively impacted the education sector in these regions. The ongoing projects are expected to further contribute to the upliftment of educational standards, providing long-term benefits to the communities involved.

Overall, the construction of additional classrooms under these initiatives is a vital step towards achieving educational equity and improving the quality of education for tribal students. The efforts of the ITDAs in implementing these projects underscore their dedication to fostering an inclusive and supportive educational environment.

SI	ITDA	Fund Received	Fund Utilised
1	Baliguda	144.00	122.00
2	Champua	24.00	12.00
3	Gunupur	24.00	0.00
4	Jeypore	144.00	140.00
5	Keonjhar	120.00	84.12
6	Koraput	108.00	96.00
7	Kuchinda	36.00	0.00
8	Malkangiri	156.00	32.12
9	Nabarangpur	36.00	24.00
10	Nilagiri	24.00	0.00
11	Paralakhemundi	36.00	36.00
12	Phulbani	120.00	43.50
13	Rairangpur	12.00	0.00
14	Rayagada	24.00	24.00
15	Sundergarh	48.00	18.00
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1056.00</b>	<b>631.74</b>

### Construction of Anganwadi Centres-

In the financial year 2022-23, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) approved the construction of 379 Anganwadi centers under Article 275(I). These centers aim to provide essential early childhood education and nutrition services to tribal communities. However, due to land-related issues and the initiation of the same projects by other



departments, the ITDAs submitted 64 revised proposals to MoTA, which were approved by the Ministry. These projects will be executed after the Model Code of Conduct period.



The construction of these Anganwadi centers is crucial for enhancing the early childhood development framework in tribal areas. By providing better facilities, these centers will improve access to essential health, nutrition, and education services for young children, contributing to their overall well-being and development. The completion of these centers will significantly impact the quality of life in tribal regions, fostering a supportive

environment for early childhood development.

Sl. No	ITDA	No of Project	Not Started	Ongoing	Completed	Fund Sanctioned	Fund Released	Fund Utilised
1	Kuchinda	12		10	2	84.00	84.00	41.06
2	Koraput	12		9	3	84.00	84.00	50.43
3	Jeypore	68	10	48	10	476.00	476.00	314.83
4	Rayagada	35	7	26	2	245.00	245.00	38.08
5	Nabarangpur	109	1	105	3	763.00	763.00	80.77
6	Phulbani	10	1	5	3	70.00	70.00	29.95
7	Gunupur	27	3	24	0	189.00	189.00	75.50
8	Balliguda	18		4	14	126.00	126.00	107.50
9	Paralakhemundi	11	2	5	2	77.00	77.00	39.97
10	Malkangiri	31		25	6	217.00	217.00	82.94
11	Kaptipada	28	28			196.00	0	0.00
12	Nilagiri	18	18			126.00	0	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>2653.00</b>	<b>2331.00</b>	<b>861.03</b>

### Dormitory with Toilet and bathing rooms

Dormitories with toilets and bathing rooms in SSD (Scheduled Tribe and Scheduled Caste Development) schools are essential for maintaining hygiene and ensuring student well-being. This initiative aims to improve living conditions and sanitation for tribal students in SSD schools, reflecting a commitment to addressing basic infrastructure needs and enhancing quality of life. These facilities provide a safe and comfortable living environment, promoting better health and reducing illness. They also allow students to focus on their studies without worrying about basic sanitation. Additionally, proper dormitory facilities contribute to higher attendance and retention rates, especially for girls, by offering privacy and security. Overall, they play a crucial role in supporting the educational and personal development of students from marginalized communities.





During the FY 2022-23, 100 dormitories with toilets and bathing rooms were undertaken under Article 275(I) by 17 ITDAs. Out of 100 projects, 9 projects have been completed, and 86 projects remaining are ongoing.

**Table: Physical and Financial progress of Dormitory with Toilet and bathing rooms**

SI	ITDA	No of project approved	Status of work			Financial position (Rs in Lakhs)		
			Not started (Nos.)	Ongoing (Nos)	completed (Nos)	Fund Released	Fund utilised	Balance fund
1	Kuchinda	4	2	2	0	140.00	24.25	115.75
2	Nilgiri	3	0	3	0	105.00	80.15	24.85
3	Panposh	2	0	2	0	70.00	8.43	61.57
4	Rairangpur	2	0	0	2	70.00	70.00	0.00
5	Keonjhar	8	0	8	0	280.00	130.17	149.83
6	Sundargarh	9	0	9	0	315.00	110.00	205.00
7	Champua	3	0	2	1	105.00	55.22	49.78
8	Bonai	5	0	0	5	175.00	175.00	0.00
9	Koraput	11	1	10	0	385.00	77.58	307.42
10	Jeypore	18	0	18	0	630.00	473.73	156.27
11	Rayagada	2	0	2	0	70.00	38.11	31.89
12	Nabarangpur	8	0	8	0	280.00	87.40	192.60
13	Phulbani	1	0	1	0	35.00	22.00	13.00
14	Gunupur	2	0	2	0	70.00	55.00	15.00
15	Balliguda	2	0	1	1	70.00	39.50	30.50
16	Paralakhemundi	5	0	5	0	175.00	49.76	125.24
17	Malkangiri	15	2	13	0	525.00	52.73	472.27
	<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3500.00</b>	<b>1549.03</b>	<b>1950.97</b>

### Approach Road to EMRS

Approach roads to Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) are crucial for improving accessibility and safety for students from remote tribal areas. These roads ensure efficient and reliable transportation, enhancing school attendance and reducing dropout rates. They also provide safer travel routes, minimizing risks associated with difficult terrain. Additionally, improved infrastructure supports the overall development of tribal regions, facilitating access to



markets, healthcare, and other essential services. The development of these roads is vital for integrating tribal communities into the broader educational and socioeconomic framework, promoting their growth and well-being.



Considering the difficulties the Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MOTA) has approved the construction of 61 approach roads to EMRs (Eklavya Model Residential Schools) during the fiscal years 2022-23 and 2023-24. Out of these, 14 out of 37 projects have been completed for FY 2022-23, and 2 out of 24 projects have been completed for FY

2023-24.

**Table: Physical status of approach road to EMRS as on 31.03.2024**

Agency	2022-23	2023-24	Total approved	Completed
Balliguda ITDA	1		1	
Baripada ITDA	1	2	3	2
Dhenkanal DWO	1		1	
Gunupur ITDA	4	1	5	2
Jeypore ITDA	3		3	3
Jharsuguda DWO	1		1	
Kaptipada ITDA	1	2	3	2
Karanjia ITDA	1	5	6	1
Keonjhar ITDA	3	1	4	1
Koraput ITDA	2	6	8	
Kuchinda ITDA	1	1	2	
Malkangiri ITDA	1		1	1
Nabarangpur ITDA	4	4	8	1
Paralakhemundi ITDA	1		1	
Phulbani ITDA	1		1	
Rairangpur ITDA	5		5	3
Rayagada ITDA	2	1	3	
Sundergarh ITDA	3	1	4	
Th.Rampur ITDA	1		1	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>16</b>

#### **Production enhancement in FRA land**

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MOTA) has approved Rs. ₹500.00 Lakhs in FY 2021-22 for creating irrigation infrastructure in Gunupur ITDA, Koraput ITDA, and Paralakhemundi ITDA. This initiative aims to support FRA (Forest Rights Act) beneficiaries by developing irrigation sources, thereby enhancing livelihood options. By ensuring reliable water supply for agriculture, the program seeks to improve crop yields and diversify income sources for tribal communities. The execution of this project reflects a commitment to sustainable development

and the economic upliftment of marginalized groups, promoting self-reliance and better quality of life for the beneficiaries.

**Table: Physical and Financial progress of Production enhancement in FRA land**

SI	ITDA	No of Project	Status	Approved amount (Rs in lakhs)	Expenditure (Rs in lakhs)
1	Koraput	1	1 Ongoing	150.00	0.00
2	Gunupur	24	2 ongoing	150.00	0.00
3	Paralakhemundi	5	5 Ongoing	200.00	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>		<b>500.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsha Gram Yojana (PMAAGY):**

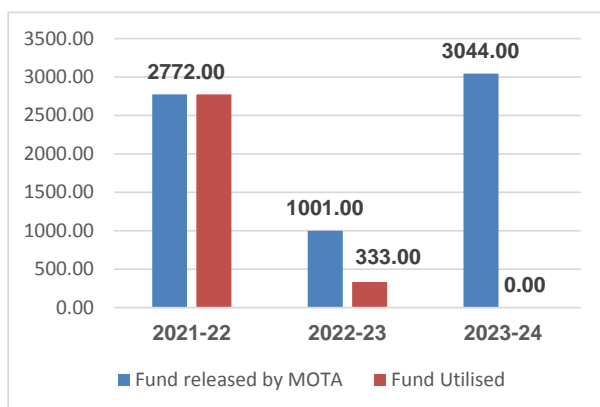
The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) has revamped the earlier scheme 'Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme (SCA to TSS)' and renamed it as 'Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAAGY)' for implementation from 2021-22 to 2025-26. This initiative aims to complement state efforts in tribal development by providing Special Central Assistance alongside the State Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP). It focuses on bridging gaps and enhancing basic infrastructure in villages with significant tribal populations, aligning funds from various Central Scheduled Tribe Component schemes.

The program identifies needs through a comprehensive Need Assessment exercise, forming the basis for the Village Development Plan (VDP). Here each VDP has been allowed @ Rs. 20.38 lakhs including 2% administrative cost. PMAAGY promotes convergence with other schemes to achieve comprehensive development goals across health, education, connectivity, and livelihood sectors. Its key objectives include developing tailored VDPs, maximizing coverage of government benefit schemes, and strengthening critical infrastructure to uplift tribal communities.

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs has approved 1653 villages in Odisha for a five-year period. These village selections align with MoTA's approval criteria. Over the past three years (2021-22 to 2023-24), MoTA has sanctioned 1017 villages, with 784 Village Development Plans (VDPs) receiving approval. Out of 3529 approved projects, execution of 745 projects have been completed.

**Table: Year wise PMAAGY Status**

FY	Village selected	VDP approved	Fund released by MOTA (Rs in lakhs)	Fund Utilised (Rs in lakhs)
2021-22	348	348	2771.68	2771.68
2022-23	301	301	1001.24	333.32
2023-24	368	135	3044.42	0.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>1017</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>6817.34</b>	<b>3105.00</b>



Under the PMAAGY, the state has taken 10 major components were taken i.e- Community Infrastructure, Drainage & Solid waste management, Drinking water facilities, Education, Electricity Supply, Health & Nutrition, Water Conservation & Irrigation, Livelihood, Market Intervention, and Road Connectivity activities.

**Table: Status of 1653 VDPs under PMAAGY**

SI	District	Name of the agency	No of Village	VDP approved	Under Process
1	Angul	Angul DWO	16	0	16
2	Bolangir	Balangir DWO	10	10	0
3	Balasore	Nilagiri ITDA	59	13	46
4	Bargarh	Bargarh DWO	38	0	38
5	Cuttack	Cuttack DWO	18	0	18
6	Deogarh	Deogarh DWO	10	2	8
7	Dhenkanal	Dhenkanal DWO	24	0	24
8	Gajapati	Paralakhemundi ITDA	58	58	0
9	Ganjam	Ganjam DWO	6	0	6
10	Jajapur	Jajapur DWO	35	0	35
11	Jharsuguda	Jharsuguda DWO	50	0	50
12	Kalahandi	Th Rampur ITDA	14	14	0
13	Kandhamal	Phulbani ITDA	1	1	0
14	Kandhamal	Baliguda ITDA	24	8	16
15	Keonjar	Kendujhar ITDA	304	75	229
16	Keonjar	Champua ITDA	102	33	69

17	Khordha	Khordha DWO	7	0	7
18	Koraput	Koraput ITDA	23	8	15
19	Koraput	Jeypore ITDA	46	15	31
20	Malkangiri	Malkangiri ITDA	126	95	31
21	Mayurbhanj	Karanjia ITDA	61	61	0
22	Mayurbhanj	Rairangpur ITDA	51	51	0
23	Mayurbhanj	Kaptipada ITDA	15	15	0
24	Mayurbhanj	Baripada ITDA	64	64	0
25	Nabranagpur	Nabarangapur ITDA	157	157	0
26	Nayagarh	Nayagarh DWO	2	0	2
27	Nuapada	Nuapada DWO	87	0	87
28	Rayagada	Rayagada ITDA	19	19	0
29	Rayagada	Gunupur ITDA	29	29	0
30	Sambalpur	Kuchinda ITDA	99	23	76
31	Sundargarh	Sundargarh ITDA	51	17	34
32	Sundargarh	Panposh ITDA	30	10	20
33	Sundargarh	Bonai ITDA	17	6	11
		<b>Total</b>	<b>1653</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>869</b>



PRE-CONSTRUCTION



DURING-CONSTRUCTION



COMPLETED

**Construction of Drain and CC Road at Karadabandha. Block-Muniguda**



Block- Kashipur , GP- Talajhiri, Location- Lakharisi, ITDA Rayagada



At Pahadpur, ITDA Rairangpur

### Construction of Market Complex

## PRAYAS: Skill Development Initiative

PRAYAS: Skill Development initiative is a Placement Linked Employable Training (PLET) programme initiated by ST SC Development Minorities and Backward Class Welfare Department, Govt. of Odisha aims at holistic development of the unemployed ST, SC, OBC, Minorities across the State through various placement linked training programme in the field of Industry linked courses & services sector courses. The PRAYAS: Skill Development initiative is being implemented by Odisha Tribal Development Society (OTDS), a society under ST SC Development Department under the technical guidance of Odisha Skill Development Authority (OSDA).

ST&SC Development M&BCW Department, Govt. of Odisha

Information for the Year 2022-23

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7	Kaptipada	45.00	45.01
8	Karanjia	65.00	65.00



SI	ITDA	Livelihood	
		Fund Received	Fund utilised
9	Keonjhar	116.00	116.00
10	Koraput	185.00	185.00
11	Kuchinda	56.00	56.00
12	Malkangiri	66.00	66.00
13	Nabarangpur	50.00	50.00
14	Nilagiri	15.00	15.00
15	Panposh	16.00	16.00
16	Paralakhemundi	65.40	50.00
17	Phulbani	30.00	30.00
18	Rairangpur	60.00	60.00
19	Rayagada	60.00	60.00
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21	Th Rampur	25.00	25.00
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#### Construction of Road and bridges

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During the FY 2021-22, 17 nos of Road and bridge projects have been approved where 4 projects have been completed and rest are ongoing. The project is being



implemented by Baripada, Rairangpur, Sundergarh, Kaptipada, and Koraput ITDAs. These projects are aimed at enhancing the infrastructure and connectivity in these regions, which are crucial for the socio-economic development of the local communities. Improved roads and bridges will facilitate better access to markets, healthcare, education, and other essential services, significantly impacting the quality of life for residents.

The total sanctioned amount for these projects is Rs. 14.66 crore, out of which Rs. 5.84 crore has already been utilized. This indicates that significant progress has been made, though much work remains to be done. The efficient use of the allocated funds is essential to ensure the timely completion of these projects, maximizing their benefits for the targeted areas.

SI	ITDA	No of project approved	No of project completed	Financial target (Rs in lakhs)	Expenditure (Rs in Lakhs)
1	Baripada	4	0	403.00	109.48
2	Rairangpur	4	4	221.00	221.00
3	Sundargarh	4	0	351.00	70.00
4	Kaptipada	2	0	167.00	53.54
5	Koraput	3	0	324.00	130.25
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1466.00</b>	<b>584.27</b>

### NEP and Additional classroom

The construction of these classrooms aims to enhance educational infrastructure in tribal areas, ensuring that students have access to better learning environments. Improved classroom facilities are crucial for delivering quality education, reducing dropout rates, and encouraging higher attendance among students. The MoTA has approved 88



Nos of additional classrooms @ Rs. 12.00 lakhs the National Education Policy (NEP) and additional classroom initiatives. These projects are sanctioned under Article 275(I), with provisions made during the 2021-22 financial year. Out of these 88 projects, 36 have been completed, while the remaining are ongoing. These projects are being executed across 15 Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (ITDAs).



The efficient utilization of funds under Article 275(I) demonstrates a strategic approach to addressing the educational needs of tribal students. By completing a significant number of classrooms, the initiative has already positively impacted the education sector in these regions. The ongoing projects are expected

to further contribute to the upliftment of educational standards, providing long-term benefits to the communities involved.

Overall, the construction of additional classrooms under these initiatives is a vital step towards achieving educational equity and improving the quality of education for tribal students. The efforts of the ITDAs in implementing these projects underscore their dedication to fostering an inclusive and supportive educational environment.

SI	ITDA	Fund Received	Fund Utilised
1	Baliguda	144.00	122.00
2	Champua	24.00	12.00
3	Gunupur	24.00	0.00
4	Jeypore	144.00	140.00
5	Keonjhar	120.00	84.12
6	Koraput	108.00	96.00
7	Kuchinda	36.00	0.00
8	Malkangiri	156.00	32.12
9	Nabarangpur	36.00	24.00
10	Nilagiri	24.00	0.00
11	Paralakhemundi	36.00	36.00
12	Phulbani	120.00	43.50
13	Rairangpur	12.00	0.00
14	Rayagada	24.00	24.00
15	Sundergarh	48.00	18.00
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1056.00</b>	<b>631.74</b>

### Construction of Anganwadi Centres-

In the financial year 2022-23, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) approved the construction of 379 Anganwadi centers under Article 275(I). These centers aim to provide essential early childhood education and nutrition services to tribal communities. However, due to land-related issues and the initiation of the same projects by other departments, the ITDAs submitted 64



revised proposals to MoTA, which were approved by the Ministry. These projects will be executed after the Model Code of Conduct period.

The construction of these Anganwadi centers is crucial for enhancing the early childhood development framework in tribal areas. By providing better facilities, these centers will improve access to essential health,

nutrition, and education services for young children, contributing to their overall well-being and development. The completion of these centers will significantly impact the quality of life in tribal regions, fostering a supportive environment for early childhood development.

Sl. No	ITDA	No of Project	Not Started	Ongoing	Completed	Fund Sanctioned	Fund Released	Fund Utilised
1	Kuchinda	12		10	2	84.00	84.00	41.06
2	Koraput	12		9	3	84.00	84.00	50.43
3	Jeypore	68	10	48	10	476.00	476.00	314.83
4	Rayagada	35	7	26	2	245.00	245.00	38.08
5	Nabarangpur	109	1	105	3	763.00	763.00	80.77
6	Phulbani	10	1	5	3	70.00	70.00	29.95
7	Gunupur	27	3	24	0	189.00	189.00	75.50
8	Balliguda	18		4	14	126.00	126.00	107.50
9	Paralakhemundi	11	2	5	2	77.00	77.00	39.97
10	Malkangiri	31		25	6	217.00	217.00	82.94
11	Kaptipada	28	28			196.00	0	0.00
12	Nilagiri	18	18			126.00	0	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>2653.00</b>	<b>2331.00</b>	<b>861.03</b>

### Dormitory with Toilet and bathing rooms

Dormitories with toilets and bathing rooms in SSD (Scheduled Tribe and Scheduled Caste Development) schools are essential for maintaining hygiene and ensuring student well-being. This initiative aims to improve living conditions and sanitation for tribal students in SSD schools, reflecting a commitment to addressing basic infrastructure needs and enhancing quality of life. These facilities provide a safe and comfortable living environment, promoting better health and reducing illness. They also allow students to focus on



their studies without worrying about basic sanitation. Additionally, proper dormitory facilities contribute to higher attendance and retention rates, especially for girls, by offering privacy and security. Overall, they play a crucial role in supporting the educational and personal development of students from marginalized communities.



During the FY 2022-23, 100 dormitories with toilets and bathing rooms were undertaken under Article 275(I) by 17 ITDAs. Out of 100 projects, 9 projects have been completed, and 86 projects remaining are ongoing.

**Table: Physical and Financial progress of Dormitory with Toilet and bathing rooms**

SI	ITDA	No of project approved	Status of work			Financial position (Rs in Lakhs)		
			Not started (Nos.)	Ongoing (Nos)	Completed (Nos)	Fund Released	Fund utilised	Balance fund
1	Kuchinda	4	2	2	0	140.00	24.25	115.75
2	Nilgiri	3	0	3	0	105.00	80.15	24.85
3	Panposh	2	0	2	0	70.00	8.43	61.57
4	Rairangpur	2	0	0	2	70.00	70.00	0.00
5	Keonjhar	8	0	8	0	280.00	130.17	149.83
6	Sundargarh	9	0	9	0	315.00	110.00	205.00
7	Champua	3	0	2	1	105.00	55.22	49.78
8	Bonai	5	0	0	5	175.00	175.00	0.00
9	Koraput	11	1	10	0	385.00	77.58	307.42
10	Jeypore	18	0	18	0	630.00	473.73	156.27
11	Rayagada	2	0	2	0	70.00	38.11	31.89
12	Nabarangpur	8	0	8	0	280.00	87.40	192.60
13	Phulbani	1	0	1	0	35.00	22.00	13.00
14	Gunupur	2	0	2	0	70.00	55.00	15.00
15	Balliguda	2	0	1	1	70.00	39.50	30.50
16	Paralakhemundi	5	0	5	0	175.00	49.76	125.24
17	Malkangiri	15	2	13	0	525.00	52.73	472.27
	<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3500.00</b>	<b>1549.03</b>	<b>1950.97</b>

### Approach Road to EMRS

Approach roads to Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) are crucial for improving accessibility and safety for students from remote tribal areas. These roads ensure efficient and reliable transportation, enhancing school attendance and reducing dropout rates. They also provide safer travel routes, minimizing risks associated with difficult terrain.



Additionally, improved infrastructure supports the overall development of tribal regions,



facilitating access to markets, healthcare, and other essential services. The development of these roads is vital for integrating tribal communities into the broader educational and socioeconomic framework, promoting their growth and well-being.

Considering the difficulties the Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MOTA) has approved the construction of 61 approach roads to EMRs (Eklavya Model

Residential Schools) during the fiscal years 2022-23 and 2023-24. Out of these, 14 out of 37 projects have been completed for FY 2022-23, and 2 out of 24 projects have been completed for FY 2023-24.

**Table: Physical status of approach road to EMRS as on 31.03.2024**

<b>Agency</b>	<b>2022-23</b>	<b>2023-24</b>	<b>Total approved</b>	<b>Completed</b>
Balliguda ITDA	1		1	
Baripada ITDA	1	2	3	2
Dhenkanal DWO	1		1	
Gunupur ITDA	4	1	5	2
Jeypore ITDA	3		3	3
Jharsuguda DWO	1		1	
Kaptipada ITDA	1	2	3	2
Karanjia ITDA	1	5	6	1
Keonjhar ITDA	3	1	4	1
Koraput ITDA	2	6	8	
Kuchinda ITDA	1	1	2	
Malkangiri ITDA	1		1	1
Nabarangpur ITDA	4	4	8	1
Paralakhemundi ITDA	1		1	
Phulbani ITDA	1		1	
Rairangpur ITDA	5		5	3
Rayagada ITDA	2	1	3	
Sundergarh ITDA	3	1	4	
Th.Rampur ITDA	1		1	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>16</b>

#### **Production enhancement in FRA land**

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MOTA) has approved Rs. ₹500.00 Lakhs in FY 2021-22 for creating irrigation infrastructure in Gunupur ITDA, Koraput ITDA, and Paralakhemundi ITDA. This initiative aims to support FRA (Forest Rights Act) beneficiaries by developing irrigation sources, thereby enhancing livelihood options. By ensuring reliable water supply for agriculture, the program seeks to improve crop yields and diversify income sources for tribal communities. The execution of this project reflects a commitment to sustainable development and the economic upliftment of marginalized groups, promoting self-reliance and better quality of life for the beneficiaries.

**Table: Physical and Financial progress of Production enhancement in FRA land**

SI	ITDA	No of Project	Status	Approved amount (Rs in lakhs)	Expenditure (Rs in lakhs)
1	Koraput	1	1 Ongoing	150.00	0.00
2	Gunupur	24	2 ongoing	150.00	0.00
3	Paralakhemundi	5	5 Ongoing	200.00	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>		<b>500.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsha Gram Yojana (PMAAGY):**

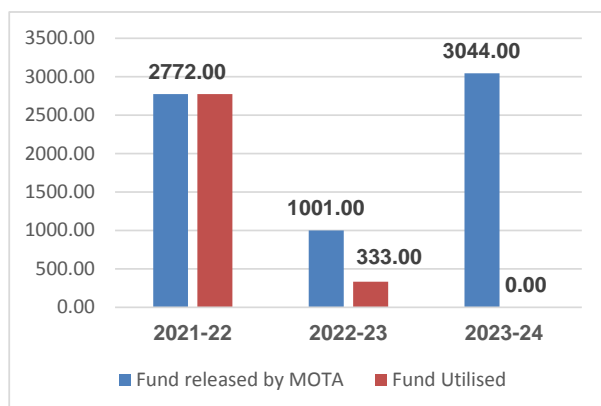
The Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) has revamped the earlier scheme 'Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme (SCA to TSS)' and renamed it as 'Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAAGY)' for implementation from 2021-22 to 2025-26. This initiative aims to complement state efforts in tribal development by providing Special Central Assistance alongside the State Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP). It focuses on bridging gaps and enhancing basic infrastructure in villages with significant tribal populations, aligning funds from various Central Scheduled Tribe Component schemes.

The program identifies needs through a comprehensive Need Assessment exercise, forming the basis for the Village Development Plan (VDP). Here each VDP has been allowed @ Rs. 20.38 lakhs including 2% administrative cost. PMAAGY promotes convergence with other schemes to achieve comprehensive development goals across health, education, connectivity, and livelihood sectors. Its key objectives include developing tailored VDPs, maximizing coverage of government benefit schemes, and strengthening critical infrastructure to uplift tribal communities.

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs has approved 1653 villages in Odisha for a five-year period. These village selections align with MoTA's approval criteria. Over the past three years (2021-22 to 2023-24), MoTA has sanctioned 1017 villages, with 784 Village Development Plans (VDPs) receiving approval. Out of 3529 approved projects, execution of 745 projects have been completed.

**Table: Year wise PMAAGY Status**

FY	Village selected	VDP approved	Fund released by MOTA (Rs in lakhs)	Fund Utilised (Rs in lakhs)
2021-22	348	348	2771.68	2771.68
2022-23	301	301	1001.24	333.32
2023-24	368	135	3044.42	0.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>1017</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>6817.34</b>	<b>3105.00</b>



Under the PMAAGY, the state has taken 10 major components were taken i.e- Community Infrastructure, Drainage & Solid waste management, Drinking water facilities, Education, Electricity Supply, Health & Nutrition, Water Conservation & Irrigation, Livelihood, Market Intervention, and Road Connectivity activities.

**Table: Status of 1653 VDPs under PMAAGY**

SI	District	Name of the agency	No of Village	VDP approved	Under Process
1	Angul	Angul DWO	16	0	16
2	Bolangir	Balangir DWO	10	10	0
3	Balasore	Nilagiri ITDA	59	13	46
4	Bargarh	Bargarh DWO	38	0	38
5	Cuttack	Cuttack DWO	18	0	18
6	Deogarh	Deogarh DWO	10	2	8
7	Dhenkanal	Dhenkanal DWO	24	0	24
8	Gajapati	Paralakhemundi ITDA	58	58	0
9	Ganjam	Ganjam DWO	6	0	6
10	Jajapur	Jajapur DWO	35	0	35
11	Jharsuguda	Jharsuguda DWO	50	0	50
12	Kalahandi	Th Rampur ITDA	14	14	0
13	Kandhamal	Phulbani ITDA	1	1	0
14	Kandhamal	Baliguda ITDA	24	8	16
15	Keonjar	Kendujhar ITDA	304	75	229
16	Keonjar	Champua ITDA	102	33	69
17	Khordha	Khordha DWO	7	0	7
18	Koraput	Koraput ITDA	23	8	15
19	Koraput	Jeypore ITDA	46	15	31
20	Malkangiri	Malkangiri ITDA	126	95	31
21	Mayurbhanj	Karanjia ITDA	61	61	0
22	Mayurbhanj	Rairangpur ITDA	51	51	0
23	Mayurbhanj	Kaptipada ITDA	15	15	0

24	Mayurbhanj	Baripada ITDA	64	64	0
25	Nabranagpur	Nabarangapur ITDA	157	157	0
26	Nayagarh	Nayagarh DWO	2	0	2
27	Nuapada	Nuapada DWO	87	0	87
28	Rayagada	Rayagada ITDA	19	19	0
29	Rayagada	Gunupur ITDA	29	29	0
30	Sambalpur	Kuchinda ITDA	99	23	76
31	Sundargarh	Sundargarh ITDA	51	17	34
32	Sundargarh	Panposh ITDA	30	10	20
33	Sundargarh	Bonai ITDA	17	6	11
		<b>Total</b>	<b>1653</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>869</b>



PRE-CONSTRUCTION



DURING-CONSTRUCTION



COMPLETED

**Construction of Drain and CC Road at Karadabandha. Block-Muniguda**



Block- Kashipur , GP- Talajhiri, Location-  
Lakharisi, ITDA Rayagada



At Pahadpur, ITDA Rairangpur

**Construction of Market Complex**

## **PRAYAS: Skill Development Initiative**

PRAYAS: Skill Development initiative is a Placement Linked Employable Training (PLET) programme initiated by ST SC Development Minorities and Backward Class Welfare Department, Govt. of Odisha aims at holistic development of the unemployed ST, SC, OBC, Minorities across the State through various placement linked training programme in the field of Industry linked courses & services sector courses. The PRAYAS: Skill Development initiative is being implemented by Odisha Tribal Development Society (OTDS), a society under ST SC Development Department under the technical guidance of Odisha Skill Development Authority (OSDA).

The primary goal of PRAYAS is to empower and improve the socio-economic status of tribal youth in Odisha by providing them with relevant and contemporary skills, thereby increasing their competitiveness in the evolving job market.

PRAYAS is fully residential program comprises of free food& accommodation facility. All candidates are being provided with an induction kit consisting of a T-shirt (Male) or Jacket (Female), a bag and other necessary equipment specific to course modules. The scheme focuses on providing training in skills that are in demand within the industry, achieved through regular consultations with industry experts. It offers short-term training programs lasts for 3 to 6 months, making it possible for individuals with limited time to acquire new skills or upgrade their existing ones. The training provided under the scheme is free for all eligible candidates. Additionally, placement assistance is offered to all trained candidates through a network of placement partners.

PRAYAS aims at individuals aged 18 to 35 years are eligible to apply for the training programs. To qualify for the scheme, applicants must be residents of Odisha and belong to the Scheduled Tribe, category. PRAYAS provides courses for people with diverse educational backgrounds, including those who may not have completed formal education, such as unemployed youth or school and college dropouts. Furthermore, possessing an Aadhar card is a requirement for applying to PRAYAS.

In the year 2022-23 a total of 1184 candidates were trained in 15 trades out of which 628 no. of candidates were get placement in different companies in both inside and outside the State. Similarly, in 2023-24 a total of 322 candidates were taken training in four trade out of which 157 no. of candidates were get placement in industry sector till March, 2024. The Physical & Financial achievement for the 2022-23 and 2023-24 are outlined below.

**Physical & Financial Statement under PRAYAS**  
**ST&SC Development M&BCW Department, Govt. of Odisha**  
 Information for the Year 2022-23

SI No.	Name of the Scheme/ Programme	Name of the Trade/ Job Role	Duration of the training program (Hours and Days)	Total number of candidates trained in this specific Trade / Job Role	Total number of candidates placed in this specific Trade / Job Role	Expenditure Made (In Rs.)
1	PRAYAS	AUTOMOTIVE WELDING MACHINE ASSISTANT	256/40	28	0	1400000
2	PRAYAS	CERTIFICATE COURSE IN CNC TURNING	972/152	46	25	2300000
3	PRAYAS	INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICIAN	500/79	174	101	8700000
4	PRAYAS	MANUAL ARC METAL WELDER	330/52	29	21	1450000
5	PRAYAS	MICROFINANCE EXECUTIVE	420/66	22	0	1100000
6	PRAYAS	MO-BLOW MOULDING	960/150	30	25	1500000
7	PRAYAS	MO-PP	960/150	30	21	1500000
8	PRAYAS	MULTI OUTLET RETAILER	280/44	53	24	2650000
9	PRAYAS	MULTI SKILL TECHNICIAN	600/94	105	36	5250000
10	PRAYAS	RETAIL SALES ASSOCIATE	280/44	23	10	1150000
11	PRAYAS	SELF EMPLOYED TAILOR	360/57	269	124	13450000
12	PRAYAS	SEWING MACHINE OPERATOR	300/47	286	181	14300000
13	PRAYAS	SOLAR PV INSTALLER	200/32	30	20	1500000
14	PRAYAS	WAREHOUSE PACKER	270/43	40	26	2000000
15	PRAYAS	WAREHOUSE PICKER	270/43	19	14	950000
		<b>Total</b>		<b>1184</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>59200000</b>

Physical & Financial Statement under PRAYAS						
ST&SC Development M&BCW Department, Govt. of Odisha						
Information for the year 2023-24						
SI No.	Name of the Scheme/Programmes	Name of the Trade/ Job Role	Duration of the training program (Hours and Days)	Total number of candidates trained in this specific Trade / Job Role	Total number of candidates placed in this specific Trade / Job Role	Expenditure Made (In Rs.)
1	PRAYAS	<b>Certificate Course in CNC Turning</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3800000</b>
2	PRAYAS	<b>Industrial Electrician</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3000000</b>
3	PRAYAS	<b>Multi Skill Technician</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>1500000</b>
4	PRAYAS	<b>Self Employed Tailor</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>7800000</b>
		<b>Total</b>		<b>322</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>16100000</b>

## Chapter-XIV

# ACADEMY OF TRIBAL LANGUAGES AND CULTURE (ATLC)

The Academy of Tribal Languages & Culture (ATLC) under the ST & SC Development Department, Government of Odisha, has been functioning since June 1979 as a registered body under the Societies Registration Act XXI of 1860. Over the years, the Academy has diligently worked to achieve its objectives.

### **1. Organisation of Annual Adivasi Mela 2024:**

The Adivasi Mela 2024 celebrated Odisha's tribal traditions and craftsmanship. It featured 108 stalls from 130 Tribal Self-Help Groups, showcasing tribal art, crafts, and cultural performances. The event included 39 tribal dance troupes and for the first time, multi-lingual tribal dramas in Santali, Mundari, Desia, and Ho.

### **2. Organisation of State-Level Students' Festival Sargiful 2023:**

The 'Sargiful 2023' festival was organised in two venues: Sundargarh (North Zone) from December 7-9, 2023, with 638 participants, and Gajapati (South Zone) from December 14-16, 2023, with 695 participants. Each zone hosted 16 workshops and 13 competitions. A total of 262 winners were honoured by the Chief Minister at the State Level Felicitation Programme at Lok Seva Bhawan, Bhubaneswar.

### **3. Felicitation of Tribal Talents:**

ATLC honoured 10 tribal achievers at the Annual Adivasi Mela 2024 for their contributions in literature, social work, sports, dance, and music. These awards recognize excellence and aim to inspire others within tribal communities to pursue and achieve similar success.

### **4. Development of Audio-Visual Learning Materials in Tribal Languages:**

ATLC developed audio-visual primers in four widely spoken tribal languages (Koya, Kui, Saora, and Santali) to improve communication and enhance learning for Class-I students in SSD Schools.

### **5. Tribal Writers' Meet:**

To encourage tribal writers and preserve their languages and cultures, ATLC organized a Tribal Writers' Meet, inviting 75 tribal writers. The event resulted in the submission of 172 manuscripts in Santali, Kui, Koya, Khadia, Gadaba, Gondi, Juang, Desia, Binjhal, Bhumij, Munda, Saora, Sadri, Ho, Orang and Paroja language, which have been digitized.

### **6. Felicitation of Top Performers in Annual HSC Examination, 2023:**

ATLC honoured 104 top-performing ST students and 50 best-performing high schools from the Annual HSC Examination, 2023. Winners received certificates, mementos, and cash prizes, promoting academic excellence and inspiring students to excel.

## 7. Promotion of Tribal Dance & Cultural Troupes:

ATLC has sponsored 16 tribal dance troupes to various state and district-level festivals to promote and preserve tribal dance forms.

## 8. Publications:

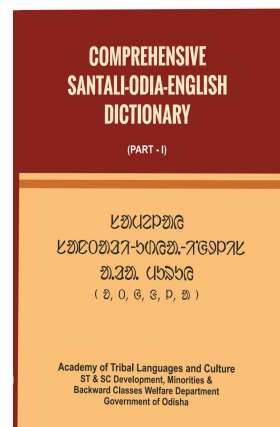
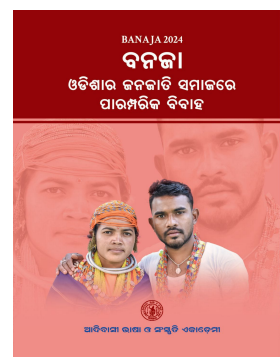
ATLC published several works, including:

- Banaja 2024: Annual magazine with 18 research articles on tribal marriage and cultural practices.
- Sargiful 2023: A magazine featuring 69 articles and artworks from tribal students.
- Santali-English-Odia Comprehensive Dictionary: A three-volume dictionary promoting the Santali language.

## 9. Capacity Building Training Program for MLE Teachers:

ATLC, on behalf of the ST & SC Development Department, Government of Odisha, has organized a State-Level Master Trainers Training program. The SLMTs will train 1400 MLE teachers at the district level to address the challenges of managing multilingual classrooms effectively.

Through these initiatives, ATLC continues to preserve and promote the rich cultural heritage of Odisha's tribal communities.



## Chapter-XV

# SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES RESEARCH & TRAINING INSTITUTE (SCSTRTI), BHUBANESWAR



Established in 1952, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI), Odisha has positioned itself as the premier and oldest Tribal Research Institute of the Country. The well organized 8 wings of the institute such as Research, Planning, Evaluation, Training, Workshops and Seminars, Tribal Museum, Data Bank and Resource Centre, Publication and Library serve the following core Objectives.

### **Objectives;**

- To conduct research studies for documentation of the distinguishing characteristic features of different Scheduled Tribes (STs) and Scheduled Castes (SCs) of the State.
- To study the processes of social, cultural and economic changes and development among the ST and SC communities of the State.
- To prepare Action Plans and suggest effective measures for development interventions.
- To serve as a centre for providing data and advisory services to Government on the problems and developments of the ST and SC communities.

The major thematic areas covered by the Research wing include Monographic /Ethnographic Studies, Diagnostic Studies, Policy Research and Ethnic Status Determination. The Planning wing takes care of Bench Mark / Base Line survey covering the Tribal Sub Plan area, Survey, Identification and Formulation of Action Plans/ Project Reports for SC and ST communities and Base line study for formation of new ITDAs /Micro Projects. While the evaluation wing looks after Monitoring and Concurrent Evaluation, Post Facto Evaluation and Inspection, the Training, Workshops and Seminars at State level and National level is organized by the respective wing. The Tribal Museum wing is dedicated to the display of rare

Tribal Art and Artifacts, PVTG Gallery, Projection Mapping, Tribal Huts, Tribal Sacred World, Video Wall, Immersive Experience, Live Demo of crafts-making in well maintained halls, galleries in as sophisticated as well as rustic ambience. Similarly, the wings such as Databank and Resource Centre, Publication Wing and Library interactively strengthen the knowledge resources - their dissemination and assimilation

The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI), Odisha is the premier and oldest Tribal Research Institute of the Country. The well organized 8 (Eight) wings of the institute such as Research, Planning, Evaluation, Training, Workshops and Seminars, Tribal Museum, Data bank and Resource Centre, Publication and Library serve the core objectives of research activities and documentation.

### 1.1. RESEARCH

#### A. Research Activities Undertaken during 2023-24

The following activities have been undertaken by SCSTRTI, Bhubaneswar during the year 2023-24 under the Scheme Support to TRIs (Central Sector Scheme). Research, Evaluation and Documentation is one of the core activities of SCSTRTI. It takes up Research Projects from Ministry of Tribal Affairs and other relevant agencies. During the year 2023-24, the following research projects were carried out -

Sl. No.	Topics	Present Status
<b>A. Caste Status Study</b>		
1	Consolidated ethnographic report on BONDHO (PVTG)	Report Submitted to ST & SC Dev., M & BCW Deptt., Govt. of Odisha.
2	Consolidated Ethnic status report on BHIL	Sent to ST & SC Dev., M & BCW Deptt., Govt. of Odisha.
3	Brief status report on "KURMI, KUDUMI, KURMI MAHTO, KURMI KSHETRIYA, KUDUMI KSHETRIYA, MOHANTA & MAHATO" of Mayurbhanj district.	Sent to ST & SC Dev., M & BCW Deptt., Govt. of Odisha.
4	State Level Scrutiny Committee (SLSC) Meeting. State Level Scrutiny Committee (SLSC) Meeting held on 20.03.2023, 24.04.2023, dt. 03.08.2023, dt. 16.08.2023 & dt. 25.09.2023, dt. 20.12.2023, and dt. 22.01.2024 in Sambalpur, under RDC (ND). On dt. 09.03.2023, dt. 20.05.2023, dt. 27.07.2023, dt. 07.10.2023, dt. 10.11.2023 & dt. 12.01.2024, and dt. 23.02.2024 in Berhampur under RDC (SD). On 13.03.2023, dt. 13.04.2023, dt. 29.05.2023, dt. 09.06.2023, dt. 21.06.2023, dt. 24.07.2023, dt. 31.07.2023, dt. 07.08.2023, dt. 16.08.2023, dt. 18.09.2023, dt. 16.10.2023, dt. 28.11.2023, dt. 26.12.2023, dt. 29.01.2024, and dt. 11.03.2024 in Cuttack under RDC (CD) for scrutiny, personal hearing and finalization of fake caste certificate	

cases on different communities.

B	Research Projects	Present Status
1.	Base Line Survey and formulation of Integrated Tribal Village Development Plan for 851 villages under Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana (Collaboration with OTDS, ST & SC Development Department)	Completed
2.	Mapping of all the Resettlement Colonies and assessing Gaps in Basic Infrastructure/Basic Amenities where Tribal Displaced Families have Resettled on account of Development Projects (in TSP Areas) and schemes/programs which can be converged for livelihood (In Convergence with all line Departments and District Administration as well as Project Proponent)	Completed
3.	Impact of Convergence of Programs on the livelihood of FRA Right Holders in Odisha ( <i>In partnership with UNDP/FES</i> )	Completed
4	Impact of Screening and Treatment of Eye Diseases on the Dongaria Kondh PVTGs in the two Micro Projects ( <i>LV PARASAD EYE INSTITUTE</i> )	Completed

## 1.2 TRAINING

### 1. Organisation of In-house Capacity Building Training Programme of Research officials and Staffs of SCSTRTI.

The SCSTRTI took a proactive step in enhancing the expertise of its research officials and staff through a comprehensive In-house Capacity Building Training Programme held in two batches. The first batch, focused on "Right to Information (RTI)," took place on 3rd April 2023, with 22 participants engaging in insightful discussions and gaining a deeper understanding of the crucial aspects of RTI. The second batch training covered topics such as Noting, Drafting, Official Communication, Office Establishment Matters, including Property Statement for State Govt. Employees, Orissa Civil Services (CCA) Rules, 1962, and Departmental Proceedings. The training, conducted from 24th to 28th April 2023, involved 25 participants, providing them with valuable insights and knowledge to excel in their respective roles at SCSTRTI. These capacity-building efforts demonstrate the Institute's commitment to empowering its workforce with relevant skills and knowledge for achieving greater organizational efficiency and effectiveness.



## 2. Organisation of Capacity Building Training of Tribal Women SHG members on Value Addition and Food Processing of Mahua Flowers at OUAT in 3 batches from 10<sup>th</sup> April to 18<sup>th</sup> April 2023.

Forests have always been an integral part of the socio-cultural life of tribal communities, providing them with sustenance and livelihood through Minor Forest Produces (MFPs). However, these communities face various challenges, from the perishable nature of their produce to the lack of marketing infrastructure and exploitation by middlemen. Recognizing the potential of Mahua flowers as a sustainable livelihood source, a Capacity Building Training for Tribal Women Self-Help Group (SHG) members on Value Addition and Food Processing of Mahua was organized. The training, held at the Odisha University of Agriculture & Technology in three batches from 10th to 18th April 2023 with 101 participants, aimed to equip these women with valuable knowledge and skills in value addition and processing of Mahua flowers. By nurturing their entrepreneurial spirit and enabling them to market Mahua food products, this initiative seeks to empower these tribal women to contribute significantly to their family income. With the support of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, this training serves as a ray of hope, fostering economic independence and a brighter future for these inspiring women.



### **3. Organisation of 10 days Capacity Building Training of Tribal Artisan on Product Design and Diversification of Sabai Grass craft at Mayurbhanj district. from 19.04.2023 to 28.04.2023.**

Recognizing the invaluable contribution of tribal artisans to the rich cultural heritage of Odisha, SCSTRTI took a significant step towards their empowerment through a 10-day Capacity Building Training on Product Design and Diversification of Sabai Grass craft. Held at Nagalkata, Mayurbhanj district, from 19th to 28th April 2023, the training program brought together 20 talented artisans from the MouluChanda Artisan Producer Organisation (Artisan Cluster).

SCSTRTI has been diligently identifying and nurturing tribal artisan clusters across Mayurbhanj, Keonjhar, Sundargarh, and Jajpur districts, encompassing over 3200 artisans skilled in various crafts like Sabai grass, Dhokra, Terracotta, Lacquer, Bamboo, Date Palm leaf, Paddy, Tribal Painting, and Stone carving.

The key to sustaining these traditional tribal handicrafts lies in skill up-gradation and capacity building of these artisans. By honing their skills, they can create high-quality, market-driven artifacts and diverse products, thereby promoting their livelihoods. To achieve this, the focus is on training and skill up-gradation in product design and diversification.

The recent Capacity Building and Skill Up-gradation Training Program at Mayurbhanj district centered on Sabai craft, with a special emphasis on product diversification and packaging. This training seeks to empower tribal artisans and unleash their creativity, paving the way for sustainable growth and recognition of their remarkable craftsmanship.



### **4. Organisation of Language Training Programme under SAMHATI initiative for transaction of Tribal Primers in classroom in 3 batches.**

Another significant initiative was the Language Training Programme for transaction of Tribal Primers in the classroom, organized in three batches. Kotenchua GHS, Nuapada, hosted the programme from 20th to 24th April 2023 for Bhunjia & Binjhal Tribal Languages, followed by CT School, Kalinga, Kandhamal (Kui Language) from 21st to 25th April and Daringibadi High School, Kandhamal (Kui Language) from 23rd to 27th April.



Through these Training Programmes, SCSTRTI displayed its unwavering commitment to empowering teachers with the tools and skills necessary to create an inclusive and supportive learning environment for tribal students. The Institute's efforts exemplify the dedication to fostering educational equity and preserving the linguistic diversity of Odisha's tribal communities.

**5. Organisation of an Orientation Training for DWOs, District Coordinators and Master Trainers on Capacity Building Training of Elected Scheduled Tribes of Panchayat Raj Institution (STPRI) Members was held on 17.06.2023 at SCSTRTI on Virtual Mode.**

In a bid to empower elected Scheduled Tribes of Panchayat Raj Institution (STPRI) members across Odisha, an Orientation Training was organized on 17th June 2023 by SCSTRTI, in collaboration with the ST & SC Development Department, Government of Odisha, and with financial support from the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Government of India. The training, conducted on a virtual platform, saw the enthusiastic participation of 431 attendees, including District Welfare Officers (DWOs), District Coordinators, and Master Trainers.

With the aim of strengthening the tribal grassroots leadership, the proposed capacity building training is set to be conducted at the field level, covering all 24 districts of the state. Empanelled Master Trainers from SIRD & SCSTRTI will play a pivotal role in imparting knowledge and skills to the STPRI representatives during physical sessions at Block and GP Levels.

The objective of this training is to equip elected tribal representatives with a comprehensive understanding of their rights, laws, Acts, Rules, and development programs that directly impact tribal communities. Through this training, participants will gain insight into the crucial role of Gram Panchayats in ensuring that tribal communities access their rightful entitlements, as enshrined in the Constitution and various laws, Rules, Acts, and program designs. This transformative training endeavours to empower tribal representatives with the knowledge and tools they need to champion the welfare and progress of their communities at the grassroots level.



**6. Organisation of Training of HMs, ANM and Matrons on Identification of Sickle Cell Symptoms among the students of SSD Residential Schools.**

The Training programme was organized in 3 phases, First (18.07.2023-21.07.2023), Second (08.08.2023-11.08.2023) and Third (13.09.2023-16.09.2023) and twelve batches covering all the districts of Odisha with 4303 Participants. The program aimed at empowering of Teachers, ANMS, Matrons and Tutors of ST&SC Department Residential Schools on the symptoms to identify the students suffering from Sickle Cell and send the suspected students for test and detection.



**7. Organisation of Language Training Programme under SAMHATI initiative for transaction of Tribal Primers in Classroom**

Training was arranged in two districts namely Angul from 24th to 28th July 2023 in Munda and Bhuyan language with 60 numbers of participants and in Sambalpur from 26th to 30th July 2023 in Kishan, Khadia and Oran languages with 49 numbers of participants. ST & SC Development Department through SCSTRTI had taken active role for skill upgradation of teachers in tribal languages and in addressing the children of Primary Schools having multiple Languages.



**8. Organization of training programme for the newly elected ST PRI members**

Off-campus training programme was arranged in 9 districts namely Angul, Keonjhar, Rayagada, Gajapati, Nabarangpur, Sundergarh, Mayurbhanj, Kandhamal and Malkangiri from 24th July to 16th March 2024 covering 14635 elected tribal PRI members of the State at field level. These elected tribal representatives were familiar with the rights, laws, Acts, Rules and role of the Gram Panchayat in planning and implementation of development programmes meant for the tribal communities.



**9. Organization of Master Trainers' Training on MLE Intervention**

This training Programme was conducted in two batches. First batch is from 22<sup>nd</sup>-25<sup>th</sup> August, 2023 and Second batch was from 28<sup>th</sup> -31<sup>st</sup> August 2023 with 29 and 23 participants respectively. Latter 5 Primers on Kui, Kuvi, Saora, Munda and Gondi Languages were released by Hon'ble Chief Minister, Odisha in presence of Sri Jagannath Saraka, Minister, SSD and Mrs. RupaRoshan Sahoo, Commissioner-cum-Secretary, SSD on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 with a view to facilitate the reading of primary students.



*Master Trainers' Training Programme on MLE Intervention*

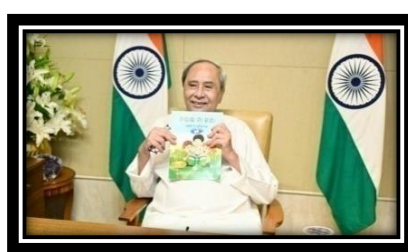
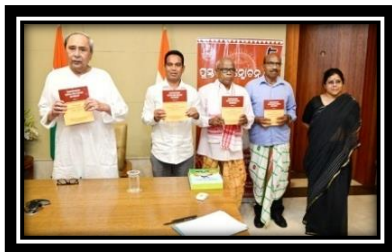
**10. Orientation Training program of newly recruited Assistant Directors of the Tribal Welfare Department, Chhattisgarh**

A first of its kind, Training programme for outside of State officers, a 3-Day Orientation Training Program for of newly recruited Assistant Directors of the Tribal Welfare Department, Chhattisgarh was organized successfully at SCSTRTI from 10<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> September, 2023. Addressing the valedictory of the Training programme, Smt. RoopaRoshan Sahoo, IAS,

Commissioner-cum-Secretary, SSD Department, Odisha, congratulated the Trainee Officers and wished them best of luck in their future endeavor. She advised them to give importance how the Tribal Welfare Department would playing a vital role in the development of the tribal communities. Also she urged them to work with full dedication and commitment to augment the cause and welfare of tribal communities.



11. Release of 5 primers for primary students in Kui, Kuvi, Saora, Munda and Gondi Languages on dt 30.09.2023.



*Primers on 5 Tribal Languages, Kui, Kuvi, Saora, Munda and Gondi, released by Hon'ble Chief Minister, Sri Naveen Patnaik.*

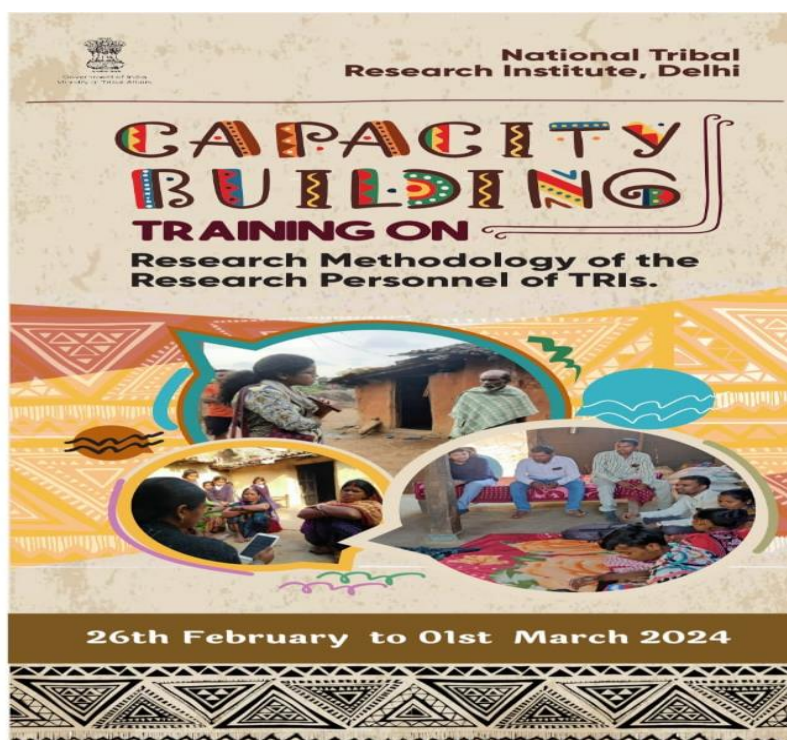
**12. Organization of Induction Training Programme of Newly Recruited WEOs**

SCSTRTI had organised 11-Day induction training program for the newly recruited Welfare Extension Officers (WEOs) of ST & SC Development Department. This training was arranged in 2 phases. First (03.10.2023 to 13.10.2023 with 37 Participants) and from 31.10.2023 to 10.11.2023 with 42 Participants. This program intended to provide the Officers a crucial

foundation for their professional journey and empower them with a comprehensive orientation to the roles, responsibilities, policies, and practices of the department so that the officers are well-prepared to contribute effectively to the empowerment and development of ST and SC communities.



**13. Organization of Capacity building training on research methodology of research personnel in Collaborations with NTRI, Delhi from 26.02.2024 to 01.03.2024.**



14. Distribution of 25951 nos of Kui books in 12 districts under SAMHATI.
15. Translation of Sickle Cell Module in 5 tribal languages under SAMHATI.
16. Vetting of Sickle Cell Module in 4 tribal languages (Kui, Kuvi, Saora, Desia) under SAMHATI.
17. Teachers training Module preparation in mathematics for Class X and Preparatory work for Module Preparation in each subject under APMC.

18. The approval and vetting meeting of Mathematics Module for TGTs Teaching / Training was held from 11<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup> March 2024 under APMC.



### 1.3 ODISHA STATE TRIBAL MUSEUM

The following National & State Level Activities are undertaken in Odisha State Tribal Museum during the year 2023-24

SI No	Activity	Remarks
1	National Tribal Craft Mela	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NTCM was organised from 5<sup>th</sup>-11<sup>th</sup> January, 2024 at IDCO Exhibition Ground, Unit-III, Bhubaneswar.</li> <li>• In this event more than 150 nos of tribal artisans of different states had participated.</li> <li>• Artisans from 13 States viz. Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat,</li> </ul>

		<p>Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Assam, Sikkim, Manipur, and Odisha were exhibited their distinctive and exquisite art and crafts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• On the concluding day artisans were felicitated with Memento &amp; Certificate.</li> </ul>
2	National Tribal Dance Festival	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NTDF was organised from 5<sup>th</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> January, 2024 at IDCO Exhibition Ground, Unit-III, Bhubaneswar.</li> <li>• In this event more than 250 nos of tribal artists of different states had participated.</li> <li>• Artists representing 14 States viz. Arunachal Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Tripura, Maharashtra, Sikkim, Goa, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Assam, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, and Odisha, performed their traditional dance forms during this national event.</li> <li>• Artists were felicitated with Memento and Certificate.</li> </ul>
3	State Level Tribal Painting Competition among School Children	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A total of 157 paintings had been received from different districts for its consideration in the State Level Tribal Painting Competition. Out of which 76 paintings were received in the Senior Group and 81 paintings in the Junior Group.</li> <li>• A State Level Felicitations Ceremony was organized on 5<sup>th</sup> February, 2024 where 6 students, 3 from each category (Junior &amp; Senior) were felicitated with a Memento, Cash Prize &amp; Certificate.</li> <li>• A Coffee table book titled “Odisha Tribal Children’s Paintings 2023” containing</li> </ul>

		<p>paintings by students was also published.</p>
4	<p>State Level Tribal Essay Competition among students in all 21 tribal languages on Tribal Freedom Fighters and India's Independence</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Felicitated 32 tribal students who secured 1<sup>st</sup> position in the Senior and Junior Group on dt. 05.02.2024 at Adivasi Exhibition Ground, Unit- I, Bhubaneswar.</li> <li>• For the senior group, essays were submitted in 17 languages; such as Banjara, Kui , Desia, Oraon, Santali, Kuvi, Paroja, Munda, Bhatra, Koya, Saora, Ho / Kolha, Gondi, Juang, Bhunjia, Bonda, and Kisan while the junior group presented essays in 15 languages Such as Kui, Desia, Santali, Munda , Bhatra , Koya, Saora, Ho / Kolha , Gondi, Bhunjia , Bonda , Kisan , Khadia, Binjhal, and Sadri.</li> </ul>
5	<p>Live Demonstration of Tribal Craft and Arts in the Museum Premises</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing beadwork and embroidery by the Bonda and Dongria Kandha communities was held from 23.03.2023 to 6.04.2023</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing Bamboo craft &amp; Painting by the Santal &amp; Lanjia Saora communities was held from 17.04.2023 to 01.05.2023.</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Bead and Comb work &amp; Lacquer Craft by the Kutia Kandha, Bathudi &amp; Santal.was held from 10.05.2023 to 24.05.2023.</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Comb work &amp; Wall Painting by the Juang &amp; Santal communities was held from 22.06.2023 to 06.07.2023.</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Siali Craft &amp; Mat Making by the Mankirdia &amp; Paudi Bhuyan communities was held from</li> </ul>

		<p>15.07.2023 to 29.07.2023.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Leaf Craft &amp; Bead work by the Bhumij &amp; Chuktia Bhunjia communities was held from 08.08.2023 to 22.08.2023.</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Stone Carving &amp; Painting by the Bhuyan &amp; Kutia Kandha communities was held from 02.09.2023 to 16.09.2023.</li> <li>• A Live Demonstration Programme showcasing the Wood Carving &amp; Textile by the Kandha &amp; Kulis communities was held from 15.11.2023 to 29.11.2023.</li> </ul>
6	Audio Video Content Development (2-5 minutes duration 40 short videos in three languages: English, Odia & Hindi	<p>On going</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 30nos of Audio Videos showcasing Tribal culture have been completed.</li> </ul>
7	Maintenance of the Museum including the up gradation and replacement of Interactive gadgets	<p>On going</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The agency has already been selected to take up the work.</li> <li>• Two Interactive Maps will be installed in the Main Museum Building and PVTG Gallery featuring Demographic Profile of 62 Tribal Communities and 13 PVTGs of Odisha.</li> </ul>
8	Live Demonstration Programme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Live Demonstration Programme is going on round the year by engaging artisans of 5 tribal communities at Odisha State Tribal Museum.</li> <li>• 203 nos of Saora &amp; Gond Paintings have been prepared by Saora &amp; Gond Artists.</li> <li>• 342 nos of paddy crafts have been prepared by Bhattada artisan.</li> <li>• 403 nos of Bamboo crafts have been prepared by Lodha artisans.</li> <li>• 302nos of Dhokra crafts have been prepared</li> </ul>

		<p>by Santal artisans.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 243nos of Glass items have been painted.</li> <li>• 100 nos of GiftBox s and 5nos of Stolls have been painted.</li> </ul>
9	Chemical Treatment of Art & Artefacts	1095nos of tribal Art & Artefacts were chemically treated.
10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Repairing and coloring of Main Museum Building of Odisha State Tribal Museum</li> <li>• Thatching and coloring of Shrine Crafts in the Courtyard of Odisha State Tribal Museum.</li> <li>• Thatching and colouring of 7 nos of Tribal Huts.</li> </ul>	Completed
11	State Level Tribal Painting Competition (2023-24)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A Total of 59 students comprising 29 from the Junior Group and 30 from the Senior Group, participated in the State Level Tribal Painting Competition organized on 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2023 in the campus of SCSTRTI.</li> <li>• The State Level Felicitation Ceremony was organized on 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2023 where 6 students 3 from each category (Junior &amp; Senior) were felicitated with a Trophy, Cash Prize &amp; Certificate.</li> </ul>
12	Tribal Painting Workshop cum Exhibition by Tribal Artists of Odisha	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Workshop-cum-Exhibitionwas organized in the campus of SCSTRTI from 16<sup>th</sup> November, 2023.</li> <li>• 26 nos of young tribal artists were portrayed the unique and diverse cultural heritage of tribal communities on canvas.</li> <li>• From 18<sup>th</sup> onwards the exhibition was open for the public.</li> <li>• The Young tribal artists were felicitated with</li> </ul>

		Cash incentive, Uttariya and Certificate.
13	India International Trade Fair (IITF) from 14th to 27th November, 2023 at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• India International Trade Fair (IITF) was organised from 14th to 27th November, 2023 at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi.</li> <li>• In this event artisans from three tribal communities viz. Bhattada, Dongria Kandha and Lanjia Saora had participated and demonstrated their traditional craft such as Saora Painting (Idital), Embroidery work of Dongria Kandha and Paddy Craft of Bhattada.</li> <li>• The artists were performed the Birli dance on dt.19.11.2023. The dhurua dance troupe of Odisha performed their traditional dance forms on Odisha day at IITF, New Delhi.</li> </ul>
14.	1 <sup>st</sup> World Odia Language Conference was held from 03.02.2024 to 08.02.2024 at Janta Maidan, Bhubaneswar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In the International Language 1<sup>st</sup> World Odia Language Conference of Odisha State Tribal Museum shared a gallery displaying the personal adornments and belongings, textiles, paintings, hunting &amp; fishing implements, weapons of offence and defence, household objects, agricultural implements, dance &amp; Musical Instruments of different tribal communities of Odisha and the Dhokra items as well.</li> </ul>

**Images on different activities of Odisha State Tribal Museum**

## NATIONAL TRIBAL CRAFT MELA, 2024



Bamboo Craft of Gujarat



Embroidery work of Dongria Kandha, Odisha



Felicitatition of Bhumij artisans



Textile of Assam

NATIONAL TRIBAL DANCE FESTIVAL, 2024



Khapri Dance of Gond Tribe (Maharashtra)



Felicitation of tribal artists of Assam



Kahadiya Dance of Kunbi Tribe (Gujarat)



Bhimsa Kunda Dance of Bagata Tribe

**STATE LEVEL TRIBAL PAINTING COMPETITION AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN  
(2022-23)**



**Felicitation Ceremony of State Level Tribal Painting Competition**

**STATE LEVEL TRIBAL ESSAY COMPETITION (2022-23)**



**Felicitation Ceremony of State Level Essay Competition**

**LIVE DEMONSTRATION OF TRIBAL CRAFT AND ARTS IN THE MUSEUM PREMISES**



**Comb making of Juang Tribe**



**Lacquer craft of Santal/Bhumij Tribe**



**Siali craft of Mankirdia Tribe**



**Mat making of Paudi Bhuyan Tribe**



**Bead work of Chukutia Bhunjia Tribe**



**Leaf craft of Bhumij Tribe**



Tribal Textile of Kulis Tribe



Stone carving of Gond/Bhuyan Tribe

LIVE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAMME



Bamboo Craft of Lodha Tribe



Paddy Craft of Bhattada Tribe



Tribal Painting of Lanjia Saora Tribe



Dhokra Craft of Santal Tribe



Tribal Painting of Gond Tribe

## STATE LEVEL TRIBAL PAINTING COMPETITION (2023-24)



Workshop for Tribal Students



State Level Tribal Painting Competition



Exhibition of Paintings



Felicitation Ceremony of State Level Tribal Painting Competition

TRIBAL PAINTING WORKSHOP CUM EXHIBITION BY TRIBAL ARTISTS OF ODISHA (2023-24)



Exhibition of Paintings

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR (IITF)



Embroidery work of Dongria Kandha



Idital Painting of Lanjia Saora



Paddy Craft of Bhattada

## 1<sup>ST</sup> WORLD ODIA LANGUAGE CONFERENCE



Pavilion by Odisha State Tribal Museum

#### 1.4 LIBRARY

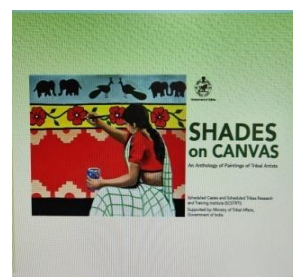
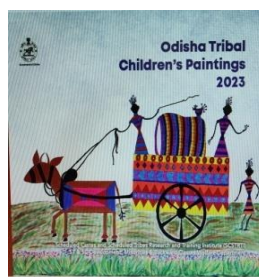
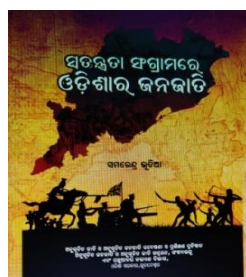
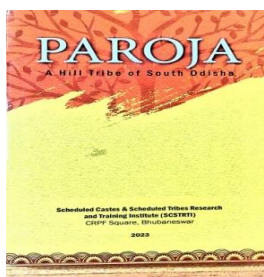
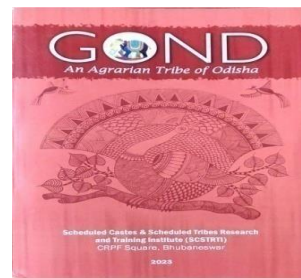
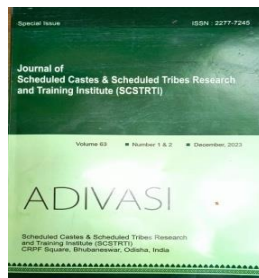
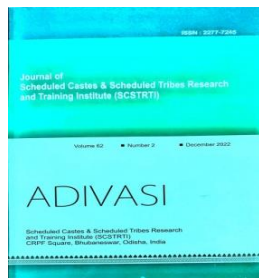
Sl. No.	Number of the books at the beginning of the Year	No of the books added during the Year	Total Number of the Books	Remarks
1	22572	385	22957	

#### 1.5 PLANNING & EVALUATION

Sl. No.	Topics	Present Status
1.	Odisha Tribal Family Health Survey	Draft report submitted by ICMR-RMRC, to Health Department, GoO for inputs
2.	Change detection Study on Millet-based food habit of Tribal people in Odisha.	completed

#### 1.6 PUBLICATION, DATA BANK & RESOURCE CENTRE

Sl. No.	Title	Published during the quarterly
1.	Publication of Quarterly News Letters (Vol-XIII, Issue I-IV)	Published
2.	Adivasi volume 62 & 63	Published
3.	GOND: An Agarian Tribes of Odisha	Published
4.	Paroja : A Hill Tribe of South Odisha	Published
5.	Swatantrata Sangrama Re Odishara Janajati (Odia)	Published
6.	Odisha tribal Children's Painting -2023	Published
7.	Shades on Canvas: An Anthology of Paintings of Tribal Arts.	Published



## 1.7 OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS

### CELEBRATION OF JANAJATIYA GOURAV DIVAS:

The SCSTRTI joins the Janjatiya Gaurav Divas being observed across the country, commemorating the birth anniversary of great Indian Freedom Fighter and tribal hero Birsa Munda.

1. The series of activities planned under the programme, supported by Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Govt. of India celebrating the tribal heritage of Odisha, were inaugurated on 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2023. The program continued till 26<sup>th</sup> November, 2023.
2. The State Level Janjatiya Gaurav Divas Samaroh was held at SCSTRTI, Auditorium, Bhubaneswar was inaugurated by Hon'ble Minister, ST & SC, Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare Department, Govt. of Odisha. Shri Jagannath Saraka. The Commissioner-cum Secretary of the Department Smt. Roopa Roshan Sahoo, Director SCSTRTI. Shri Indramani Tripathy and former director TE & SCERT, Shri Nihar Ranjan Patnaik graced the occasion.
3. The dignitaries vividly cited the significant role of indigenous tribal communities in enriching the socio-cultural and economic fabric of the state for centuries and also spoke about the sacrifice of Bhagwan Birsa Munda as an inspiration for the Indian tribal communities.
4. Two monographs depicting the past and present life and culture of Gond and Paorja tribes in Odisha were released during the program. The inaugural ceremony witnessed mesmerizing tribal dance by artists from Paroja, Santal and Oraon communities from the tribal pockets of Odisha.

## 5. State Level Tribal Painting

### Competition :

A State Level Tribal Painting Competition was held with the participation of 60 tribal students in Junior and Senior category from different SSD Schools of Odisha. The winners were also awarded by the dignitaries in the inaugural program.



## 6. Workshop-cum-Exhibition on Tribal Painting :

The 3 day Workshop on Tribal Painting involving 25 young tribal artists from across the State culminated in thoughtful art works depicting the unique and diverse cultural heritage of Odisha's tribal life was conducted in the SCSTRTI Campus from 16<sup>th</sup> to 18<sup>th</sup> November on the eve of Janjatiya Gaurav Divas. The exhibition featuring these paintings was inaugurated on 18.11.2023 by R. Balakrishnan, Chief Advisor (Special Initiatives) to Govt.

## 7. Tribal Poet Meet :

As a part of various activities of Janjatiya Gaurav Divas, SCSTRTI, Tribal Poet Meet on 22<sup>nd</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> November where. 47 tribal poets belonging to Binjhal, Desia, Gadaba, Gond, Kharia, Koya, Kui, Kuvi, Saora, Lanjia Saora, Paroja, Munda, Bhumij, Juang, Santali and Ho communities of Odisha engaged the audience with thought provoking poetry on tribal life, culture and heritage.



#### 8. Tribal Student Engagement Programme:

9. Students from Thakarbapa Hostel and Tapobana High School visited OSTM in the Student Engagement Programme organized as a part of celebration of Janjatiya Gaurav Divas. A quiz competition was conducted among them and prizes were given to the students for correct answer.



#### 10. Sickle Cell Virtual Meeting

In order to spread the awareness about Sickle Cell Anaemia on the eve of Janjatiya Gaurav Divas, a virtual training programme was organized on a wide platform encompassing matrons and ANMs from SSD Department of Odisha.

#### 11. Live Demonstration Programme :

Nine artisans from the Kulis tribe of Bargarh district demonstrating their textile and from the Kandha tribe of Kandhamal demonstrating their wood carving craft participated in the Live Demonstration Programme as a part of Janjatiya Gaurav Divas.



#### 12. International Convention on Millets, 2023:

The research report on 'Change Detection Study in Millets based food habits of Tribal people in Odisha carried out by SCSTRTI was launched at the International Convention on Millets, 2023. Director, SCSTRTI spoke about the intrinsic relation of millets in Tribal Culture of Odisha.

### 13. Participation in the India International Trade Fair, New Delhi:

SCSTRTI participated in Odisha pavilion at IITF and did a wonderful display of art and artifacts. The products and display were widely appreciated in the Odisha Pavilion. Odisha secured the first position and bagged the gold medal in state category.



#### 14. Construction of Millet Seed Display Unit at Odisha State Tribal Museum:

A Millet Seed Display Unit showcasing the 50 landraces of different millets produced in Odisha has been constructed in the premises of Odisha State Tribal Museum, Bhubaneswar. The Millet Seed Display Unit was inaugurated on 17<sup>th</sup> October 2023 by the Hon'ble Minister of Agriculture and Farmers Empowerment, Odisha and Hon'ble Minister of ST & SC Dev. M & BCW, Odisha. This initiative was undertaken in collaboration with the Odisha Millet Mission, Department of Agriculture and Farmers Empowerment, Govt. of Odisha.



#### 15. Beautification of SCSTRTI

The SCSTRTI is famous for its campus with ever enchanting beauty of well arranged and meticulously organized seasonal flowers and ornamentals in the campus throughout the year.



## Chapter-XVI

### **SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL (SDC)**

#### **I. Formation of SDC:**

In order to ensure that tribal development is more effective, inclusive and participatory, there is necessity to involve tribals extensively at all stages of the development process starting from identification of deficit areas, felt needs, plan formulation, implementation and monitoring. Keeping the above objectives in view, Government has set up Special Development councils(SDC) for 9 Tribal Dominated Districts of the State like Mayurbhanj, Sundargarh, Keonjhar, Malkangiri, Koraput, Nabarangpur, Rayagada, Gajapati and Kandhamal in the year 2017. During 2023, 14 additional districts namely; Angul, Balasore, Bargarh, Bolangir, Boudh, Deogarh, Dhenkanal, Ganjam, Jajpur, Jharsusuda, Kalahandi, Nayagarh, Nuapada & Sambalpur consisting of 60 Blocks have been included under the fold of SDCs making the total number of SDC Districts to 23 with a total of 177 Blocks. These Councils especially focus on preservation of tribal culture and traditions, heritage and unique identity of each tribe.

#### **II. Objectives:**

The broad objectives / outcome of the Special Development Council are as under:

- Conservation of tribal culture aligned with development objectives.
- Propagation of tribal culture for retaining tribal identity.
- Recognition and promotion of the indigenous knowledge system of the tribal.
- Documentation of tangible and intangible tribal culture, tradition and practices.
- Identification of tribal resources and making the indigenous knowledge/ unique culture a means of livelihood.
- Organization of exposure visits on the range of development issues.
- Promotion of tribal languages and dialects for development communication.
- Optimal utilization of available resources in tribal areas for sustainable tribal development as per felt needs.
- Area/culture specific development interventions addressing the felt needs of the tribal.
- Promotion of sports and youth activities among tribal at various levels.
- Critical gap filling including last mile connectivity and other basic minimum needs which are otherwise not available from normal development programs.

### III. Composition of the SDCs:

Sl. No	Designation of the members	Background of the Council Office bearers
1	Chairperson	A luminary/distinguished person of tribal community who is a resident of the District to be nominated by Government
2	Vice Chairperson	One eminent person of the tribal community who is a resident of the District to be nominated by Government
3	Members	Representatives of Tribal Groups in the district to be nominated by Government
4	Members	Up to 5 Tribal representatives, who have excelled in the field of education, art, culture, sports and enterprise in their community to be nominated by the State Government
5	Members	Up to three experts in the field of Tribal Development (can be a public servant and not necessarily a tribal) to be nominated by the State Government.
6	Ex-Officio Member Convener and Chief Executive Officer	Collector of the District

One among the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson should be a female. Chairperson/Vice Chairperson /Members belonging to tribal community should not be a public servant or be holding any public office.

#### Status:

- Chairperson : Minister of State
- Vice Chairperson : Vice Chairperson of Zilla Parishad
- Members : Members of Zilla Parishad

#### Term of Office:

- Two Years except the Member Convener

### IV. FOCUSED ACTIVITIES UNDER SDC:

1. Protection & preservation of Tribal Sacred Groves in the entire Council Areas.
2. Construction of Culture Clubs and providing Musical Instruments to them as a means of promoting performing tribal art.
3. Empanelling Tribal Dance Troupes, providing them Costumes and sponsoring them to exhibit their dance forms at various state level/national level events.

4. Organization of Tribal Cultural festivals at Block and District level.
5. Improvement of the existing weekly tribal haats.
6. Exposure Visits of the Tribal as a Confidence Building Measure.
7. Identification of Tribal Artisans and Issuance of Identity Card.
8. Establishment of Tribal Museum at the District level.
9. Development Communications through promotion of tribal language in the shape of formulation of 21 Tribal Bilingual Dictionaries, 21 Tribal Trilingual Proficiency Modules.
10. Organization of Tribal Sports at Block, District and State Level as an annual activity and nurturing the talents.

**V. PHYSICAL AND FINANCIAL ACHIEVEMENT:**

- Grant-in-Aid @ Rs.1.50 Cr. per block was provided to the 9 SDC districts during the financial year 2017-18 and 2018-19, totaling Rs. 351.00 Cr. Subsequently Grant in Aid to the tune of Rs.36.00 Cr. provided to SDC, Malkangiri and Sundergarh for the financial year 2020-21 and Rs.7.19 Cr to Gajapati and Keonjhar during 2022-23, totaling the GIA to Rs.394.19 Cr. Out of this allotment, Rs.314.08 Cr. has been spent up to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.
- Initially an allocation of Rs.175.50 Crores for the Financial Year 2023-24 has been made for the 9 Special Development Councils which has 117 Blocks @ 1.5 Crores per Block. In the supplementary budget Rs.223.50 Cr. has been approved which includes an additional allotment of Rs.175.5 Cr. for 9 old SDCs and Rs.48.00 Cr. for 14 newly included SDCs totalling to Rs.399.00 Cr. for the year 2023-24. Up to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, Rs. 94.14 Cr. has been spent.

As on 31st March 2024, following activities have been completed by the SDCs which is the cumulative achievement.

- Protection & preservation work of 6643 Tribal Sacred Groves has been completed.
- As many as 1859 Tribal Culture Club houses have been completed.
- As regards, providing Musical instruments are concerned 3816 troupes have been provided with Musical Instruments.
- 3208 Dance Troupes have been provided with Dance Costumes.
- 1285 Tribal weekly hats have been identified for improvement, out of which 906 have been completed.
- About 11775 Tribal Delegates have undertaken Exposure Visit as a confidence building measure.
- Artisan Identity Cards have been issued to 36309 Tribal Artisans.

- Tribal Bilingual Dictionaries in 21 languages and Tribal Trilingual Proficiency Modules in 21 languages have been printed and distributed in all 30 districts.
- Around 4148 Tribal Youth Clubs have been distributed Sports Kit for promotion of sports among tribal youth.
- Land has been identified for construction of Tribal Museum in 8 SDC districts (except Rayagada) and boundary wall construction has been completed in 7 districts.
- 51 Tribal Resource Centres have been constructed.

**PHOTOGRAPHS OF ACTIVITIES TAKEN UP UNDER SDC**



**MAA HATIBARUNI CULTURE CLUB AT KOPRA, GP- KARTANPALLI, MATHILI BLOCK. MALKANGIRI.**



**AMILIPUT HAAT, KADAMGUDA GP OF KHAIRIPUT BLOCK. MALKANGIRI**



**DISTRIBUTION OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND DANCE COSTUMES AT STATE LEVEL FUNCTION.**



**BLOCK LEVEL SPORTS — MALKANGIRI**



**BLOCK LEVEL CULTURAL FESTIVAL OF KENDUJHAR DISTRICT.**



**MUNDA SAHI JAHERA SALA, TRIBE-HO(MUNDA), VILL-GUALI, BLOCK-JODA, KEONJHAR DISTRICT.**



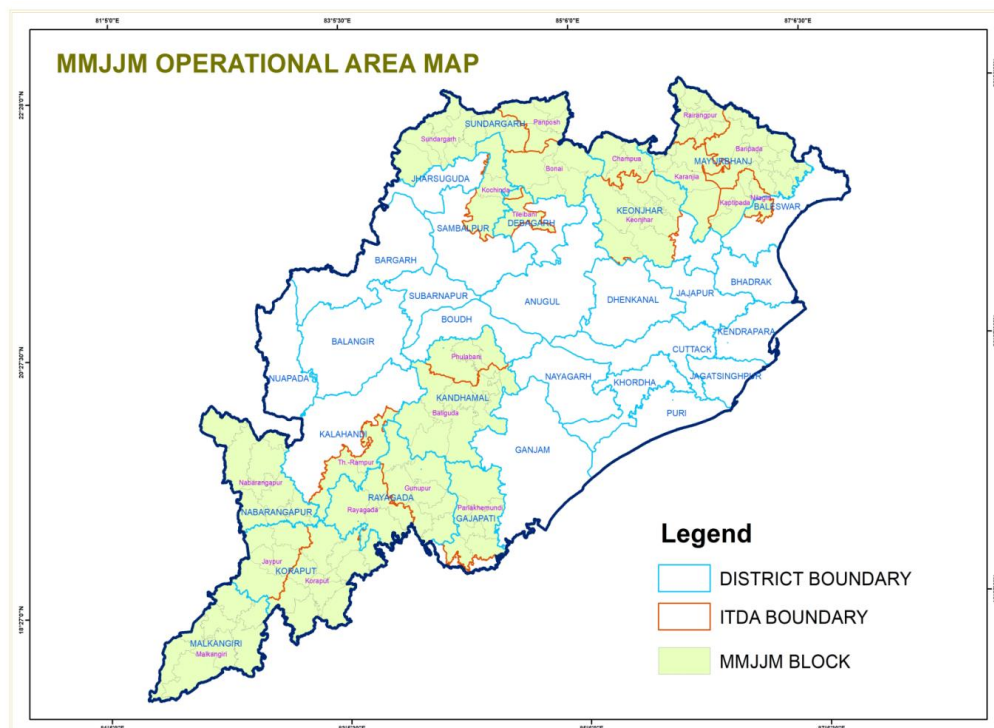
**THE SACRED GROVES OF THE SANTHAL TRIBE 'JAHIRA' WAS DISPLAYED IN THE TABLEAU ON THE OCCASION OF STATE LEVEL REPUBLIC DAY CELEBRATION 2024,**

## Chapter-XVII

### Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeevika Mission (MMJJM)

#### INTRODUCTION:

The livelihood of rural “Scheduled Tribe” (ST) community is mostly dependent on forest, agriculture and animal husbandry. Over the years, livelihood promotion initiatives in Tribal Sub-Plan area under SCA to TSS and Article 275(1) were primarily undertaken through the ‘Integrated Tribal Development Agencies’ (ITDA), under the administrative control of ST & SC Development Department. However, largely traditional implementation strategies, absence of sustainable local institutions, lack of scale of production, lack of infrastructure support and end-to-end solution in the value chain were the eventual roadblocks making livelihoods of tribal people vulnerable to various unforeseen risks.



Visualizing that, a focused approach towards promoting a scalable and replicable livelihood cluster model suitable to local conditions and capacities of tribal communities became the need of the hour. Mission Jeevika was formulated during November 2019 with the purposes of ensuring sustainable livelihoods of ST families through farm and non-farm-based livelihood activities in clusters and developing suitable infrastructures so as to improve the standard of living and facilitate incremental results in their livelihoods. This initiative has proven successful, benefitting approximately 1.50 lakhs tribal households covered through various livelihood clusters in 22 ITDAs. Mission Jeevika a Livelihood Cluster Programme has been recognized as one of the best practices by NITI Aayog & documented in the Best Practices Compendium (January-2021) by the Development Monitoring and Evaluation Office (DMEO) of the NITI Aayog.

Finance Department had completed a rapid assessment of the Mission Jeevika initiative and came up with positive observations about the initiative of the Department.

Based on the appraisal report, the Department formulated the Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeevika Mission Scheme (MMJJM) under State funding with the goal of furthering tribal development and enhancing the livelihoods of tribal communities in the State. Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeevika Mission Scheme has embarked on as one of the largest exclusive tribal livelihood promotion initiatives in the country funded under the State budget. The Programme aims to cover 17 Lakh households in different phases and in the first phase around 1.5 Lakh tribal households will be covered in first three years.

#### **GOAL OF MMJJM:**

To enhance household income of the tribal households on Odisha through farm, off-farm and non-farm initiatives focusing on regenerative livelihood practices by working with the community institutions in all the tribal areas of the state, in Phases.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

1. Collectivisation of tribal farmers through their institutions for economy of scale and sustainability
2. Encouraging farmers to diversify to agri-horti crops, livestock fisheries through cluster approaches.
3. Creation of irrigation infrastructures for ensuring round the year crop production to enhance cropping intensity.
4. Promotion of Tribal youth as micro-entrepreneur and support vulnerable households under income generating activities.
5. Enhancing tribal income through forest-based livelihood with essential value addition
6. Support for Branding, Marketing, value chain interventions of On farm, Off farm and Non-farm activities
7. Enhancing skill and capacities of farmers on improved agriculture practice as well as other livelihood activities.
8. Convergence with other line departments for resource mobilization to establish production clusters.

#### **MAJOR ACTIVITIES**

1. Promotion and strengthening of Grassroot Institutions, Janajati Jeevika Parishad
2. Entry Point Activities to build the confidence of Community
3. Development of farm clusters through critical input support and following regenerative agriculture and non- synthetic approach of crop production
4. Creation of suitable irrigation infrastructures to enhance cropping intensity
5. Development of livestock and fisheries clusters through critical support including ethno-vet practices of animal care
6. Promotion of micro entrepreneurs for employment and income enhancement of tribal youth & Promotion of Income Generating Activities for poor and vulnerable households
7. Promotion of forest-based livelihood thorough collection and essential value addition of NTFPs
8. Market linkage, Value addition and Branding of produces to get competitive market price
9. Training and capacity building beneficiaries and community institutions

## **GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE**

MMJMM Scheme operate in 13 districts in 119 Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP) blocks.

- It encompasses 22 Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA) areas.
- The initial phase runs from 2023-24 to 2025-26.
- In the first phase, the program aims to directly benefit 1.5 lakh tribal households.

## **SCHEME FUNDING**

MMJMM programme is funded by the state government. The state budget has a provisioned of Rs 500 crores for the programme for a period of three years, starting from 2023-24. The programme will also leverage resources from other state and central government schemes through a proper convergence mechanism to access additional funding from other schemes, to amplify its scale and impact.

## **EXPECTED OUTCOMES**

- Double the income of 100% beneficiaries
- 100% adoption of improved farming practices among the farm families
- Double the area under cultivation
- 50% increase in crop productivity of crops under cluster development programme.
- 50% of cluster areas with irrigation facilities.
- 50% of cluster areas cultivate double crops (kharif followed by rabi).
- 50% increase in cultivation area in both rabi and summer seasons
- 40% of wasteland, fallow lands, and fra cultivation.

## **KEY IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES**

### **Village Saturation:**

Inclusion of all Tribal Households of the village(s) in a MMJMM cluster/ Janajati Jeevika Parishad (JJP).

### **Diversified Livelihoods:**

Ensuring inclusion of all HHs by making provision of farm, off-farm and non-farm activities to be chosen based on resource availability, skill, choice and preference.

### **Partnership and Collaboration:**

Making collaboration with experts, academic institutions, resource agencies, technical agencies / institutions, private partners, startups and market.

### **Institutionalization & Participation:**

Strengthening the community Institution (JJP) as the key driver in all processes and ensure bottom-up planning and monitoring.

### **End-to-End Support:**

Providing End-to-End Support planning, capacity building, input support, monitoring, production & post production management, value addition and market linkage.

### **Convergence:**

Ensuring convergence of various Government programs and schemes for providing support towards livelihood promotion.

### **Innovation & Technology Integration:**

Introduction of Innovative ideas & technology-based solutions in the value chain.

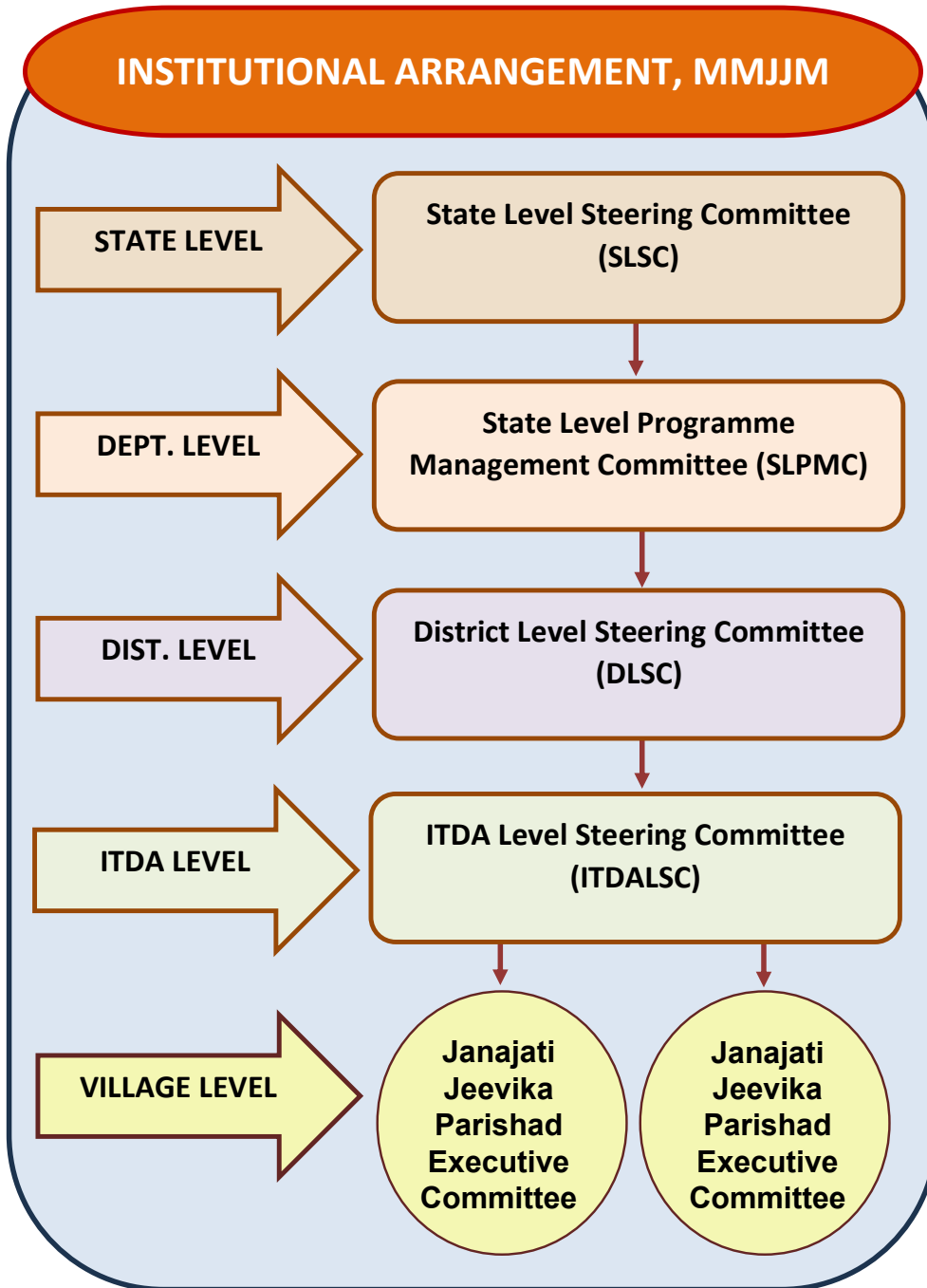
**Developing Durable Livelihood Assets:**

Creation of durable livelihood support infrastructures / assets for livelihood enhancement at individual and community level.

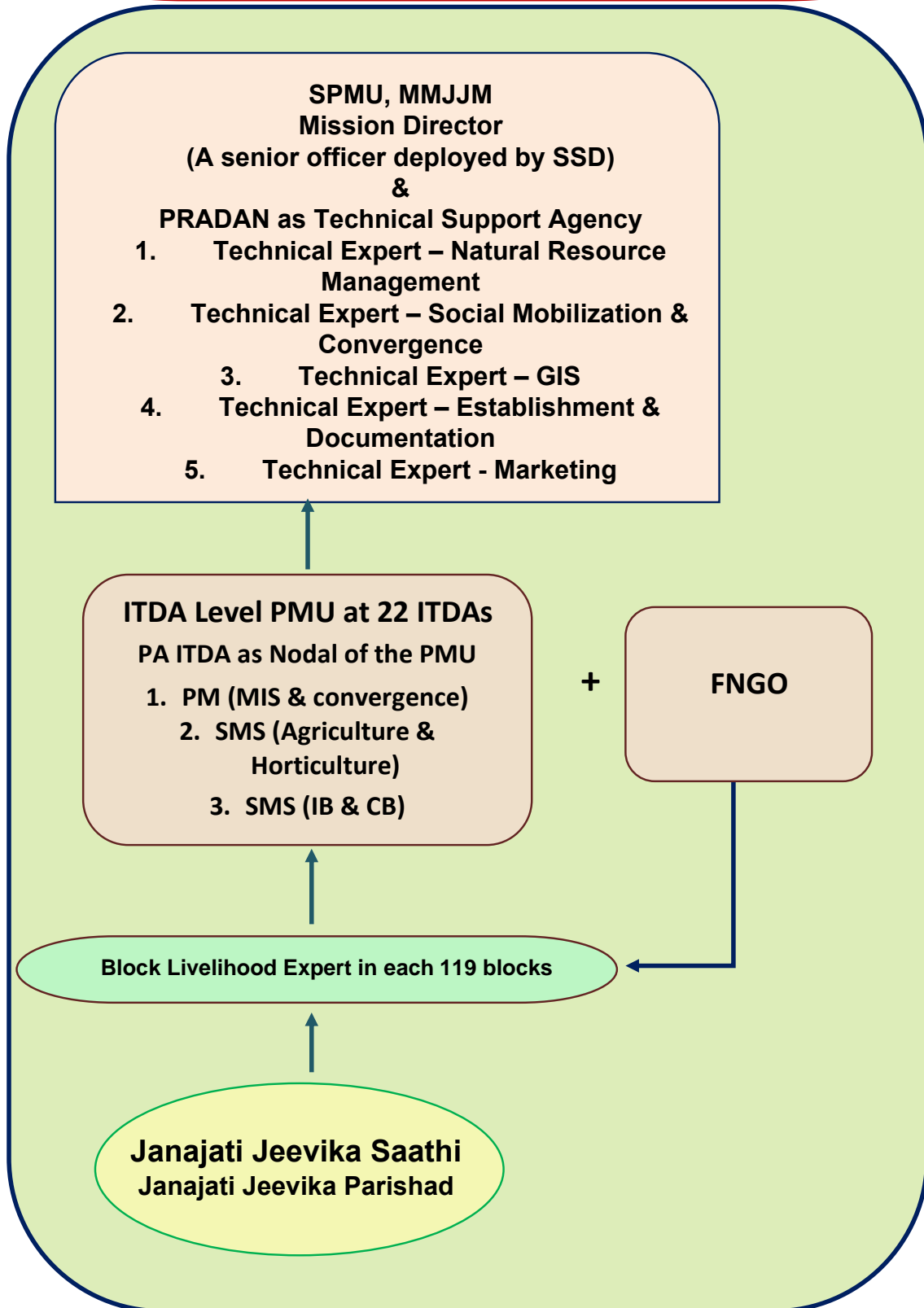
**Building Community Cadres:**

Grooming of JJSs, village youth, entrepreneurs to take forward the process and ensure sustainability of the interventions.

**Institutional arrangement, Organogram along with broad roles and responsibilities**



# ORGANOGRAM, MMJJM



**State Level PMU (SPMU):**

A State-level Project Management Unit (PMU) was established to oversee the management of the Scheme, headed by the Mission Director of MMJJM.

**Role of State Level PMU**

- a) In the programme designing, planning, on-boarding of agencies, building capacities in implementation
- b) Preparing project annual plan and projecting budget requirements every year for preparation of budget estimates, setting up systems of tracking disbursement and utilization of funds under the project.
- c) Developing capacity building modules and identifying institutions, resource persons to roll out the modules at ITDA and Community level.
- d) Monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the programme across ITDAs.
- e) Develop / revise guidelines, standard operating procedures and technical protocols as per the emerging needs of the program from time to time.
- f) It will develop proposals for both funded and non-funded collaborations / innovations / sustainable practices and submit it to Mission Director, MMJJM for approval.
- g) Facilitate Monthly, Quarterly and Half yearly review of the programme by Mission Director, MMJJM and different Committees at State Level.
- h) Coordinate with different departments at state level to facilitate convergence.
- i) Partnership and collaboration with technical expert institutes / agencies / academia/ Private market entrepreneurs and eminent independent individuals for development of the strategy.
- j) Foster linkages with research institutes and academicians for evidence building and wider dissemination.
- k) Deploying appropriate human resources to achieve the above and establishing the team's management systems.

**ITDA Level PMU:**

ITDA Level PMU Establishment: At the ITDA level, PMUs are led by the PA-ITDAs, accompanied by three other members: (1) a Project Manager, (2) a Subject Matter Specialist in Agriculture/Horticulture, and (3) a Subject Matter Specialist in Social Mobilization and Institutional Building, each entrusted with specific roles and responsibilities.

**Role of PMU at ITDA Level :**

- a) Mobilizing Tribal community around the MMJJM programme and to create awareness among the community.
- b) Identification of Livelihood clusters and Selection of Beneficiaries and preparing village specific cluster plan and budget.
- c) Strengthening village level institutions and Janajati Jeevika Parishad at Cluster level to ensure grassroot governance.
- d) Approval of Cluster plan in Cluster / Janajati Jeevika Parishad (JJP) and ITDA level.
- e) Support of Input support after plan approval and fund allocation from the office of Mission Director

- f) Fostering linkages with relevant government Departments for convergence of different schemes and programs.
- g) Convergence with MGNREGS and facilitate implementation of suitable works in align to the programme deliverables.
- h) Designing Modules for skill & capacity building of the NGO staffs and beneficiaries around different thematic activities.
- i) Proper Utilization of funds under MMJJM and preparing Utilization Certificates.
- j) Maintaining proper MIS system, data related to various activities under the programme and preparing reports for review meeting at different level.
- k) Documentation of case studies, best practices in various communication platforms and publicity of the programme in print and social media.
- l) Establish market linkage by ensuring production, aggregation & value addition of the products at cluster / JJP level.
- m) Any other work assigned under the Programme.

#### **Institutional Architecture:**

To ensure effective execution, monitoring, evaluation, and policy resolution, various committees are established at State, District, ITDA, Block, and village level.

#### **State Level Steering Committee:**

At the State Level, a Steering Committee (SLSC) has been formed to approve annual plan, allocate budget, review program implementation, promote departmental convergence, and address emerging policy matters. The first SLSC meeting held on 16<sup>th</sup> October 2023 for formal ratification of SLSC and approval of Annual action Plan under the Convenorship of Commissioner-cum-Secretary of ST & SC Development, Minorities, and Backward Classes Welfare Department, Odisha Government, while the Development Commissioner served as the Chair. The SLSC convenes at least biannually to assess program progress and consider pertinent proposals. Its membership includes the Principal Secretary/Commissioner-cum-Secretary of Mission Shakti, as well as directors and managing directors from departments such as Agriculture, Fisheries, Textiles, and Livelihood and Technical Support Agency PRADAN.

#### **State Level Programme Management Committee:**

The State Level Programme Management Committee (SLPMC), chaired by the Principal Secretary/Commissioner cum Secretary of ST & SC Development, ensures periodic review of program implementation, oversees assignment of activities to implementing agencies, scrutinizes Annual Action Plans from ITDAs, resolves issues, and executes delegated functions, meeting at least quarterly for progress review and decision-making. The Director of ST, the Mission Director of MMJJM as the Member Convenor, and members of the State PMU collectively contribute to the committee.

#### **District level steering Committee:**

A District Level Steering Committee (DLSC) has been formed in each district of MMJJM to develop a Strategic/Perspective Plan aligned with the goals and objectives of the Mission, ensuring coordination with other line departments, scheme convergence, and overseeing implementation. The PA ITDA serves as the Convenor for the DLSC, chaired by the District Collector and District Magistrate. The DLSC convenes at least quarterly to review program progress. Its membership includes the Chief Development Officer cum Executive Officer of Zilla Parishad, various district-level officials such as Chief District Agriculture

Officer, Deputy Director Horticulture, Project Director Watershed, Chief District Veterinary Officer, District Fishery Officer, District Project Manager of Odisha Livelihood Mission, District Project Coordinator of Mission Shakti, Deputy CEO of ORMAS, Assistant Director of Handicrafts, Executive Engineer of OLIC, District Manager of OAIC, and Head of the Facilitating NGO, along with ITDA PMU members, technical experts, scientists from institutions like ICAR, KVKs, SAU institutions, and other district-level line department officials.

**ITDA Level Steering Committee:**

The ITDA level Steering Committee formed in each ITDA to oversee the preparation and implementation of Strategic/Perspective Plans aligned with the Mission's objectives, ensuring coordination with other departments and scheme convergence. These tasks encompass planning, aligning activities, coordinating stakeholders, ensuring timely procurement, establishing monitoring mechanisms, resolving issues, and executing additional delegated functions.

The ITDA Level Steering Committee, chaired by the Project Administrator, ITDA, and convened by the Scheme Manager (MIS and Convergence) ITDA PMU, with members including Block Development Officers, Agriculture and Horticulture Officers, Veterinary and Fisheries Officers, as well as representatives from NGOs and other invited officers. The ITDALSC shall meet at least once in every quarter for reviewing the progress of the Scheme.

**Village Level JJP Executive Committee:**

Each Livelihood Production Cluster is composed of around 100 farmers from one or more adjacent villages, all engaging in similar commodities through farm, off-farm, or non-farm activities within a production cluster approach. These livelihood clusters are known as Janajati Jeevika Parishad and are designed to empower smallholder tribal farmers to take on active leadership roles right from the inception stage, fostering greater accountability and ownership at the community level. The Janajati Jeevika Parishad nominate a 11–13 membered committee as the executive body of the Janajati Jeevika parishad. On Behalf of the General body of the Executive committee handle the management issues at JJP.



**Significant Achievements under in FY 2023-24**

- Total 1484 Janajati Jeevika Parishads (JJP) were established at the Cluster level, out of the planned 1500, encompassing 2596 villages. In all the 1484 JJP, the Janajati Jeevika Sathis (JJS) were selected and are engaged at the JJP level for effective implementation of the programme.



- In Rabi season; total of 64,611 tribal households were covered, cultivating across 35315.60 acres of land in 985 clusters. Furthermore, 12,539 tribal households were covered, cultivating across 5959 acres in 370 clusters for intensifying agricultural activity in Summer. **During the Financial Year 2023-24, a total of Rs 44.11 Crores was invested for farm-based activities under MMJJM.s**



- Total 2658 no. of structures were premeditated through convergence for creation of additional irrigation command area of 10758 acres and a budget of 6.85 Crores are being allocated for that. By end of this FY; total 58 structures have been completed and 355 acres of land under irrigation has been created so far. Another 836 no. of works are under progress. **Total 3.03 Crores of amount has been spent.**

- 1360 Tribal Youth have received financial support from the MMJJM programme to establish their enterprises and **total Rs 12.48 Crores** has been disbursed as a support to the micro-entrepreneurs.



- In 129 clusters; construction of Solar based MPCPs is planned and in 19 clusters the construction is completed. In 40 other clusters; the construction work is going on.

- **Against the allocation of Rs 90 Crores budget for FY 2023-24 under MMJJM programme implementation; till 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, Rs 65.04 Crores has been utilized.**



## Chapter-XVIII

### **Implementation of the STs & Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 and its Amendment Rules, 2012 in the State of Odisha**

The Scheduled Tribes & Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 has come into force with effect from January, 2008. It is the result of protracted struggle by forest dwelling communities and civil society groups for the tenurial and access rights of tribals over forest land. The Act provides a comprehensive and empowering framework for implementation of both individual and community forest rights of the STs and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (OTFDs) who primarily depend on forest for their bonafide livelihood and food security.

The status of implementation of FRA as on 31-03-2024 is indicated below:

<b>Activities</b>	<b>Individual Rights</b>	<b>Community Rights</b>	<b>Community Forest Resources Rights</b>	<b>Total of Community</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
Claims Received	641930	9930	6639	<b>16569</b>	<b>658499</b>
Claims Approved	466676	6045	4513	<b>10558</b>	<b>477234</b>
Titles Distributed	460533	4343	3495	<b>7838</b>	<b>468371</b>
Area involved (In Acres)	671774	86633	288052	<b>374684</b>	<b>1046458</b>
Claims Rejected	143455	863	121	<b>984</b>	<b>144439</b>
Claims Pending (Received-Distributed-Rejected)	37942	4724	3023	<b>7747</b>	<b>45689</b>
<b>Other activities under taken</b>					
<b>IFR title</b>	<b>Numbers</b>		<b>Remarks</b>		
IFR title	3,57,759		IAY		193679

holders benefited through convergence		Mo Kudia	6753
		MGNREGS	88038
		Mo Pokhari	4316
		National Horticulture Mission	9422
		National Bamboo Mission	936
		Others	73238
Correction of RoRs and maps	3,55,217	Till March, 2024	
Demarcation made	4,28,338	Till March, 2024	

FRA also provides for conversion of forest villages/ un-surveyed villages/habitations into revenue villages. Till the end of March,2024, 479 such habitations have been identified by the district authorities and 165 claims have been received. Out of it, 57 nos. of Forest villages/un-surveyed villages/ habitations etc. have been converted into Revenue villages (4 in Mayurbhanj,1 in Angul, 1 in Deogarh, 12 in Dhenkanal, 1 in Sambalpur & 38 in Ganjam Districts) through the notifications made by the Director, Land Record and Surveys Cuttack. Besides, one Habitat Rights title has been distributed in favour of Paudi Bhuyan PVTG community of Deogarh district.

To expedite the implementation process of Forest Rights Act, 2006 a new State Sector Scheme titled “Mo Jungle Jami Yojana” has been launched in this Department on 9<sup>th</sup> August,2023 with the objective to ensure access and ownership over land and forest resources as per their entitlement so as to facilitate convergence with development programmes/schemes undertaken by the Government.

Under this scheme 30 Forest Rights Cells are constituted at district level and 217 Forest Rights Cells are constituted at potential tahasils. In each Forest Rights Cell one Coordinator and one MIS Assistant have been engaged; they are extending support to the district Offices and Tahasil Offices. Besides, community volunteers have been engaged in the potential Gram Panchayats to support the deprived claimants and Forest Rights Committees (FRC) in claim filing at the Gram Sabha level. For effective implementation of Mo Jungle Jami Yojana Rs.26 Crores have been released to the SCSTRTI, Bhubaneswar during the financial year 2023-24.

Capacity building initiatives are being undertaken for expediting the implementation of FRA, 2006 across the State. Trainings are being conducted at district & Tehsil level and during the FY 2023-24, 7804 numbers of participants including Revenue officers, Forest Department Officers, Welfare Extension Officers, Forest Right Cell Coordinators and Panchayati Raj institution representatives have been imparted training on thematic and technical areas of FRA.

To make the training more effective & to sensitise the people at the Grassroot level, IEC material (Training Manual on FRA in Odia language, FAQ on FRA in Odia, Booklet for claim filing & Booklet on Mo Jungle Jami Yojana in local language (Odia) have been developed & circulated in all the districts. Besides, highlights of provisions of Forest Rights Act have been translated in Ho, Koya, Kui, Kuvi, Saora & Santali tribal languages.

An FRA Atlas has been prepared and published by the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI), Bhubaneswar in February,2020 which covers district-wise GIS map plates of Odisha showing an estimate of potential FRA villages and potential forest area over which individual as well as community rights can be recognized.

## Chapter-XIX

# ODISHA SCHEDULED CASTE & SCHEDULED TRIBE DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CO-OPERATIVE CORPORATION (OSFDC)



Odisha Schedule Caste and Schedule Tribe Development Finance Co-operative Corporation Ltd. (OSFDC) is rendering services for the welfare of the Schedule Caste Section of the State after its formation since 1979.

This corporation receive funds from the Department for implementing various welfare schemes for Socio-economic development of SC & ST people.

### **A ) ADARSH GRAM COMPONENT (PMAGY)**

Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY) is an area-based development programme aimed at integrated development of Scheduled Castes majority villages having total population  $\geq 500$  and with more than 40% population belonging to the Scheduled Castes.



The objective of the scheme is to ensure creation of all requisite infrastructures for socio economic development needs and improvement of 50 identified Socio-economic indicators to eliminate the disparity between SC and non-SC population through

(a) Convergence of the relevant Central and State/UT Government Schemes; and

(b) By taking up identified activities, which do not get covered under the existing Central and State Government Schemes, through 'Gap-filling' funds provided as Central Assistance.

### Status of Phase I

Total No. villages selected in Phase-I	Villages declared Adarsh Gram	
	Year	No. of Villages
169	2022-23	59
	2023-24	17

### Status of Phase II

Total No. villages selected in Phase-II	Villages declared as Adarsh Gram in portal	
	Year	No. of villages
1393	2022-23	297
	2023-24	337

### Financial Status (Rs. in cr)

Sl. No.	Year	Funds Received			Funds Utilized
		Central share	State Share	Total	
1	2022-23		558.68	558.68	141.90 ( utilised amount involves previous years funds also
2	2023-24	4382.53	4382.53	8765.06	
<b>Total</b>		<b>4382.53</b>	<b>4941.21</b>	<b>9323.74</b>	

### B. Grant in Aid Component (SCA to SCSP)

The following schemes are implemented by OSFDC under Grant in Aid.

- (i) Bankable Income Generating Schemes
- (ii) Skill Development Training
- (iii) Infrastructure Development Programme

#### (i) BANKABLE INCOME GENERATING SCHEMES



Income Generating Scheme of OSFDC is meant to generate sustainable income for SC Women Self Help Groups for their sustainable livelihood through Bank Finance. With effect from 05.11.2021 this scheme is being implemented in collaboration with Mission Shakti Department. The very objective of this scheme is to empower the SC Women SHGs at grassroot level by

selecting eligible poor SC women Self Help Groups (SHGs). Schemes like Agriculture, Animal

Husbandry, Fishery, Industries service and business sector, Horticulture are financed through banks.

Under the programme for creation of Assets for the SC beneficiaries / households financial assistance of upto Rs.50,000/- or 50% of the project cost whichever is less can be provided to the SC beneficiaries/households. In case a loan is taken by beneficiaries for such acquisition / creation of assets.



The financial progress made by OSFDC during the year 2022-23 and 2023-24 (till 31.03.2024) are given below: -

(Rs. In Lakh)

Sl.No.	Year	Physical Achievement		Financial Achievement		Remarks
		No. of SHG	No. of Beneficiaries	Amount of loan financed	Amount of Subsidy paid	
1	2022-23	1071	9933	2315.73	991.59	Funds received during 2020-21 has been utilised during 2022-23
2	2023-24	396	3827	1218.83	493.50	Funds received during 2021-22 & 2022-23 has been utilised during 2023-24

## (ii) SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING

Under “PRAYAS” Skill Development program, OSFDC provides Skill Development Training to Scheduled Caste (SC) youths in Odisha, promoting self-employment and wage employment. It delivers high-quality training and organized employment opportunities to ensure livelihood security.



PRAYAS equips youth with skills to enhance employability and entrepreneurial capabilities through short-term, long-term, aspirational, and up-skilling & Special Coaching courses. The goal is to create a sustainable impact by

securing gainful employment and improving the quality of life for SC beneficiaries.

Since the year 2021-22, this program has been implemented by OSFDC as per the PRAYAS guidelines of the ST & SC Development Department, Government of Odisha. The performing PIAs have been renewed & allotted targets for implementing training and placement in Short Term Courses, Long Term Courses, Aspirational Courses, and Up-skilling & Special Coaching Courses for SC Youths in Odisha. The efforts are part of a comprehensive program aimed at enhancing the skills and employability of SC youths in Odisha,

Progress of the Programme ;

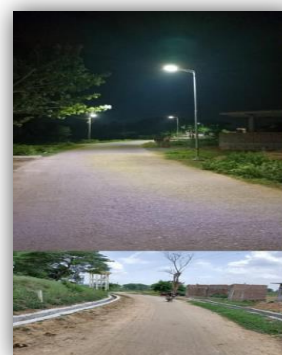
Fund allotment Year	Implemented Year	Training Type	Enrolled	Trained	Placed	Fund Utilised
2020-21	2022-23	Short Term	1566	1416	929	Rs.5,85,18,313/-
2021-22	2022-23	Long Term	60	34	21	Rs.56,17,905/-
<b>Total</b>			<b>1626</b>	<b>1450</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>Rs.6,41,36,218/-</b>
2022-23	2023-24	Short Term	1055	612	447	Rs.2,63,85,135/-
		Long Term	55	0	0	
		WSC (Aspirational Courses)	35	29	19	
2023-24	2023-24	DTET (Up-skilling & Special Coaching)	2000	1316	0	Rs.41,52,000/-
<b>Total</b>			<b>3145</b>	<b>1957</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>Rs.3,05,37,135/-</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>4771</b>	<b>3407</b>	<b>1416</b>	<b>Rs.9,46,73,353/-</b>

### (iii) INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME.

To improve socio-economic developmental indicators by ensuring adequate need-based infrastructure in the SC dominated villages. Up to 30 % of the CA released in a year can be utilized for infrastructural development programs.

#### Features:

- To increase the income of the target population by way of comprehensive livelihood projects having components of income generating schemes, skill development and related infrastructure development may be taken up for reducing the poverty among the target population and bring them above the poverty lines;



- ii. Additional support for villages selected under the Adarsh Gram component for essential needs fulfillment of which may be delayed due to lack of funds from other schemes;
- iii. Development of infrastructure related to the project for common utility purposes. Support for critical infrastructure gaps in other SC majority villages;
- iv. For infrastructure development priority should be given to atrocity prone areas and aspirational districts.
- v. For improvement in common socio-economic indicators of the SC dominated villages, requisite infrastructure programs under the following domains can be undertaken in convergence with other Schemes of the Central/State Governments:
  - a. Drinking Water and Sanitation
  - b. Education
  - c. Electricity and Clean Fuel
  - d. Health and Nutrition
  - e. Digitization

**Progress made so far:**

Sl.No.	Year of Allocation	No. of Projects	Funds Outlay
1	2022-23	103	45976000

**C.HOSTEL COMPONENT**

The construction of hostels is one of the means to enable and encourage students belonging to Scheduled Castes (SC) to attain quality education. Such hostels are immensely beneficial to the students hailing from rural and remote areas of the country. While the component of construction of hostels for SC girls is in operation from the Third Five Year Plan (1961-66), the same for boys was started with effect from the year 1989-90.

The objective of this component is containment and reduction of dropout rate of Scheduled Castes Students, especially for SC girls.

The central government would provide 100% funding for hostels @ Rs. 3.00 lakhs per inmate. In addition to the admissible central assistance under the component, a one-time grant of Rs.5000/- per student would also be provided for making provisions of a cot, a table and a chair for each student and for common facilities like Television, Computer, Kitchen equipment, etc. This one-time grant shall be released after utilization of central assistance provided by the Government for construction of the hostel as per the approved plan.



As far as repair of Hostels are concerned Central assistance for repair of the operational hostels will be provided to implementing agencies, once in every five years after

operationalization of the hostel. It will be limited to a maximum of Rs.5.00 lakh for one hostel of 50 inmates, Rs.10.00 lakh for 100 inmates, Rs.15.00 lakh for 150 inmates and so on.

**Status of ongoing hostels:**

No of Hostel	Functioning	Non Functioning	Under Construction (New)	No. of Inmates
174	130	41	03	8689

**Financial progress**

Sl.No.	Year of Allocation	No. of Projects	Funds Outlay (in Lakhs)	Funds utilised (in lakhs)
1	2023-24	4 new hostels	600.60	145.63

## Chapter-XX

### PROTECTIVE LEGISLATION

In order to eradicate untouchability, provide punishment for untouchability offences and aims at preventing commission of offences by persons other than Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes against Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes two Central Acts i.e. Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and the SCs & STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 have been enacted by Central Govt. and Rules framed there under are being implemented by the State Govt. is the responsibility of Home Department. Following welfare schemes under the said Acts are being implemented by the ST & SC Development Department for welfare of STs & SCs communities.

1. Social Rehabilitation & Monetary Relief to ST/SC victims of atrocity.
2. Cash incentive to Inter-Castes Married couples
3. Legal Aid to ST/SC litigants to provide free legal aid to SC & ST peoples.
4. Travelling & Diet Expenses to the witnesses & victims
5. Training & Awareness Programmes.

#### 1. Social Rehabilitation & Monetary Relief to victims of atrocities

Monetary relief sanctioned to the victims of atrocity during the financial year 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-2022 are shown in the table below:-

2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-2023		2023-2024	
Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2953.75	2828	2719.71	2768	2653.86	2715	2838.85	2647

#### 2. Cash Incentive to Inter-Castes Married Couples

To encourage inter-caste marriage, Rs. 2,50,000/- is being provided to each inter-caste married couple for marriage between caste Hindus and Schedule Castes belonging to Hindu communities for social integration and removal of untouchability. The incentive sanctioned to the inter-caste married couples for the financial year 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 (upto February, 2022) are shown below:

2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-2023		2023-2024	
Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary	Amount	Nos. of Beneficiary
1	2	3	4	5	6	5	6
3671.52	1847	5394.17	2428	2666.83	1186	8472.19	3641

One end to end software have been launched by this Deptt. named "SUMANGAL" and the same is also enrolled under the Odisha Right to Public Service Act,2012. Now, the applicants are applying for cash incentive online through <http://www.sumangal.odisha.gov.in> and the same is procesed for payment of incentive within 60 days from the date of submission of application subject to avaliability of funds.

### **3. Legal Aid to ST/SC litigants to provide free legal aid to SC & ST peoples.**

State Govt. in ST & SC Dev, Deptt. Resolution No.24452/SSD Dt.14.7.2011 have taken steps for opening of Legal Aid Cells at District Hqrs (30), Sub-Divisional Hqrs (46) & Block Hqrs.(314) of the State (totalling 390 cells) for providing free legal services to the members of the SC/ST Communities.

### **4. Traveling & Diet Expenses to the witnesses & victims**

The Traveling & Maintenance expenses to witnesses including victims of atrocities are provided as per the State Govt. Resolution issued vide ST. & SC. Development Department Resolution No.396/ SSD Dt. 7.01.2004.

### **5. Training & Awareness Programmes.**

#### **i. Sensitization, awareness programmes and publicity.**

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Research and Training Institute (SCSTRTI) has been entrusted with generating awareness among SCs &STs about their entitlements, if any, atrocities committed to them and various measures taken for them for better implementation of these acts to prevent them from atrocities.

#### **ii. Training programmes to sensitize police and other officers, in regards to provisions of the Act and the Rules, as amended.**

The BijuPatnaik Police Academy is regularly conducting in-service Training Course on implementation of PCR Act and SC/ST ( PoA) Act,1989 for capacity building of the Police Officer for investigation of crime under SC/ST( PoA)Act,1989 and PCR Act from the rank of ASI to Deputy S.P.

#### **SAACAR (Single Window Application for Atrocity Compensation Assistance and Relief)**

To simplify and increase efficiency in delivery mechanism of investigation of SC/ST atrocity cases and payment of compensation



thereof, one SAACAR (Single Window Application for Atrocity Compensation Assistance and Relief) portal for monitoring SC/ST Atrocity Cases have been launched by this Department on dated.12.10.2022. Earlier, after the registration of FIR involving atrocities against SC/ST, requisition for caste particulars is sent to Tehasildar and the same is submitted back to IO manually. The Executive Magistrate is requested for joint inquiry through the post and accordingly Joint Enquiry Report (JER) is generated manually. A physical copy of the JER is also sent to the Collector, who in turn entrusts the DWO for finalization of the compensation amount. The current JER does not have any bank details of the victims. As a result, from the date of registration of FIR to the actual date of payment of compensation/relief amount it was taking many months to even a year.

- In SAACAR, a requisition goes to the Tehsildar from the CCTNS (Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems) portal to the e-District portal, and caste particulars submitted back to IO through online mode. System Generated JER issued online on the same day which is as per the predetermined fixed template of the SC ST PoA capturing all the recommendations as per the provision. Intimation of all relevant details such as bank details and recommended compensation amount intimated to the welfare department electronically. Seamless integration of different departments like Police, Tehsil, SC/ST Welfare, Health, FSL and IFMS to capture all workflow related to investigation and payment of compensation to the victims is possible electronically. This is huge solace to the victims of the atrocities. This also increased efficiency of the delivery mechanism of Government of Odisha.

#### **Fake Caste Certificate (FCC)**

The PCR Cell of this Department deals with the matter of Fake Caste Certificate (FCC) cases. The Allegations and Grievances received regarding the Fake Caste Certificate cases are forwarded to the respective SLSCs. Each SLSCs is headed by the respective RDCs i.e, (1) the RDC (CD), Cuttack, (2) the RDC (SD), Berhampur and (3) the RDC (ND), Sambalpur. The primary objective/ function of the SLSCs is to enquire into the alleged fake caste certificate cases of ST, SC and SEBC categories and take necessary steps to verify the genuineness/ authenticity of their caste status in accordance with the impersonal procedural Rules. The PCR Cell of this Department observes the status of the FCC cases filed in the respective SLSCs and deals the Court Cases filed against the final orders decided by the SLSCs on the caste status of the FCC Cases.

RDC wise information on Fake Caste Certificate cases upto April, 2024

Up-to-date RDC-Wise information Fake Caste Certificate (ST) for the month ending April, 2024									
SI No.	Name of District	No. of complaint on False Caste Certificate received from different quarters	No. of cases forwarded to Dist. Vigilance Cell for enquiry	No. of enquiry report received from Dist. Vigilance Cell	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court and High Court of Odisha (Court wise)		No. of Cases finalised	No of Cases Pending	Remarks
					No. of cases subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble High Court			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		ST	ST	ST	ST	ST	ST	ST	
1	Balasore	7	7	6		2	3	4	RDC(CD)Cuttack
2	Bhadrak	33	33	12		3	2	31	
3	Cuttack	20	20	7		5	6	14	
4	Jagatsinghpur	2	2			1	1	1	
5	Jajpur	27	27	12		7	11	16	
6	Kendrapara	2	2	1				2	
7	Khordha	26	26	8		5	6	20	
8	Mayurbhanj	29	29	16		10	15	14	
9	Nayagarh	5	5	4		2	3	2	
10	Puri	12	12	9		3	2	10	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>114</b>	
11	Ganjam	15	15	7		2	5	10	RDC(SD)Berhampur
12	Gajapati	21	21	2		0	1	20	
13	Kandhamal	435	435	416	1	141	366	69	
14	Koraput	80	80	13		2	4	76	
15	Rayagada	2	2	1		0	1	1	
16	Nabarangpur	130	130	76		14	43	87	
17	Malkanagiri	17	17	6		0	0	17	
18	Kalahandi	77	77	51		12	19	58	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>338</b>	
19	Angul	5	5	2			2	3	RDC (ND)Sambalpur
20	Bolangir	202	202	152			137	65	
21	Bargarh	90	90	71			11	79	
22	Deogarh	2	2	2			1	1	
23	Dhenkanal	3	3	2			2	1	
24	Jharsuguda	3	3	1			1	2	
25	Keonjhar	3	3	0			0	3	
26	Sambalpur	7	7	1			3	4	
27	Subarnapur	89	89	69			69	20	
28	Sundargarh	12	12	6			2	10	
29	Boudh	4	4	0			0	4	
30	Nuapada	1	1	0			1	0	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>192</b>	
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1361</b>	<b>1361</b>	<b>953</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>644</b>	

Up-to-date RDC-Wise information Fake Caste Certificate (SC) for the month ending April, 2024									
Sl No.	Name of District	No. of complaint on False Caste Certificate received from different quarters	No. of cases forwarded to Dist. Vigilance Cell for enquiry	No. of enquiry report received from Dist. Vigilance Cell	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court and High Court of Odisha (Court wise)		No. of Cases finalised	No of Cases Pending	Remarks
					No. of cases subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble High Court			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		SC	SC	SC	SC	SC	SC	SC	
1	Balasore	36	36	21		2	20	16	RDC(CD)Cuttack
2	Bhadrak	2	2	2			0	2	
3	Cuttack	9	9	4		2	4	5	
4	Jagatsinghpur	7	7	4		1	3	3	
5	Jajpur	6	6	3			3	3	
6	Kendrapara	18	18	12		5	4	14	
7	Khordha	10	10	6		1	6	4	
8	Mayurbhanj	17	17	13		3	11	6	
9	Nayagarh	4	4	2			1	3	
10	Puri	4	4	3		1	2	2	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>58</b>	
11	Ganjam	23	23	4		3	5	18	RDC(SD)Berhampur
12	Gajapati	9	9	1		3	2	7	
13	Kandhamal	373	373	281		43	147	226	
14	Koraput	60	60	5		0	3	57	
15	Rayagada	10	10	1		0	0	10	
16	Nabarangpur	124	124	18		0	6	118	
17	Malkanagiri	7	7	7		0	0	7	
18	Kalahandi	19	19	3		2	2	17	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>460</b>	
19	Angul	0	0	0			0	0	RDC (ND)Sambalpur
20	Bolangir	12	12	7			6	6	
21	Bargarh	3	3	3			0	3	
22	Deogarh	2	2	2			2	0	
23	Dhenkanal	2	2	1			0	2	
24	Jharsuguda	3	3	1			1	2	
25	Keonjhar	4	4	1			0	4	
26	Sambalpur	6	6	6			6	0	
27	Subarnapur	3	3	3			3	0	
28	Sundergarh	1	1	1			1	0	
29	Boudh	0	0	0			0	0	
30	Nuapada	0	0	0			0	0	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>17</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>774</b>	<b>774</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>535</b>	

Up-to-date RDC-Wise information Fake Caste Certificate (SEBC) for the month ending April, 2024									
Sl No.	Name of District	No. of complaint on False Caste Certificate received from different quarters	No. of cases forwarded to Dist. Vigilance Cell for enquiry	No. of enquiry report received from Dist. Vigilance Cell	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court and High Court of Odisha (Court wise)		No. of Cases finalised	No of Cases pending	Remarks
					No. of cases subjudice in the Hon'ble Supreme Court	No. of cases Subjudice in the Hon'ble High Court			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		SEBC	SEBC	SEBC	SEBC	SEBC	SEBC	SEBC	
1	Balasore	1	1	1			1		RDC(CD)Cuttack
2	Bhadrak								
3	Cuttack								
4	Jagatsinghpur								
5	Jajpur								
6	Kendrapara								
7	Khordha	1	1	1			1		
8	Mayurbhanj	1	1	1			1		
9	Nayagarh								
10	Puri								
	<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	
11	Ganjam								RDC(SD) Berhampur
12	Gajapati								
13	Kandhamal								
14	Koraput								
15	Rayagada								
16	Nabarangpur								
17	Malkangiri								
18	Kalahandi								
	<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
19	Angul	0	0	0			0	0	RDC (ND)Sambalpur
20	Bolangir	8	8	3			3	5	
21	Bargarh	2	2	2			0	2	
22	Deogarh	0	0	0			0	0	
23	Dhenkanal	0	0	0			0	0	
24	Jharsuguda	0	0	0			0	0	
25	Keonjhar	0	0	0			0	0	
26	Sambalpur	0	0	0			0	0	
27	Subarnapur	3	3	3			3	0	
28	Sundergarh	0	0	0			0	0	
29	Boudh	0	0	0			0	0	
30	Nuapada	0	0	0			0	0	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>	

## Chapter-XXI

# ODISHA STATE COMMISSION FOR BACKWARD CLASSES (OSCBC)

The Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes under the Chairmanship of Justice Raghunath Biswal, Retired Judge of Hon'ble Orissa High Court was constituted vide Notification No.2961/M & BCW, dated 12.02.2020 in accordance with the provisions contained in the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993.

Other nominated Members of the Commission were

- Dr. Navaneeta Rath, Professor, Department of Sociology, Utkal University
- Dr. Mitali Chinara, Professor, Department of Analytical & Applied Economics , Utkal University
- Dr. Prasanna Kumar Patra, Associate Professor, Department of Anthropology, Utkal University

Shri Vir Vikram Yadav, IAS (RR-1996) at present Principal Secretary to Government, Food Supply & Consumer Welfare Department has been appointed as Member-Secretary of the Commission w.e.f. 12.02.2020 and he assumed the charge on 18.02.2020 (Forenoon).

The Commission could not start functioning in 2020 due to lack of proper infrastructure as well as outbreak of Covid-19 pandemic. The Commission assumed the Office on 02.01.2021 for a term of three years in the newly constructed office building at Toshali Bhawan, Satyanagar, Bhubaneswar.

### ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN BY THE COMMISSION

#### PART-I (LEGAL)

#### 1. EXAMINATION OF REQUESTS FOR INCLUSION OF ANY CLASS OF CITIZENS AS A BACKWARD CLASS IN THE SEBC LIST OF ODISHA AND RECOMMENDATION TO THE STATE GOVERNMENT AS IT DEEMS APPROPRIATE.

During its term from 02.01.2021 to 01.01.2024, 76 Inclusion Cases comprising of 55 new cases, 19 old pending cases and 02 remanded cases were taken up by the Commission. All these cases were examined with the provisions contained in Section-9 & 10 of the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993.

In this context, Public Notifications were brought out in widely circulated English and Odia dailies from time to time inviting public objections/views/suggestions within 45 days from the date of its publication regarding inclusion of the castes or classes which were registered as Inclusion Cases and also regarding exclusion of any caste/classes from the SEBC list of Odisha. Besides, the questionnaire in prescribed

Form-C had been served to the petitioners to submit their reply within stipulated period in the form of an affidavit for collecting quantifiable data for considering their requests as per the regulation of the Commission.

After expiry of the Notice Period and basing on receipt of the reply from the petitioners concerned, the Inclusion Cases were heard by the Commission following the due approved procedure as outlined in the OSCBC Regulations, 1994 and Section-10 of the OSCBC Act, 1993.

The Inclusion Cases pertaining to the synonymous castes and sub-castes of the already enlisted (in the SEBC List of Odisha) castes were disposed of by hearing as per the extant rules and regulations. However, Local Enquiries were conducted by the Commission in different parts of Odisha for examining the requests made by the new castes or classes for their inclusion in the SEBC List of Odisha. In this regard, Local Enquiries had been conducted in the districts like Jagatsinghpur, Ganjam, Balasore, Keonjhar, Sambalpur, Deogarh, Subarnapur, Boudh, Sundargarh, Baragarh, Koraput, Nabrangpur, Rayagada, Gajapati, Khurda & Ganjam.

After thorough examination, 62 numbers of castes/communities pertaining to 56 Inclusion Cases have been recommended to the Government for their inclusion in the SEBC list of Odisha (Annexure-A). 15 cases were dropped/dismitted/disposed by the Commission. 05 Cases could not be heard/ finalized since the term of the Commission ceased on 01.01.2024. Orders have been passed by the outgoing Commission to put up these cases after constitution of the new Commission.

In addition to the above, nearly one hundred numbers of grievance petitions were received during the period and all the petitions have been disposed of timely as per merit.

The detail status of all the Inclusion Cases is placed in Form-II as prescribed under Rule-14 of the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes Rules, 2001.

## **2. AMENDMENT OF THE OSCBC REGULATIONS, 1994 –**

In exercise of powers conferred by sub section (2) of section 8 of the OSCBC Act, 1993, the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes amended the Regulation-18 of the OSCBC Regulations, 1994. As per the amendment, an applicant shall pay Rs. 10 for each page of the certified copy and the said fee shall be collected through court fee or stamp fee. Besides, a separate register shall be maintained for this.

## **3. UPDATE OF PRESCRIBED FORMS USED IN THE COMMISSION –**

Considering the prevalent situations in the society, the Commission updated the Form-C (Questionnaire) meant for gathering information of social and educational status of the castes or classes, as prescribed in Notification No 675/OSCBC dated

15.07.1994 also known as the OSCBC Regulations, 1994. Besides, some minor changes were effected in other Forms as per the requirement of the Commission.

#### **4. REVISION OF CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFICATION OF SOCIALLY AND EDUCATIONALLY BACKWARD CLASSES IN ODISHA –**

Periodic revision of the list of socially and Educationally Backward Classes of Odisha has been entrusted to the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes in accordance with the provisions contained in the OSCBC Act, 1993. Taking into account the socio-economic as well as educational condition of the different castes or classes in Odisha and after long deliberation, the Commission revised the criteria for identifying Socially and Educationally Backward Classes in Odisha and the same is approved by the Commission on 31<sup>st</sup> May 2023.

#### **PART-II (SEBC SURVEY)**

The Government of Odisha in S.T. & S.C. Dev., M & B.C.W Department approved the proposal of the Odisha State Commission for Backward Classes vide notification No: 4860 dated 26.02.2021 and has notified for conduct of Survey of social and educational conditions of the people belonging to backward classes in Odisha by the Commission.

#### **Survey -2021**

In the year 2021, a host of major preparatory activities for the survey was undertaken by the Commission as mentioned below:

- (i) Deployment of Senior Officers of the Government of Odisha to OSCBC for survey works, appointment of District Observers, SLMTs at Office of OSCBC and appointment of District Nodal Officers (DNOs), Nodal Officers of Municipal Corporations (NO MCs), Deputy District Nodal Officers (Dy.DNOs), Deputy Nodal Officers of Municipal Corporations (Dy. NOs MCs), District Level Master Trainers (DLMTs), Block Level Master Trainers (BLMTs), Supervisors, Enumerators at District/MC level.
- (ii) Preparation of Database and Google doc format for information management and registration of Officers such as District Nodal Officers/ Deputy District Nodal Officer/ Block Nodal Officers etc.
- (iii) Preliminary meetings were held on regular basis during February-March 2021 for finalisation of ICR Form Survey, Compendium of Instructions for Survey, Handbook for Enumerators and Supervisors for Survey and Training Module.
- (iv) Training of Observers/ SLMTs and DLMTs at SIRD, Bhubaneswar in the 1<sup>st</sup> week of April 2021 regarding the schedule and procedure of the Survey.

- (v) Directorate of printing stationery & publication Odisha, Government Printing Press, (OGP) Cuttack was engaged for printing of ICR survey forms to capture the survey data of the targeted people with maximum accuracy within a stipulated timeframe.
- (vi) Printing of ICR survey forms, Compendium of Instructions for Survey, Handbook for Enumerators and Supervisors for Survey, SEBC Code, Color Coded Envelopes was completed by the Directorate of printing stationery & publication Odisha, Government Printing Press, (OGP) Cuttack by 1<sup>st</sup> week of April 2021.
- (vii) Officials of the Commission were assigned with the duties of logistics arrangement and smooth despatch of Sample ICR survey forms, Compendium of Instructions for Survey and Handbook for Enumerators and Supervisors for Survey for training to the Districts and MCs as per the requirement. This was successfully completed in the first week of April 2021. Blank ICR Survey Forms and Jute bags for carrying Enumerators kit were collected by the Districts and Municipal Corporations from the office of the Commission.
- (viii) Vendor management for hiring of Consultancy services and IEC activities for Survey activities.
- (ix) Preparatory works for IEC activities for Survey like preparation of Radio Jingles, facilitation for creation of 6 numbers of short duration promo films, creation and up-dation of the OSCBC website.

However due to the resurgence of COVID 19 cases in Odisha and in adherence to the instructions communicated vide Order No. 1968 dated 15.04.2021 of Special Relief Commissioner, Odisha, the survey activities were suspended by the Commission vide its Office Order No. 370 dated 16.04.2021 until further instructions in the interest of public safety.

### **Survey-2023**

After normalcy was restored with complete relaxations of the COVID restrictions and protocols, the Commission proposed the S.T. & S.C. Dev., M & BCW Department to resume the survey and the proposal was accepted and communicated vide S.T. & S.C. Dev., M & BCW Department letter No. 845 dated 18.01.2023.

After resumption of survey of social and educational conditions of the people belonging to the backward classes in January 2023, the following activities were undertaken by the Commission.

**(i) Deputation of Senior Officers-**

The Senior Officers of the Government of Odisha who were associated with the preparatory Survey activities in the year 2021, were deputed against the Commission for their appointment as State Level Master Trainers (SLMTs) and Observers. The State Level Master Trainers (SLMTs) facilitated the updating of the prepared guidelines, revised Compendium of Instructions for Survey and Handbook for Enumerators and Supervisors for Survey, design of ICR Survey Forms and survey materials, reporting formats, and training materials as well as were involved in supervision of the entire Survey process.

**(ii) Two rounds of Training-** training to 27,879 numbers of Anganwadi Workers, Tax Collectors, Teachers and Ward Officers engaged as Enumerators and to 2,931 numbers of Anganwadi Workers, ICDS Supervisors, Senior Teachers engaged as Supervisors at the Block and ULB level for their practice and experience in handling survey forms was successfully completed in two phases.

**(iii) Identification of Survey centres-** 25,750 numbers of Survey centres having all assured minimum facilities that were easily accessible by the targeted group of population for their participation in the Survey were successfully identified. Such centres were also opened in the remote areas of the State so as to ensure maximum participation.

**(iv) IEC activities** - print media, online media, broadcast media and celebrities were engaged by the Commission for wide publicity to ensure mass participation in the survey process. The 06 numbers of short duration promo films (prepared during 2021) were updated and a new short duration film was also prepared.

**(v) IT interventions-** Survey portal and Mobile App were developed by the Commission. All the Officials engaged in survey works were registered in the survey portal. Geo tagging was done for all the survey centres and all the Supervisors through the dedicated Mobile App designed by the Commission. Daily attendance and information regarding survey was provided by the Enumerators/Supervisors through the dedicated Mobile App.

The Observers appointed by the Commission submitted real time online reports on the progress of the survey works for each of the seven numbers of field visits to their assigned Districts and MCs through the Mobile App designed by the Commission.

- (vi) **Vendor selection** - The Commission engaged NICSI for IT interventions and NSIC for data scanning and validation. E & Y LLP was engaged for consultancy services.
- (vii) **Printing of ICR survey forms**-One Crore ICR survey forms were printed through Government Printing Press.
- (viii) **Conduct of survey**- The process of enumeration for survey was done in two modes-
  - (a) Offline mode– (i) At 25,750 numbers of Survey centres for the period- 01.05.2023 till 18.05.2023 and (ii) Through Door to Door Survey for the period- 18.05.2023 to 06.06.2023.
  - (b) Online mode-through official website and Survey App. Further targeted individuals also visited MO SEVA Kendras to provide relevant data through online. The process of participation in survey through online mode started from 01.05.2023 and continued till 10.07.2023.

Due to Model Code of Conduct for By-elections, the survey (offline mode) was conducted for Jharsuguda from 16.05.2023 to 11.06.2023 and survey (online mode) from 16.05.2023 to 11.07.2023 respectively.
- (ix) **Scanning** –A total number of 56,19,406 filled-in ICR Survey Forms were scanned through 40 numbers of highspeed ICR Forms canners and 50 numbers of computers / laptops by a Dedicated team of 214 technical personnel placed at 10 Zonal Scanning Centres and the entire process of scanning was completed by 25.06.2023.
- (x) **Data Digitisation**- Digitisation of the surveyed data was done at the Central Digitization Centre at Nirman Soudh, Bhubaneswar by 350 numbers of trained personnel through IT equipment i.e. 09 numbers of Servers and 176 numbers of Computers. Two Tier Quality check was conducted to ensure the accuracy of the scanned Meta data.
- (xi) **Data validation**- The data validation process was conducted to ensure the correctness of the digitised data and de duplication of same by comparing the same with the data incorporated in the filled in ICR survey forms at 429 numbers of validation centres. Random data checks were conducted by the SLMTs to ensure correctness of data. Further, the surveyed individuals received data submitted by them during enumeration through WhatsApp and/ or SMS on their registered mobile numbers. The process of data validation started from 01.07.2023 and completed on 10.07.2023.

(xii) **Objections received and disposal thereof-** The process of invitation of objections against the draft data started from 11<sup>th</sup> July 2023 and ended on 24<sup>th</sup> July 2023 for the State. Invitation of objections was sought from the public through publication of notice in two widely circulated Odia Dailies. Disposal of all the received objections was completed by 25<sup>th</sup> July 2023.

The entire process of survey was completed peacefully in the whole state of Odisha.

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